UNITED STATES COURT OF APPEALS FOR THE NINTH CIRCUIT

IN RE ADOBE SYSTEMS, INC., APPLE, INC., GOOGLE, INC., and INTEL CORP.

ADOBE SYSTEMS, INC., APPLE INC., GOOGLE INC., and INTEL CORP., Defendants-Petitioners,

V.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, Respondent,

MICHAEL DEVINE, MARK FICHTNER, SIDDHARTH HARIHARAN, BRANDON MARSHALL, and DANIEL STOVER, Plaintiffs-Real Parties in Interest.

From the United States District Court Northern District of California The Honorable Lucy H. Koh, Presiding Case No. 5:11-2509-LHK

PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS

Robert A. Van Nest (State Bar No. 84065) Daniel Purcell (State Bar No. 191424) Eugene M. Paige (State Bar No. 202849) Justina Sessions (State Bar No. 270914) KEKER & VAN NEST LLP 633 Battery Street San Francisco, CA 94111

Telephone: (415) 391-5400 Facsimile: (415) 397-7188

Attorneys for Defendant and Petitioner Google Inc.

Additional petitioners and counsel listed on signature pages

CORPORATE DISCLOSURE STATEMENTS

Adobe Systems, Inc. submits the following corporate disclosure statement pursuant to Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 26.1: (1) Adobe is a publicly held corporation; (2) Adobe does not have any parent corporation; and (3) no publicly held corporation owns ten percent or more of Adobe's stock.

Dated: September 4, 2014 JONES DAY

By: /s/ David C. Kiernan

David C. Kiernan

Robert A. Mittelstaedt Craig A. Waldman 555 California Street, 26th Floor San Francisco, CA 94104

Telephone: (415) 626-3939 Facsimile: (415) 875-5700

Attorneys for Defendant and Petitioner Adobe

Systems, Inc.

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Apple Inc. submits the following corporate disclosure statement pursuant to Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 26.1: (1) Apple is a publicly held corporation; (2) Apple does not have any parent corporation; and (3) no publicly held corporation owns ten percent or more of Apple's stock.

Dated: September 4, 2014 O'MELVENY & MYERS LLP

By: /s/ Michael F. Tubach

Michael F. Tubach

George A. Riley Christina J. Brown

Two Embarcadero Center, 28th Floor

San Francisco, CA 94111 Telephone: (415) 984-8700 Facsimile: (415) 984-8701

Attorneys for Defendant and Petitioner Apple

Inc.

Google Inc. submits the following corporate disclosure statement pursuant to Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 26.1: (1) Google Inc. is a publicly held corporation; (2) Google Inc. does not have any parent corporation; and (3) no publicly held corporation owns ten percent or more of Google Inc.'s stock.

Dated: September 4, 2014 KEKER & VAN NEST LLP

By: /s/ Robert A. Van Nest

Robert A. Van Nest

Daniel Purcell Eugene M. Paige Justina Sessions 633 Battery Street San Francisco, CA 94111 Telephone: (415) 391-5400 Facsimile: (415) 397-7188

Edward D. Johnson Lee H. Rubin Donald M. Falk MAYER BROWN LLP Two Palo Alto Square 3000 El Camino Real, Suite 300 Palo Alto, CA 94306-2112 Telephone: (650) 331-2057 Facsimile: (650) 331-4557

Attorneys for Defendant and Petitioner Google Inc.

Intel Corporation submits the following corporate disclosure statement pursuant to Federal Rule of Appellate Procedure 26.1: (1) Intel is a publicly held corporation; (2) Intel does not have any parent corporation; and (3) no publicly held corporation owns 10% or more of Intel's stock.

Dated: September 4, 2014 MUNGER TOLLES & OLSON, LLP

By: /s/ Gregory P. Stone

Gregory P. Stone

Bradley S. Phillips Steven M. Perry

355 South Grand Avenue, 35th Floor

Los Angeles, CA 90071-1560

Telephone: (213) 683-9100 Facsimile: (213) 687-3702

Attorneys for Defendant and Petitioner Intel

Corporation

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INTRODUCTION

The district court committed clear legal error by creating an unprecedented and rigid test for preliminary settlement approval in class actions, and then using that test to reject a \$324.5 million cash settlement reached after months of vigorous arm's-length negotiation among experienced counsel aided by the mediation services of a highly regarded former federal judge. There was no suggestion that the settlement was collusive; indeed, it was the highest settlement ever in an employment antitrust case and satisfied any preliminary approval test ever articulated by any federal court. But the court nonetheless refused to grant preliminary approval, because it deemed the settlement to be 16% lower than a "benchmark" supposedly set by earlier settlements by different defendants under entirely different circumstances. This formulaic approach to the parties' settlement contravenes Rodriguez v. West Publishing Corp., 563 F.3d 948, 965 (9th Cir. 2009), where this Court explained that it "put[s] a good deal of stock in the product of an arms-length, non-collusive, negotiated resolution, and [has] never prescribed a particular formula by which that outcome must be tested." *Id.* at 965.

The district court's benchmark formula impermissibly substituted the court's assessment of the value of the case for that of the parties who have been litigating the case for more than three years, and in particular plaintiffs' counsel, who were "sobered" by the "very real risks" faced at trial after devoting "a lot of work

product" to analyzing the case and conducting jury research and other "empirical work"—none of which the district court had access to. 6/19/14 Tr. 25:4-17, 75:1-5, 75:15-21. The district court dismissed the parties' analysis of the trial risks, suggesting that, unless the settlement was larger, the court had—in its own words—"wasted years on this case." *Id.* at 74:25. This too directly contradicts *Rodriguez*, which held that "'[p]arties represented by competent counsel are better positioned than courts to produce a settlement that fairly reflects each party's expected outcome in litigation." 563 F.3d at 967 (alteration in original) (citation omitted).

The proper standard for preliminary approval of class settlements is an important issue of first impression on which this Court's guidance is urgently needed. The court below acknowledged the "relatively scant appellate authority regarding the standard." Dkt. 974 ("Op.") at 5:23-25. In fact, this Court has never articulated the standard governing preliminary approval, and has no ready means of addressing this interlocutory issue except through mandamus. Because the order is not appealable, mandamus is the parties' only avenue of relief in order to avoid clear and irreparable damage. *Douglas v. U.S. Dist. Court*, 495 F.3d 1062, 1065-66 (9th Cir. 2007).

The district court's stunning decision has attracted substantial national media attention. The decision forces plaintiffs to seek to obtain a unanimous jury verdict

and a damages award exceeding \$324.5 million—even though their jury research tells them there is a very real chance that they and the absent class members will receive nothing. And it forces defendants to abandon the bargain they reached with highly qualified class counsel and instead either pay at least an additional \$55.5 million to settle the case or proceed to trial. This Court should therefore issue the writ because, without mandamus, this fundamentally erroneous ruling will evade appellate review, irreparably harm plaintiffs, absent class members, and defendants, and make it significantly more difficult for parties to settle class actions in future cases.

BACKGROUND

Plaintiffs allege that defendants (Pixar, Lucasfilm, Apple, Adobe, Google, Intuit, and Intel) entered into an illegal conspiracy not to "cold-call" each other's technical employees, and seek treble damages under federal and state antitrust laws. Plaintiffs do not allege that the defendants agreed not to *hire* one another's employees. Rather, the alleged conspiracy comprised only six two-party "do-not-cold-call" agreements; and no defendant was involved in more than three, so that most employees had unlimited access to cold calls from most other defendants.

After initially denying class certification in April 2013 without prejudice (Dkt. 382), the court granted certification in October 2013 after plaintiffs narrowed their class definition to "technical employees" (Dkt. 531). While plaintiffs' second

certification motion was pending, plaintiffs settled with Lucasfilm and Pixar for \$9 million, and with Intuit for \$11 million (Dkts. 501, 540), which the court approved (Dkt. 540).

The district court has since denied defendants' summary judgment motions (Dkt. 771) and granted in part and denied in part defendants' motions to exclude plaintiffs' expert testimony (Dkt. 788). Trial was set for May 27, 2014. Dkt. 388.

In May 2014, after months of vigorous arm's-length negotiations, plaintiffs executed a settlement agreement with the remaining defendants. Dkt. 921 ¶ 10. The agreement (Dkt. 921 Ex.1) resolves all remaining claims in exchange for \$324,500,000, to be paid directly to all identified class members. Plaintiffs termed this "the second largest settlement of employee class action claims in history" and "(by far) the largest recovery ever achieved in an employee class action bringing claims under the antitrust laws, on either an aggregate or net per class member basis." Dkt. 938, at 2:12-15. Plaintiffs were required to seek preliminary approval of the settlement by the district court, after which the class would be notified and invited to comment on or object to the settlement before the court finally approved the settlement. *See Rodriguez*, 563 F.3d at 957-58.

On June 19, 2014, the district court held a hearing to consider plaintiffs' motion for preliminary approval of the settlement. Dkts. 920, 948. During the hearing, plaintiffs explained they had "done jury testing," through which they

"f[ou]nd out what jurors think about this evidence, what jurors think about these class members, what jurors think about certain themes that are in this case." 6/19/14 Tr. 24:23-25:3. The results of the jury testing cast serious doubt on the viability of plaintiffs' claims at trial; counsel explained that "you have to be sobered when you do that kind of testing to understand that while you might have great evidence, you have to overcome a number of hurdles." *Id.* at 25:4-6.

Plaintiffs walked the court through "several" of these hurdles. 6/19/14 Tr. 25:7-17. "There is a risk that a jury might find that there was no overarching conspiracy"; "the jury might conclude that these workers are among the most desirable in the world and they had plenty of other opportunity to go other places besides these seven companies"; and jurors might not "like plaintiffs' damages model," or "think that it wasn't \$3 billion," but "less than \$1 billion," or "some small fraction." *Id.* at 26:21-27:9. Plaintiffs acknowledged the "risk that a jury, hearing a whole bunch of different experts, even as we think we have the best one, might come to a different perspective." *Id.* at 27:24-28:1. Plaintiffs thus explained that "[i]t is not without ... great concern that we would ever take this case to trial." *Id.* at 64:2-3.

Plaintiffs also explained that they had analyzed "other cases that have been tried in this district recently where people got less than what we're getting as a percentage of exposure." 6/19/14 Tr. 28:12-14. "And the problem for us, as we

look at what's happened in other antitrust trials in the last decade, is that it's very, very tough." *Id.* at 25:15-17. Indeed, plaintiffs explained, in antitrust cases involving actual price-fixing agreements and criminal guilty pleas—neither of which were present here—plaintiffs have received tiny fractions of the damages they sought. *Id.* at 28:12-31:1; *see also* Dkt. 921 Exs. 4-5 (analysis of other jury awards).

Despite plaintiffs' grave concerns with their case, on August 8, 2014, the court denied preliminary approval of the settlement. Dkt. 974. The court admitted that "Class counsel have been zealous advocates for the Class." Op. 31:21; see also Dkt. 531, at 7:20-21 (class counsel "have vigorously prosecuted this action and will continue to do so"). But the court found that "the total settlement amount falls below the range of reasonableness" because, according to the court, "Class members recover less on a proportional basis from the instant settlement with Remaining Defendants than from the settlement with the Settled Defendants a year ago." Op. 6:21-7:2. The court reasoned that the "Remaining Defendants are alleged to have received 95% of the benefit of the anti-solicitation agreements and to have caused 95% of the harm suffered by the Class in terms of lost compensation," and that, as a result, the "Remaining Defendants should have to pay at least 95% of the damages" Op. 9:2-5. Because the court's novel and unsupported test and calculation purportedly required a settlement of "at least \$380

million" (Op. 7:22 & n.8)—\$55.5 million more than the parties agreed to—the court rejected the settlement.

ISSUE PRESENTED

Whether a district court can, at the preliminary approval stage, reject an arm's-length, non-collusive class action settlement reached by experienced counsel after extensive discovery, motions practice, and jury research, which exposed very real risks that compelled plaintiffs to settle their claims, because the court deems the settlement amount 16% too low based on a rigid and formulaic comparison with an earlier settlement.

RELIEF SOUGHT

Petitioners seek a writ of mandamus directing the district court (1) to vacate its order denying preliminary approval of the \$324.5 million settlement and (2) to enter an order granting preliminary approval.

LEGAL STANDARD

This Court weighs five factors in determining whether to grant a writ of mandamus under the All Writs Act, 28 U.S.C. § 1651:

- (1) The party seeking the writ has no other adequate means, such as a direct appeal, to attain the relief he or she desires. (2) The petitioner will be damaged or prejudiced in a way not correctable on appeal.
- (3) The district court's order is clearly erroneous as a matter of law.
- (4) The district court's order is an oft-repeated error, or manifests a persistent disregard of the federal rules. (5) The district court's order raises new and important problems, or issues of law of first impression.

Douglas v. U.S. Dist. Court, 495 F.3d 1062, 1065-66 (9th Cir. 2007) (quoting Bauman v. U.S. Dist. Court, 557 F.2d 650, 654-55 (9th Cir. 1977)) (internal quotation marks omitted). Not every element of the mandamus standard must be satisfied in order to warrant a writ. Valenzuela—Gonzalez v. U.S. Dist. Court, 915 F.2d 1276, 1279 (9th Cir. 1990) ("all five factors need not be satisfied at once"). "Exercise of [the Court's] supervisory mandamus authority is particularly appropriate when an important question of law would repeatedly evade review because of the collateral nature of the issue." In re Cement Antitrust Litig., 688 F.2d 1297, 1304 (9th Cir. 1982).

ARGUMENT

I. The Preliminary Approval Standard Will Evade Appellate Review and Harm the Parties Absent Mandamus

It is beyond dispute that the issues presented by the district court's order denying preliminary approval will evade appellate review, and that the parties will be irreparably harmed, absent this Court's issuing a writ of mandate. These elements of the mandamus standards are therefore clearly established here.

Petitioners lack any other means to secure relief. The order denying preliminary approval is not a final judgment or otherwise appealable. And unlike evidentiary rulings and other orders that are reviewable once a final judgment is entered, there will never be an opportunity for a direct appeal of a district court's order denying preliminary approval of a settlement.

Moreover, if the court's errors are not corrected now, the \$324.5 million settlement will be nullified and the resources spent in negotiating it will be wasted. Either the parties will proceed to trial—where either defendants or plaintiffs, including the absent class members, will lose—or defendants under the court's order will be forced to pay at least an additional \$55.5 million above the record-setting amount they agreed to. *United States v. Pitney Bowes, Inc.*, 25 F.3d 66, 72 (2d Cir. 1994) ("jeopardizing a settlement agreement causes prejudice to the existing parties to a lawsuit").

The prejudice to defendants would be particularly acute here, where the district court reached extensive "ultimate conclusions on the contested issues of fact and law which underlie the merits of the dispute." *Officers for Justice v. Civil Serv. Comm'n*, 688 F.2d 615, 625 (9th Cir. 1982). The court's comments expressing its view on hotly contested issues such as the supposed culpability of defendants and their executives (Op. 11-16) were widely reported in the press including on the front page of *The New York Times* (David Streitfeld, *Court Rejects Deal on Hiring in Silicon Valley*, N.Y. Times, Aug. 8, 2014, at A-1 (lede: "There is 'ample evidence' that Silicon Valley was engaged in 'an overarching conspiracy' against its own employees, a federal judge said on Friday, and it should either pay dearly or have its secrets exposed at trial")), threatening to taint the jury pool and prejudice defendants' ability to obtain a fair trial.

II. The District Court's New Preliminary Approval Standard Is Clearly Erroneous as a Matter of Law

The parties negotiated at arm's length for several months aided by an experienced mediator. Their efforts were informed by a fully developed evidentiary record, careful analysis of the risks of trial, and rigorous jury testing. From this process, the parties agreed to the highest recorded settlement amount of any employee class action under the antitrust laws. It was clearly erroneous for the district court to substitute its own judgment for the parties' agreement based on an unprecedented "benchmark" analysis. The error is magnified here, where the analysis is untethered to—and actually at odds with—plaintiffs' counsel's calculation of the class's likelihood of recovery.

A. The Court's Benchmark Standard for Preliminary Approval Is Clear Legal Error

This Court requires district courts at the *final* approval stage to "explore[] comprehensively all factors" in determining whether to approve a class action settlement, including:

(1) the strength of plaintiff's case; (2) the risk, expense, complexity, and likely duration of further litigation; (3) the risk of maintaining class action status throughout the trial; (4) the amount offered in settlement; (5) the extent of discovery completed, and the stage of the proceedings; (6) the experience and views of counsel; (7) the presence of a governmental participant; and (8) the reaction of the class members to the proposed settlement.

Rodriguez, 563 F.3d at 963-64 (citation and internal quotation marks omitted). This Court has never articulated the standard for *preliminary* approval of a class

settlement, but numerous district courts around the country have held that "[t]he standards for preliminary approval" of a class settlement "are not as stringent as those applied for final approval." *In re Crocs, Inc. Sec. Litig.*, 2013 WL 4547404, at *3 (D. Colo. Aug. 28, 2013); *see also Gates v. Rohm & Haas Co.*, 248 F.R.D. 434, 444 n.7 (E.D. Pa. 2008) ("the standard for preliminary approval is far less demanding" than the standard for final approval); Dkt. 920, at 14-15 (citing several cases). At the preliminary stage, district courts in this Circuit focus on whether a settlement agreement "was the product of non-collusive, arms' length negotiations conducted by capable and experienced counsel." *In re Netflix Privacy Litig.*, 2013 WL 1120801, at *4 (N.D. Cal. Mar. 18, 2013).

In undertaking the approval analysis, this Court has emphasized the "strong judicial policy that favors settlement, particularly where complex class action litigation is concerned." *In re Syncor ERISA Litig.*, 516 F.3d 1095, 1101 (9th Cir. 2008). "[V]oluntary conciliation and settlement are the preferred means of dispute resolution," and "[t]his is especially true in complex class action litigation." *Officers for Justice*, 688 F.2d at 625.

The Court recognized in *Rodriguez* that, even in the context of more stringent *final* approval, "[p]arties represented by competent counsel are better positioned than courts to produce a settlement that fairly reflects each party's expected outcome in litigation." 563 F.3d at 967 (quoting *In re Pac. Enters. Sec.*

Litig., 47 F.3d 373, 378 (9th Cir. 1995)). Courts must "put a good deal of stock in the product of an arms-length, non-collusive negotiated resolution" and defer to a "private consensual decision of the parties." *Id.* at 965. The possibility "that the settlement could have been better ... does not mean the settlement presented was not fair, reasonable or adequate." *Hanlon v. Chrysler Corp.*, 150 F.3d 1011, 1027 (9th Cir. 1998). As a result, a court's role in approving a settlement is not to demand the *best* or *highest* settlement amount; rather, review "must be limited to the extent necessary to reach a reasoned judgment that the agreement is not the product of fraud or overreaching by, or collusion between, the negotiating parties" and is on the whole reasonable and fair. *Officers for Justice*, 688 F.2d at 625 (emphasis added).

District courts in this Circuit, following *Rodriguez*, have therefore "afforded a *presumption* of fairness and reasonableness [to] a settlement agreement where that agreement was the product of non-collusive, arms' length negotiations conducted by capable and experienced counsel." *In re Netflix*, 2013 WL 1120801, at *4 (emphasis added); *see also City P'ship Co. v. Atl. Acquisition Ltd. P'ship*, 100 F.3d 1041, 1043 (1st Cir. 1996) ("When sufficient discovery has been provided and the parties have bargained at arms-length, there is a presumption in favor of the settlement"). This presumption is particularly appropriate at the preliminary approval stage because class members will have an opportunity to

lodge objections before final approval.

No one has alleged any sort of collusion in agreeing to the settlement, yet the court improperly failed to presume the settlement was fair and reasonable. It was undisputed below that the settlement was "the result of years of hard-fought litigation and arm's length negotiations conducted by capable counsel with extensive experience in class action litigation" (Dkt. 938, at 2:6-8), and the objector specifically explained that he was not arguing that plaintiffs "got together with the defendants and entered into a collusive settlement" (6/19/14 Tr. 10:4-7). The court nonetheless disapproved the settlement based on a formula of its own creation that imposed a strict requirement that the settlements be somehow proportionate to earlier settlements by different defendants.1 And the court's formula ignored that those defendants were jointly and severally liable for any judgment, with no right to contribution, so that a strict proportionality approach based on "liability shares" is especially misguided and unprincipled.

The court's rigid and formulaic approach to preliminary settlement approval unduly narrowed the "range of possible approval" (Manual for Complex Litigation

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¹ The court appears to have adopted the recommendation of the objector, who asked the court to avoid the "historically ... deferential approach" of "postponing close scrutiny of proposed settlements until final approval," and instead because "this case is ... highly visible[,] ... take an active role in evaluating the merits of [the] proposed settlement[s] early in the process." Dkt. 934, at 7:10-22.

(3d) § 30.41 (1995)), and directly contravenes *Rodriguez*; indeed, no other federal appellate court has adopted the standard in the context of either preliminary or final approval. It is a clear error of law warranting mandamus review.

The court began by comparing the present settlement to an earlier settlement involving much smaller defendants (Op. 7 n.8), which, given their relative size, may have settled for an amount reflecting their anticipated litigation expenses rather than any measure of share or fault. The court improperly assumed the defendants were comparable, ignored joint and several liability, and brushed aside the developments that came later in the case and were unfavorable to plaintiffs' position. Instead, the court determined that the present defendants had agreed to pay proportionally less than the defendants that settled previously. Op. 6-7. Applying this unprecedented proportionality approach, the court concluded that the \$324.5 million settlement fell outside the "range of reasonableness" because defendants "should, at a minimum, pay their fair share as compared to the Settled Defendants." Op. 6:11-20, 31:25.

The district court purportedly premised its formulaic test on a Pennsylvania district court decision (*In re Nat'l Football League Players' Concussion Injury Litig.*, 961 F. Supp. 2d 708, 714 (E.D. Pa. 2014)), which in turn was based on cases holding that the "primary" or "most important" factor concerning the fairness of a settlement is "plaintiffs' expected recovery balanced against the value of the

settlement offer" (*In re Tableware Antitrust Litig.*, 484 F. Supp. 2d 1078, 1080 (N.D. Cal. 2007); *see also Synfuel Techs., Inc. v. DHL Express (USA), Inc.*, 463 F.3d 646, 653 (7th Cir. 2006)). None of those decisions, however, involved any comparisons with other defendants' settlements.

Moreover, in *Rodriguez*, this Court specifically considered and rejected a formulaic approach, and reaffirmed that it has "never prescribed a particular formula" for approving settlements. 563 F.3d at 965 (emphasis added); see also id. ("[T]he factors we identify, are somewhat different [from *Synfuel*]. We put a good deal of stock in the product of an arms-length, non-collusive, negotiated resolution, ... and have never prescribed a particular formula by which that outcome must be tested.") (citation omitted). As this Court has cautioned elsewhere, "that a proposed settlement may only amount to a fraction of the potential recovery does not, in and of itself, mean that the proposed settlement is grossly inadequate and should be disapproved." *Linney v. Cellular Alaska P'ship*, 151 F.3d 1234, 1242 (9th Cir. 1998) (quoting *City of Detroit v. Grinnell Corp.*, 495 F.2d 448, 455 & n.2 (2d Cir. 1974)).

"Settlement negotiation is an art more than a science" (*Ellis v. Midland Credit Mgmt.*, *Inc.*, 2012 WL 4356251, at *5 (D. Colo. Sept. 24, 2012)), and involves a nuanced and delicate exercise of judgment that should not be second-guessed de novo by a court. But the district court here did just that, substituting a

formulaic test and the court's own view of the likely outcome at trial for the judgment of plaintiffs' counsel, whose "jury testing," "work product," and "empirical work" left counsel "sobered" by the "very, very real risks" faced at trial. 6/19/14 Tr. 25:4-17, 63:22-25, 75:1-5, 75:15-21. The court also nullified months of settlement negotiations directed by an experienced and respected mediator, former federal district judge Layn Phillips (Dkt. 921 ¶ 10), despite this Court's recognition of the value of an experienced mediator (*see Rodriguez*, 563 F.3d at 965-66), who helps ensure that settlement negotiations are "fair and conducted at arm's length" (*In re Payment Card Interchange Fee & Merch. Disc. Antitrust Litig.*, 986 F. Supp. 2d 207, 221 (E.D.N.Y. 2013)).

The practical effect of the court's approach was to impose a variant of a "most favored nations" rule for prior settlements—even though the parties had not negotiated or come to such an agreement. Rather than entitling the prior-settling parties to refunds based on later settlements, the court's rule forces later-settling parties to essentially match the amounts agreed to in the earlier settlements. Most favored nations arrangements have been "disfavored because they often inhibit compromise and settlement." *Cintech Indus. Coatings, Inc. v. Bennett Indus., Inc.*, 85 F.3d 1198, 1203 (6th Cir. 1996); *see also* 4 *Newberg on Class Actions* § 12:2 (4th ed. 2014) ("most favored nations clauses are criticized in the Manual for Complex Litigation and are rarely included in most class settlement agreements").

And the imposition of a similar arrangement by a court falls entirely outside the proper judicial role: "[T]he power to approve or reject a settlement negotiated by the parties before trial does not authorize the court to require the parties to accept a settlement to which they have not agreed." *Evans v. Jeff D.*, 475 U.S. 717, 726 (1986).

To make matters worse, the district court's calculation of the proportionality among the settlements was incorrect. The court reasoned that defendants "received 95% of the benefit ... and ... caused 95% of the harm." Op. 9:2-3. But plaintiffs' damages model actually shows that only 94.386% of the damages are payable to the present defendants' employees, so that even under the trial court's flawed methodology, the "appropriate benchmark settlement" would be \$336.2 million, just slightly higher than the actual settlement amount. Dkt. 964-5, at 380 Ex. V.3 (setting out alleged damages payable to each defendant's employees). In addition, using the same formula, the *net* amount of the present settlement that will be paid to class members is proportionately greater than it was in the prior settlement, because the proportion of the previous settlement that was allotted for fees and expenses is significantly higher than in the present settlement. Dkt. 916, at 5 (granting \$8.7 million, or more than 40%, of the \$20 million total for fees and expenses). In substituting its formulaic calculation for the judgment of the parties, the court therefore not only committed legal error but also misapplied its own erroneous standard. The court's mathematical errors highlight the fundamentally inappropriate nature of the court's formulaic methodology, given that very small changes in the inputs to the formula can mean the difference between approving and rejecting a settlement even if all the other factors overwhelmingly favor approval.

B. The Arm's-Length Settlement Reached by the Parties Is Reasonable and Should Be Given Preliminary Approval

Under a proper analysis, the settlement between the parties unquestionably should have received preliminary approval.

Two of the relevant factors in final settlement approval—the risk, expense, complexity, and likely duration of further litigation; and the extent of discovery completed and the stage of the proceedings (*Rodriguez*, 563 F.3d at 966-67)—weigh strongly in favor of approval, given how much time and resources had been devoted to the case, and the complex trial that lay ahead. The significant "experience ... of counsel" also is indisputable. *Id.* at 963. And the fact that the settlement here "is in cash, not in kind" is a particularly "good indicator of a beneficial settlement." *Id.* at 965. That these factors are clearly established should have at the very least caused the district court to presume the settlement was reasonable, but the court accorded them no weight at all.

As to the strength of their case, plaintiffs acknowledged that to establish liability, much less obtain a \$3 billion damages award, they "have to overcome a

number of hurdles." 6/19/14 Tr. 25:4-6. There is a significant risk that a jury would not link together six separate two-party "do-not-cold-call" agreements into one massive conspiracy, which is required by plaintiffs' damages model. There is also a risk that the jury would reject the only evidence in favor of the model: the testimony of a single expert who admits the results are not statistically significant. Plaintiffs' counsel explained that their jury research left them "sobered by ... learning how difficult it is to convince a unanimous room of people ... to meet the standard in this case." *Id.* at 75:3-5. Based on these and other significant litigation risks, plaintiffs determined that \$324.5 million was a reasonable settlement figure.

The court gave no weight to plaintiffs' counsel's considered and good-faith acknowledgment of the "very, very real risks" plaintiffs faced. 6/19/14 Tr. 25:13-14. Rather, the court substituted its own view of the evidence, which the court believed supports plaintiffs' case. Op. 10-30. In so doing, the court disregarded the substantial weaknesses in plaintiffs' case, as well as plaintiffs' repeated explanation of their concerns based on, among other things, their confidential jury testing.

The court also determined that any risk plaintiffs faced going to trial "existed and was even greater when Plaintiffs settled with the Settled Defendants a year ago" (Op. 7), but there is no basis for this conclusion. The court reasoned that because the court had certified the class and denied summary judgment, "the

procedural posture of the case swung dramatically in Plaintiffs' favor after the initial settlements were reached." Op. 10:3-4. But this Court in *Rodriguez* counseled precisely the opposite; it approved the district court's determination that "successfully opposing ... summary judgment did not mean that the class had established liability or would obtain a favorable, unanimous jury verdict." 563 F.3d at 964. The district court's contrary decision here was legal error.

Moreover, the district court ignored the serious weaknesses in plaintiffs' case identified by defendants. For example, plaintiffs do not allege any agreement on the level of employee compensation, nor do they even allege any agreement not to hire each other's employees; and plaintiffs allege no express agreement at all among all defendants. Rather, plaintiffs allege that seven defendants, through six alleged two-party agreements not to "cold-call" each other's employees, somehow conspired as one group to depress the wages of all their employees. Plaintiffs are correct that there is a "very real risk" that a jury would reject plaintiffs' theory.

In fact, at trial, if plaintiffs failed to prove that any *one* of the six agreements was not part of their alleged overarching conspiracy, defendants would avoid any damages whatsoever. Plaintiffs contend that the compensation of *every* technical employee at all seven companies was suppressed by about 10% each year of the class period, resulting in \$3 billion in depressed wages. Dkt. 967-1, at 21 Fig. 7. Plaintiffs' expert's opinion arriving at the \$3 billion figure was integrally premised

on the involvement of *all seven defendants* in the alleged conspiracy. Dkt. 564, at 13; Dkt. 938, at 11. As he acknowledged, if a single defendant was found not to be part of the conspiracy, his model could not calculate damages. Dkt. 569-14, at 1031:19-1032:14. With no damages model, plaintiffs would be unable to recover damages, let alone \$3 billion, and would be unable to proceed with a class action. *Comcast Corp. v. Behrend*, 133 S. Ct. 1426, 1432-33 (2013).

The district court also took it as a given that class certification was final and settled because the Ninth Circuit did not grant interlocutory review. Op. 10:8-20. But the court ignored the risk that defendants would prevail on appeal from class certification after final judgment. The district court's analysis was, again, directly contrary to *Rodriguez*. *See* 563 F.3d at 966 (although 23(f) petition had been denied, "[a]t the time of settlement, the risk remained that the nationwide class might be decertified").

Even plaintiffs acknowledged that "the issue of class certification is still an open issue on appeal." 6/19/14 Tr. 23:5-6. Courts of appeals have reversed the certification of a class even after judgment following trial. See, e.g., Broussard v. Meineke Disc. Muffler Shops, Inc., 155 F.3d 331, 336-37 (4th Cir. 1998). Defendants would have strong arguments on appeal from the certification of a broad and disparate class of 60,000 technical employees ranging from Intel semiconductor design engineers in Massachusetts to Lucasfilm digital animators in

Silicon Valley. Plaintiffs' theory of antitrust impact depended on an unprecedented use of aggregate analyses and averages that were extrapolated classwide, which several courts of appeals have rejected (*see*, *e.g.*, *In re Rail Freight Fuel Surcharge Antitrust Litig.*, 725 F.3d 244, 253-55 (D.C. Cir. 2013)), and which were not even statistically significant (Dkt. 715, at 3). The risk that defendants ultimately would prevail on class certification therefore should have been considered as part of the *Rodriguez* analysis.

In essence, the district court considered what it perceived to be the strengths of plaintiffs' case, while ignoring the fact that *plaintiffs themselves* developed serious concerns about their evidence and legal theories based on a comprehensive view of the record and jury testing that post-dated the earlier settlements. Such a one-sided analysis clearly is not the required "comprehensive[]" "explor[ation of] all factors" that this Court requires. *Rodriguez*, 563 F.3d at 964 (citation omitted).

III. If Allowed to Stand, the Court's Decision on an Important Matter of First Impression Will Severely Hamper Class Settlement

This petition also presents a compelling case for mandamus review because important "issues of law of first impression" will completely evade review in the absence of a writ of mandate. *Douglas*, 495 F.3d at 1065-66.

The district court expressly acknowledged the "scant appellate guidance" (Op. 5:24) on the standard district courts should use to review preliminary approval motions. Plaintiffs "couldn't find a single circuit level decision where a court says

this is the standard that you, as a district court, are required to apply." 6/19/14 Tr. 11:15-18. This Court has never opined on the standards district courts are to use when deciding whether to grant preliminary approval of a settlement. As a result, the district courts in this Circuit, including the district court here, have been left to rely heavily on decisions from other district courts in determining how to evaluate class action settlements. Op. 5-6; *see also*, *e.g.*, *Christensen v. Hillyard*, *Inc.*, 2014 WL 3749523, at *3-4 (N.D. Cal. July 30, 2014).

Failing to review this ruling would create "new and important problems" warranting mandamus (*Douglas*, 495 F.3d at 1065-66), as the court's widely publicized benchmark methodology—if adopted elsewhere—will significantly hinder parties' ability to settle in future class actions. Class counsel who are looking to reach early settlements with fewer than all defendants to finance prosecution of the litigation will be forced to assume that the early settlements will create a floor below which they will not be allowed to settle with the remaining defendants. Defendants who do not settle early in the litigation will be bound against their will by the settlement decisions of their co-defendants. The court's rule thus restricts the ability of plaintiffs and defendants to reach negotiated settlements fully informed by the myriad factors that should guide the parties' decisionmaking.

In addition, courts considering whether to approve early settlements between

a class and fewer than all defendants will be forced to consider whether the resulting "benchmark settlement amount" for the remaining defendants would be sufficient to warrant later approval by the court. If it would not, the court might conclude that the early settlement, for that reason alone, was not in the best interest of the class and therefore refuse to approve it.

These results will deter class settlement and disrupt the efforts of class counsel to finance complex litigation. The decision below has received unusually widespread publicity,² and certainly has come to the attention of district courts and the class settlement objectors' bar. This Court's review is therefore critical to ensure that class settlement remains a viable option for parties in order to resolve complex class actions in a fair and efficient manner.

CONCLUSION

This petition presents an issue of first impression that is vital to the civil justice system's ability to resolve aggregated claims. The district court's rejection

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² E.g., David Streitfeld, Court Rejects Deal on Hiring in Silicon Valley, N.Y. Times, Aug. 8, 2014, at A-1 ("I cannot recall a judge saying in a class-action case that the amount of settlement is too low and you need to go back and go for broke at trial,' said Daniel Crane, who teaches antitrust law at the University of Michigan Law School. 'This is very striking.'"); Jeff Elder, Judge Rejects Settlement in Valley Wage Case, Wall St. J., Aug. 8, http://online.wsj.com/articles/judge-rejects-settlement-in-silicon-valley-wage-case-1407528633; Chris O'Brien, Deal is rejected in tech hiring case, L.A. Times, Aug. 9, 2014, at 4; Kristen V. Brown, She lays down law to tech's giants, S.F. Chron., Aug. 10, 2014, at A-1; Brandon Bailey, Judge Orders Tech Giants to Fatten Offer, San Jose Mercury News, Aug. 9, 2014, at 1-A.

of the settlement was clear error as a matter of law. The district court applied a mechanical formula that overrode sensitive judgments of the class's own counsel based on confidential information regarding the serious risks posed by their claims and their chances of success at trial. The ruling will inflict significant harm on all parties and the class action procedure. Absent mandamus, this controversial and erroneous ruling will evade review. This Court should grant the petition.

Dated: September 4, 2014 KEKER & VAN NEST LLP

By: /s/ Robert A. Van Nest

Robert A. Van Nest

Daniel Purcell Eugene M. Paige Justina Sessions 633 Battery Street San Francisco, CA 94111 Telephone: (415) 391-5400

Facsimile: (415) 397-7188

Edward D. Johnson Lee H. Rubin Donald M. Falk MAYER BROWN LLP Two Palo Alto Square 3000 El Camino Real, Suite 300 Palo Alto, CA 94306-2112

Telephone: (650) 331-2057 Facsimile: (650) 331-4557

Attorneys for Defendant and Petitioner GOOGLE INC.

Dated: September 4, 2014 O'MELVENY & MYERS LLP

By: /s/ Michael F. Tubach

Michael F. Tubach

George A. Riley Christina J. Brown

Two Embarcadero Center, 28th Floor

San Francisco, CA 94111 Telephone: (415) 984-8700 Facsimile: (415) 984-8701

Attorneys for Defendant and Petitioner APPLE INC.

Dated: September 4, 2014 JONES DAY

By: /s/ David C. Kiernan

David C. Kiernan

Robert A. Mittelstaedt Craig A. Waldman 555 California Street, 26th Floor San Francisco, CA 94104 Telephone: (415) 626-3939

Facsimile: (415) 875-5700

Attorneys for Defendant and Petitioner ADOBE SYSTEMS, INC.

Dated: September 4, 2014 MUNGER TOLLES & OLSON, LLP

By: /s/ Bradley S. Phillips

Bradley S. Phillips

Gregory P. Stone Steven M. Perry Gregory M. Sergi John P. Mittelbach 355 South Grand Avenue, 35th Floor

Los Angeles, CA 90071-1560

Telephone: (213) 683-9100 Facsimile: (213) 687-3702

Attorneys for Defendant and Petitioner INTEL CORPORATION

ATTESTATION: The filer attests that concurrence in the filing of this document has been obtained from all signatories.

STATEMENT OF RELATED CASES

Petitioners are not aware of any related cases pending in this circuit.

CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE

I am employed in the City and County of San Francisco, State of California in the office of a member of the bar of this court at whose direction the following service was made. I am over the age of eighteen years and not a party to the within action. My business address is O'Melveny & Myers LLP, Two Embarcadero Center, 28th Floor, San Francisco, CA 94111.

On September 4, 2014, I served the following document(s):

PETITION FOR WRIT OF MANDAMUS

by transmitting on this date via Email and/or U.S. Mail a true and correct copy of the above referenced documents.

Richard M. Heimann
Kelly M. Dermody
Brendan P. Glackin
Dean M. Harvey
Anne P. Shaver
Lisa J. Cisneros
LIEFF, CABRASER, HEIMANN &
BERNSTEIN, LLP
275 Battery Street, 29th Floor
San Francisco, CA 94111-3339
Tel: (415) 956-1000

Tel: (415) 956-1000 Fax: (415) 956-1008

Email:

rheimann@lchb.com kdermody@lchb.com bglackin@lchb.com dharvey@lchb.com ashaver@lchb.com lcisneros@lchb.com

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Via Email and U.S. Mail

Via Email and U.S. Mail

Joseph R. Saveri Kevin E. Rayhill James G. Dallal JOSEPH SAVERI LAW FIRM 505 Montgomery Street, Suite 625 San Francisco, CA 94111 Tel: (415) 500.6800 Fax: (415) 500.6803

Email:

jsaveri@saverilawfirm.com krayhill@saverilawfirm.com jdallal@saverilawfirm.com

Attorneys for Plaintiffs

Daniel C. Girard Dena C. Sharp Elizabeth A. Kramer GIRARD GIBBS LLP 601 California Street, 14th Floor San Francisco, CA 94108 Tel: (415) 981-4800 Fax: (415) 981-4846

Email:

dcg@girardgibbs.com chc@girardgibbs.com eak@girardgibbs.com

Attorneys for Class Representative Michael Devine

Robert A. Van Nest Daniel Purcell Eugene M. Paige Justina Sessions KEKER & VAN NEST LLP 633 Battery Street San Francisco, CA 94111 Telephone: (415) 391-5400 Facsimile: (415) 397-7188

Email:

rvannest@kvn.com dpurcell@kvn.com epaige@kvn.com jsessions@kvn.com

Attorneys for Defendant and Petitioner GOOGLE INC.

Via Email and U.S. Mail

Via Email and U.S. Mail

Via Email and U.S. Mail

Edward D. Johnson Lee H. Rubin Donald M. Falk MAYER BROWN LLP Two Palo Alto Square 3000 El Camino Real, Suite 300 Palo Alto, CA 94306-2112

Tel: (650) 331-2057 Fax: (650) 331-4557

Email:

wjohnson@mayerbrown.com lrubin@mayerbrown.com dfalk@mayerbrown.com

Attorneys for Defendant and Petitioner GOOGLE INC.

David C. Kiernan Robert A. Mittelstaedt Craig A. Waldman JONES DAY 555 California Street, 26th Floor San Francisco, CA 94104 Tel: (415) 626-3939 Fax: (415) 875-5700

Email:

dkiernan@jonesday.com ramittelstaedt@jonesday.com cwaldman@jonesday.com

Attorneys for Defendant and Petitioner ADOBE SYSTEMS, INC.

Gregory P. Stone Bradley S. Phillips Steven M. Perry MUNGER TOLLES & OLSON, LLP 355 South Grand Avenue, 35th Floor Los Angeles, CA 90071-1560 Tel: (213) 683-9100 Fax: (213) 687-3702

Email:

gregory.stone@mto.com brad.phillips@mto.com steven.perry@mto.com

Attorneys for Defendant and Petitioner INTEL CORPORATION

Via Email and U.S. Mail

Via Email and U.S. Mail

Robert A. Mittelstaedt Craig E. Stewart Catherine T. Zeng Roberta D. Tonelli JONES DAY 555 California Street, 26th Floor San Francisco, CA 94104

Tel: (415) 626-3939 Fax: (415) 875-5700

Email:

ramittelstaedt@jonesday.com cestewart@jonesday.com czeng@jonesday.com rtonelli@jonesday.com

Attorneys for Defendant Intuit Inc.

Emily Johnson Henn COVINGTON & BURLING LLP 333 Twin Dolphin Drive, Suite 700 Redwood Shores, CA 94065 Tel: (650) 632-4700

Email: ehenn@cov.com

Attorneys for Defendants Pixar and Lucasfilm Ltd.

Honorable Lucy H. Koh United States District Court Robert F. Peckham Federal Building 280 S. First Street San Jose, CA 95113 Via Email and U.S. Mail

Via Email and U.S. Mail

Via U.S. Mail

I declare under penalty of perjury under the laws of the State of California that the above is true and correct.

Executed on September 4, 2014, at San Francisco, California.

/s/ Michael O'Donnell
Michael O'Donnell

ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENT WITH ADOBE, APPLE, GOOGLE, AND INTEL

UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA

SAN JOSE DIVISION

IN RE: HIGH-TECH EMPLOYEE ANTITRUST LITIGATION	 Case No.: 11-CV-02509-LHK ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENTS WITH ADOBE, APPLE, GOOGLE, AND INTEL
THIS DOCUMENT RELATES TO:))
ALL ACTIONS))

Before the Court is a Motion for Preliminary Approval of Class Action Settlement with Defendants Adobe Systems Inc. ("Adobe"), Apple Inc. ("Apple"), Google Inc. ("Google"), and Intel Corp. ("Intel") (hereafter, "Remaining Defendants") brought by three class representatives, Mark Fichtner, Siddharth Hariharan, and Daniel Stover (hereafter, "Plaintiffs"). See ECF No. 920. The Settlement provides for \$324.5 million in recovery for the class in exchange for release of antitrust claims. A fourth class representative, Michael Devine ("Devine"), has filed an Opposition contending that the settlement amount is inadequate. See ECF No. 934. Plaintiffs have filed a Reply. See ECF No. 938. Plaintiffs, Remaining Defendants, and Devine appeared at a hearing on June 19, 2014. See ECF No. 940. In addition, a number of Class members have submitted letters in

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ORDER DENYING PLAINTIFFS' MOTION FOR PRELIMINARY APPROVAL OF SETTLEMENTS WITH ADOBE, APPLE, GOOGLE, AND INTEL

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support of and in opposition to the proposed settlement. ECF Nos. 914, 949-51. The Court, having considered the briefing, the letters, the arguments presented at the hearing, and the record in this case, DENIES the Motion for Preliminary Approval for the reasons stated below.

I. BACKGROUND AND PROCEDURAL HISTORY

Michael Devine, Mark Fichtner, Siddharth Hariharan, and Daniel Stover, individually and on behalf of a class of all those similarly situated, allege antitrust claims against their former employers, Adobe, Apple, Google, Intel, Intuit Inc. ("Intuit"), Lucasfilm Ltd. ("Lucasfilm"), and Pixar (collectively, "Defendants"). Plaintiffs allege that Defendants entered into an overarching conspiracy through a series of bilateral agreements not to solicit each other's employees in violation of Section 1 of the Sherman Antitrust Act, 15 U.S.C. § 1, and Section 4 of the Clayton Antitrust Act, 15 U.S.C. § 15. Plaintiffs contend that the overarching conspiracy, made up of a series of six bilateral agreements (Pixar-Lucasfilm, Apple-Adobe, Apple-Google, Apple-Pixar, Google-Intuit, and Google-Intel) suppressed wages of Defendants' employees.

The five cases underlying this consolidated action were initially filed in California Superior Court and removed to federal court. See ECF No. 532 at 5. The cases were related by Judge Saundra Brown Armstrong, who also granted a motion to transfer the related actions to the San Jose Division. See ECF Nos. 52, 58. After being assigned to the undersigned judge, the cases were consolidated pursuant to the parties' stipulation. See ECF No. 64. Plaintiffs filed a consolidated complaint on September 23, 2011, see ECF No. 65, which Defendants jointly moved to dismiss, see ECF No. 79. In addition, Lucasfilm filed a separate motion to dismiss on October 17, 2011. See ECF No. 83. The Court granted in part and denied in part the joint motion to dismiss and denied Lucasfilm's separate motion to dismiss. See ECF No. 119.

On October 1, 2012, Plaintiffs filed a motion for class certification. See ECF No. 187. The motion sought certification of a class of all of the seven Defendants' employees or, in the alternative, a narrower class of just technical employees of the seven Defendants. After full briefing and a hearing, the Court denied class certification on April 5, 2013. See ECF No. 382. The Court was concerned that Plaintiffs' documentary evidence and empirical analysis were

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insufficient to determine that common questions predominated over individual questions with respect to the issue of antitrust impact. See id. at 33. Moreover, the Court expressed concern that there was insufficient analysis in the class certification motion regarding the class of technical employees. Id. at 29. The Court afforded Plaintiffs leave to amend to address the Court's concerns. See id. at 52.

On May 10, 2013, Plaintiffs filed their amended class certification motion, seeking to certify only the narrower class of technical employees. See ECF No. 418. Defendants filed their opposition on June 21, 2013, ECF No. 439, and Plaintiffs filed their reply on July 12, 2013, ECF No. 455. The hearing on the amended motion was set for August 5, 2013.

On July 12 and 30, 2013, after class certification had been initially denied and while an amended motion was pending, Plaintiffs settled with Pixar, Lucasfilm, and Intuit (hereafter, "Settled Defendants"). See ECF Nos. 453, 489. Plaintiffs filed a motion for preliminary approval of the settlements with Settled Defendants on September 21, 2013. See ECF No. 501. No opposition to the motion was filed, and the Court granted the motion on October 30, 2013, following a hearing on October 21, 2013. See ECF No. 540. The Court held a fairness hearing on May 1, 2014, ECF No. 913, and granted final approval of the settlements and accompanying requests for attorneys' fees, costs, and incentive awards over five objections on May 16, 2014, ECF Nos. 915-16. Judgment was entered as to the Settled Defendants on June 20, 2014. ECF No. 947.

After the Settled Defendants settled, this Court certified a class of technical employees of the seven Defendants (hereafter, "the Class") on October 25, 2013 in an 86-page order granting Plaintiffs' amended class certification motion. See ECF No. 532. The Remaining Defendants petitioned the Ninth Circuit to review that order under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(f). After full briefing, including the filing of an amicus brief by the National and California Chambers of Commerce and the National Association of Manufacturing urging the Ninth Circuit to grant review, the Ninth Circuit denied review on January 15, 2014. See ECF No. 594.

Meanwhile, in this Court, the Remaining Defendants filed a total of five motions for summary judgment and filed motions to strike and to exclude the testimony of Plaintiffs' principal

expert on antitrust impact and damages, Dr. Edward Leamer, who opined that the total damages to the Class exceeded \$3 billion in wages Class members would have earned in the absence of the anti-solicitation agreements. The Court denied the motions for summary judgment on March 28, 2014, and on April 4, 2014, denied the motion to exclude Dr. Leamer and denied in large part the motion to strike Dr. Leamer's testimony. ECF Nos. 777, 788.

On April 24, 2014, counsel for Plaintiffs and counsel for Remaining Defendants sent a joint letter to the Court indicating that they had reached a settlement. *See* ECF No. 900. This settlement was reached two weeks before the Final Pretrial Conference and one month before the trial was set to commence.² Upon receipt of the joint letter, the Court vacated the trial date and pretrial deadlines and set a schedule for preliminary approval. *See* ECF No. 904. Shortly after counsel sent the letter, the media disclosed the total amount of the settlement, and this Court received three letters from individuals, not including Devine, objecting to the proposed settlement in response to media reports of the settlement amount.³ *See* ECF No. 914. On May 22, 2014, in accordance with this Court's schedule, Plaintiffs filed their Motion for Preliminary Approval. *See* ECF No. 920. Devine filed an Opposition on June 5, 2014.⁴ *See* ECF No. 934. Plaintiffs filed a Reply on June 12, 2014. *See* ECF No. 938. The Court held a hearing on June 19, 2014. *See* ECF No. 948. After the hearing, the Court received a letter from a Class member in opposition to the proposed settlement and two letters from Class members in support of the proposed settlement. *See* ECF Nos. 949-51.

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Defendants' motions in limine, Plaintiffs' motion to exclude testimony from certain experts, Defendants' motion to exclude testimony from certain experts, a motion to determine whether the per se or rule of reason analysis applied, and a motion to compel were pending at the time the settlement was reached.

³ Plaintiffs in the instant Motion represent that two of the letters are from non-Class members and that the third letter is from a Class member who may be withdrawing his objection. *See* ECF No. 920 at 18 n.11. The objection has not been withdrawn at the time of this Order.

⁴ Devine stated in his Opposition that the Opposition was designed to supersede a letter that he had previously sent to the Court. *See* ECF No. at 934 n.2. The Court did not receive any letter from Devine. Accordingly, the Court has considered only Devine's Opposition.

II. LEGAL STANDARD

The Court must review the fairness of class action settlements under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(e). The Rule states that "[t]he claims, issues, or defenses of a certified class may be settled, voluntarily dismissed, or compromised only with the court's approval." The Rule requires the Court to "direct notice in a reasonable manner to all class members who would be bound by the proposal" and further states that if a settlement "would bind class members, the court may approve it only after a hearing and on finding that it is fair, reasonable, and adequate." Fed. R. Civ. P. 23(e)(1)-(2). The principal purpose of the Court's supervision of class action settlements is to ensure "the agreement is not the product of fraud or overreaching by, or collusion between, the negotiating parties." *Officers for Justice v. Civil Serv. Comm'n of City & Cnty. of S.F.*, 688 F.2d 615, 625 (9th Cir. 1982).

District courts have interpreted Rule 23(e) to require a two-step process for the approval of class action settlements: "the Court first determines whether a proposed class action settlement deserves preliminary approval and then, after notice is given to class members, whether final approval is warranted." *Nat'l Rural Telecomms. Coop. v. DIRECTV, Inc.*, 221 F.R.D. 523, 525 (C.D. Cal. 2004). At the final approval stage, the Ninth Circuit has stated that "[a]ssessing a settlement proposal requires the district court to balance a number of factors: the strength of the plaintiffs' case; the risk, expense, complexity, and likely duration of further litigation; the risk of maintaining class action status throughout the trial; the amount offered in settlement; the extent of discovery completed and the stage of the proceedings; the experience and views of counsel; the presence of a governmental participant; and the reaction of the class members to the proposed settlement." *Hanlon v. Chrysler Corp.*, 150 F.3d 1011, 1026 (9th Cir. 1998).

In contrast to these well-established, non-exhaustive factors for final approval, there is relatively scant appellate authority regarding the standard that a district court must apply in reviewing a settlement at the preliminary approval stage. Some district courts, echoing commentators, have stated that the relevant inquiry is whether the settlement "falls within the range of possible approval" or "within the range of reasonableness." *In re Tableware Antitrust Litig.*, 484

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F. Supp. 2d 1078, 1079 (N.D. Cal. 2007); see also Cordy v. USS-Posco Indus., No. 12-553, 2013 WL 4028627, at *3 (N.D. Cal. Aug. 1, 2013) ("Preliminary approval of a settlement and notice to the proposed class is appropriate if the proposed settlement appears to be the product of serious, informed, non-collusive negotiations, has no obvious deficiencies, does not improperly grant preferential treatment to class representatives or segments of the class, and falls with the range of possible approval." (internal quotation marks omitted)). To undertake this analysis, the Court "must consider plaintiffs' expected recovery balanced against the value of the settlement offer." In re Nat'l Football League Players' Concussion Injury Litig., 961 F. Supp. 2d 708, 714 (E.D. Pa. 2014) (internal quotation marks omitted).

III. **DISCUSSION**

Pursuant to the terms of the instant settlement, Class members who have not already opted out and who do not opt out will relinquish their rights to file suit against the Remaining Defendants for the claims at issue in this case. In exchange, Remaining Defendants will pay a total of \$324.5 million, of which Plaintiffs' counsel may seek up to 25% (approximately \$81 million) in attorneys' fees, \$1.2 million in costs, and \$80,000 per class representative in incentive payments. In addition, the settlement allows Remaining Defendants a pro rata reduction in the total amount they must pay if more than 4% of Class members opt out after receiving notice.⁵ Class members would receive an average of approximately \$3,750⁶ from the instant settlement if the Court were to grant all requested deductions and there were no further opt-outs.⁷

The Court finds the total settlement amount falls below the range of reasonableness. The Court is concerned that Class members recover less on a proportional basis from the instant

Plaintiffs also assert that administration costs for the settlement would be \$160.000.

⁶ Devine calculated that Class members would receive an average of \$3,573. The discrepancy between this number and the Court's calculation may result from the fact that Devine's calculation does not account for the fact that 147 individuals have already opted out of the Class. The Court's calculation resulted from subtracting the requested attorneys' fees (\$81,125,000), costs (\$1,200,000), incentive awards (\$400,000), and estimated administration costs (\$160,000) from the settlement amount (\$324,500,000) and dividing the resulting number by the total number of remaining class members (64,466).

If the Court were to deny any portion of the requested fees, costs, or incentive payments, this would increase individual Class members' recovery. If less than 4% of the Class were to opt out, that would also increase individual Class members' recovery.

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settlement with Remaining Defendants than from the settlement with the Settled Defendants a year ago, despite the fact that the case has progressed consistently in the Class's favor since then. Counsel's sole explanation for this reduced figure is that there are weaknesses in Plaintiffs' case such that the Class faces a substantial risk of non-recovery. However, that risk existed and was even greater when Plaintiffs settled with the Settled Defendants a year ago, when class certification had been denied.

The Court begins by comparing the instant settlement with Remaining Defendants to the settlements with the Settled Defendants, in light of the facts that existed at the time each settlement was reached. The Court then discusses the relative strengths and weaknesses of Plaintiffs' case to assess the reasonableness of the instant settlement.

A. **Comparison to the Initial Settlements**

1. **Comparing the Settlement Amounts**

The Court finds that the settlements with the Settled Defendants provide a useful benchmark against which to analyze the reasonableness of the instant settlement. The settlements with the Settled Defendants led to a fund totaling \$20 million. See ECF No. 915 at 3. In approving the settlements, the Court relied upon the fact that the Settled Defendants employed 8% of Class members and paid out 5% of the total Class compensation during the Class period. See ECF No. 539 at 16:20-22 (Plaintiffs' counsel's explanation at the preliminary approval hearing with the Settled Defendants that the 5% figure "giv[es] you a sense of how big a slice of the case this settlement is relative to the rest of the case"). If Remaining Defendants were to settle at the same (or higher) rate as the Settled Defendants, Remaining Defendants' settlement fund would need to total at least \$380 million. This number results from the fact that Remaining Defendants paid out 95% of the Class compensation during the Class period, while Settled Defendants paid only 5% of the Class compensation during the Class period.⁸

At the hearing on the instant Motion, counsel for Remaining Defendants suggested that the

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⁸ One way to think about this is to set up the simple equation: 5/95 = \$20,000,000/x. This equation asks the question of how much 95% would be if 5% were \$20,000,000. Solving for x would result in \$380,000,000.

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relevant benchmark is not total Class compensation, but rather is total Class membership. This would result in a benchmark figure for the Remaining Defendants of \$230 million (92 divided by 8 is 11.5; 11.5 times \$20 million is \$230 million). At a minimum, counsel suggested, the Court should compare the settlement amount to a range of \$230 million to \$380 million, within which the instant settlement falls. The Court rejects counsel's suggestion, which is contrary to the record. Counsel has provided no basis for why the number of Class members employed by each Defendant is a relevant metric. To the contrary, the relevant inquiry has always been total Class compensation. For example, in both of the settlements with the Settled Defendants and in the instant settlement, the Plans of Allocation call for determining each individual Class member's pay out by dividing the Class member's compensation during the Class period by the total Class compensation during the Class period. ECF No. 809 at 6 (noting that the denominator in the plan of allocation in the settlements with the Settled Defendants is the "total of base salaries paid to all approved Claimants in class positions during the Class period"); ECF No. 920 at 22 (same in the instant settlement); see also ECF No. 539 at 16:20-22 (Plaintiffs' counsel's statement that percent of the total Class compensation was relevant for benchmarking the settlements with the Settled Defendants to the rest of the case). At no point in the record has the percentage of Class membership employed by each Defendant ever been the relevant factor for determining damages exposure. Accordingly, the Court rejects the metric proposed by counsel for Remaining Defendants. Using the Settled Defendants' settlements as a yardstick, the appropriate benchmark settlement for the Remaining Defendants would be at least \$380 million, more than \$50 million greater than what the instant settlement provides.

Counsel for Remaining Defendants also suggested that benchmarking against the initial settlements would be inappropriate because the magnitude of the settlement numbers for Remaining Defendants dwarfs the numbers at issue in the Settled Defendants' settlements. This argument is premised on the idea that Defendants who caused more damage to the Class and who benefited more by suppressing a greater portion of class compensation should have to pay less than

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 $[\]overline{{}^{9}}$ Again, 8/92 = \$20,000,000/x would lead to x = \$230,000,000.

or the Northern District of California

Defendants who caused less damage and who benefited less from the allegedly wrongful conduct. This argument is unpersuasive. Remaining Defendants are alleged to have received 95% of the benefit of the anti-solicitation agreements and to have caused 95% of the harm suffered by the Class in terms of lost compensation. Therefore, Remaining Defendants should have to pay at least 95% of the damages, which, under the instant settlement, they would not.

The Court also notes that had Plaintiffs prevailed at trial on their more than \$3 billion damages claim, antitrust law provides for automatic trebling, *see* 15 U.S.C. § 15(a), so the total damages award could potentially have exceeded \$9 billion. While the Ninth Circuit has not determined whether settlement amounts in antitrust cases must be compared to the single damages award requested by Plaintiffs or the automatically trebled damages amount, *see Rodriguez v. W. Publ'g Corp.*, 563 F.3d 948, 964-65 (9th Cir. 2009), the instant settlement would lead to a total recovery of 11.29% of the single damages proposed by Plaintiffs' expert or 3.76% of the treble damages. Specifically, Dr. Leamer has calculated the total damages to the Class resulting from Defendants' allegedly unlawful conduct as \$3.05 billion. *See* ECF No. 856-10. If the Court approves the instant settlements, the total settlements with all Defendants would be \$344.5 million. This total would amount to 11.29% of the single damages that Dr. Leamer opines the Class suffered or 3.76% if Dr. Leamer's damages figure had been trebled.

2. Relative Procedural Posture

The discount that Remaining Defendants have received vis-à-vis the Settled Defendants is particularly troubling in light of the changes in the procedural posture of the case between the two settlements, changes that the Court would expect to have increased, rather than decreased, Plaintiffs' bargaining power. Specifically, at the time the Settled Defendants settled, Plaintiffs were at a particularly weak point in their case. Though Plaintiffs had survived Defendants' motion to dismiss, Plaintiffs' motion for class certification had been denied, albeit without prejudice. Plaintiffs had re-briefed the class certification motion, but had no class certification ruling in their favor at the time they settled with the Settled Defendants. If the Court ultimately granted certification, Plaintiffs also did not know whether the Ninth Circuit would grant Federal Rule of

Civil Procedure 23(f) review and reverse the certification. Accordingly, at that point, Defendants had significant leverage.

In contrast, the procedural posture of the case swung dramatically in Plaintiffs' favor after the initial settlements were reached. Specifically, the Court certified the Class over the vigorous objections of Defendants. In the 86-page order granting class certification, the Court repeatedly referred to Plaintiffs' evidence as "substantial" and "extensive," and the Court stated that it "could not identify a case at the class certification stage with the level of documentary evidence Plaintiffs have presented in the instant case." ECF No. 531 at 69. Thereafter, the Ninth Circuit denied Defendants' request to review the class certification order under Federal Rule of Civil Procedure 23(f). This Court also denied Defendants' five motions for summary judgment and denied Defendants' motion to exclude Plaintiffs' principal expert on antitrust impact and damages. The instant settlement was reached a mere two weeks before the final pretrial conference and one month before a trial at which damaging evidence regarding Defendants would have been presented.

In sum, Plaintiffs were in a much stronger position at the time of the instant settlement—after the Class had been certified, appellate review of class certification had been denied, and Defendants' dispositive motions and motion to exclude Dr. Leamer's testimony had been denied—than they were at the time of the settlements with the Settled Defendants, when class certification had been denied. This shift in the procedural posture, which the Court would expect to have increased Plaintiffs' bargaining power, makes the more recent settlements for a proportionally lower amount even more troubling.

B. Strength of Plaintiffs' Case

The Court now turns to the strength of Plaintiffs' case against the Remaining Defendants to evaluate the reasonableness of the settlement.

At the hearing on the instant Motion, Plaintiffs' counsel contended that one of the reasons the instant settlement was proportionally lower than the previous settlements is that the documentary evidence against the Settled Defendants (particularly, Lucasfilm and Pixar) is more compelling than the documentary evidence against the Remaining Defendants. As an initial matter,

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the Court notes that relevant evidence regarding the Settled Defendants would be admissible at a trial against Remaining Defendants because Plaintiffs allege an overarching conspiracy that included all Defendants. Accordingly, evidence regarding the role of Lucasfilm and Pixar in the creation of and the intended effect of the overarching conspiracy would be admissible.

Nonetheless, the Court notes that Plaintiffs are correct that there are particularly clear statements from Lucasfilm and Pixar executives regarding the nature and goals of the alleged conspiracy. Specifically, Edward Catmull (Pixar President) conceded in his deposition that antisolicitation agreements were in place because solicitation "messes up the pay structure." ECF No. 431-9 at 81. Similarly, George Lucas (former Lucasfilm Chairman of the Board and CEO) stated, "we cannot get into a bidding war with other companies because we don't have the margins for that sort of thing." ECF No. 749-23 at 9.

However, there is equally compelling evidence that comes from the documents of the Remaining Defendants. This is particularly true for Google and Apple, the executives of which extensively discussed and enforced the anti-solicitation agreements. Specifically, as discussed in extensive detail in this Court's previous orders, Steve Jobs (Co-Founder, Former Chairman, and Former CEO of Apple, Former CEO of Pixar), Eric Schmidt (Google Executive Chairman, Member of the Board of Directors, and former CEO), and Bill Campbell (Chairman of Intuit Board of Directors, Co-Lead Director of Apple, and advisor to Google) were key players in creating and enforcing the anti-solicitation agreements. The Court now turns to the evidence against the Remaining Defendants that the finder of fact is likely to find compelling.

1. **Evidence Related to Apple**

There is substantial and compelling evidence that Steve Jobs (Co-Founder, Former Chairman, and Former CEO of Apple, Former CEO of Pixar) was a, if not the, central figure in the alleged conspiracy. Several witnesses, in their depositions, testified to Mr. Jobs' role in the antisolicitation agreements. For example, Eric Schmidt (Google Executive Chairman, Member of the Board of Directors, and former CEO) stated that Mr. Jobs "believed that you should not be hiring each others', you know, technical people" and that "it was inappropriate in [Mr. Jobs'] view for us

to be calling in and hiring people." ECF No. 819-12 at 77. Edward Catmull (Pixar President) stated

that Mr. Jobs "was very adamant about protecting his employee force." ECF No. 431-9 at 97.

Sergey Brin (Google Co-Founder) testified that "I think Mr. Jobs' view was that people shouldn't piss him off. And I think that things that pissed him off were—would be hiring, you know—whatever." ECF No. 639-1 at 112. There would thus be ample evidence Mr. Jobs was involved in expanding the original anti-solicitation agreement between Lucasfilm and Pixar to the other Defendants in this case. After the agreements were extended, Mr. Jobs played a central role in enforcing these agreements. Four particular sets of evidence are likely to be compelling to the fact-finder.

First, after hearing that Google was trying to recruit employees from Apple's Safari team, Mr. Jobs threatened Mr. Brin, stating, as Mr. Brin recounted, "if you hire a single one of these people that means war." ECF No. 833-15. ¹⁰ In an email to Google's Executive Management Team

Mr. Jobs threatened Mr. Brin, stating, as Mr. Brin recounted, "if you hire a single one of these people that means war." ECF No. 833-15. ¹⁰ In an email to Google's Executive Management Team as well as Bill Campbell (Chairman of Intuit Board of Directors, Co-Lead Director of Apple, and advisor to Google), Mr. Brin advised: "lets [sic] not make any new offers or contact new people at Apple until we have had a chance to discuss." *Id.* Mr. Campbell then wrote to Mr. Jobs: "Eric [Schmidt] told me that he got directly involved and firmly stopped all efforts to recruit anyone from Apple." ECF No. 746-5. As Mr. Brin testified in his deposition, "Eric made a—you know, a—you know, at least some kind of—had a conversation with Bill to relate to Steve to calm him down." ECF No. 639-1 at 61. As Mr. Schmidt put it, "Steve was unhappy, and Steve's unhappiness absolutely influenced the change we made in recruiting practice." ECF No. 819-12 at 21. Danielle Lambert (Apple's head of Human Resources) reciprocated to maintain Apple's end of the antisolicitation agreements, instructing Apple recruiters: "Please add Google to your 'hands-off' list. We recently agreed not to recruit from one another so if you hear of any recruiting they are doing against us, please be sure to let me know." ECF No. 746-15.

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¹⁰ On the same day, Mr. Campbell sent an email to Mr. Brin and to Larry Page (Google Co-Founder) stating, "Steve just called me again and is pissed that we are still recruiting his browser guy." ECF No. 428-13. Mr. Page responded "[h]e called a few minutes ago and demanded to talk to me." *Id*.

Second, other Defendants' CEOs maintained the anti-solicitation agreements out of fear of and deference to Mr. Jobs. For example, in 2005, when considering whether to enter into an anti-solicitation agreement with Apple, Bruce Chizen (former Adobe CEO), expressed concerns about the loss of "top talent" if Adobe did not enter into an anti-solicitation agreement with Apple, stating, "if I tell Steve it's open season (other than senior managers), he will deliberately poach Adobe just to prove a point. Knowing Steve, he will go after some of our top Mac talent like Chris Cox and he will do it in a way in which they will be enticed to come (extraordinary packages and Steve wooing)." ECF No. 297-15.

This was the genesis of the Apple-Adobe agreement. Specifically, after Mr. Jobs complained to Mr. Chizen on May 26, 2005 that Adobe was recruiting Apple employees, ECF No. 291-17, Mr. Chizen responded by saying, "I thought we agreed not to recruit any senior level employees I would propose we keep it that way. Open to discuss. It would be good to agree." *Id.* Mr. Jobs was not satisfied, and replied by threatening to send Apple recruiters after Adobe's employees: "OK, I'll tell our recruiters that they are free to approach any Adobe employee who is not a Sr. Director or VP. Am I understanding your position correctly?" *Id.* Mr. Chizen immediately gave in: "I'd rather agree NOT to actively solicit any employee from either company If you are in agreement I will let my folks know." *Id.* (emphasis in original). The next day, Theresa Townsley (Adobe Vice President Human Resources) announced to her recruiting team, "Bruce and Steve Jobs have an agreement that we are not to solicit ANY Apple employees, and vice versa." ECF No. 291-18 (emphasis in original). Adobe then placed Apple on its "[c]ompanies that are off limits" list, which instructed Adobe employees not to cold call Apple employees. ECF No. 291-11.

Google took even more drastic actions in response to Mr. Jobs. For example, when a recruiter from Google's engineering team contacted an Apple employee in 2007, Mr. Jobs forwarded the message to Mr. Schmidt and stated, "I would be very pleased if your recruiting department would stop doing this." ECF No. 291-23. Google responded by making a "public example" out of the recruiter and "terminat[ing] [the recruiter] within the hour." *Id.* The aim of this

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¹¹ Mr. Jobs successfully expanded the anti-solicitation agreements to Macromedia, a company acquired by Adobe, both before and after Adobe's acquisition of Macromedia.

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public spectacle was to "(hopefully) prevent future occurrences." *Id.* Once the recruiter was terminated, Mr. Schmidt emailed Mr. Jobs, apologizing and informing Mr. Jobs that the recruiter had been terminated. Mr. Jobs forwarded Mr. Schmidt's email to an Apple human resources official and stated merely, ":)." ECF No. 746-9.

A year prior to this termination, Google similarly took seriously Mr. Jobs' concerns. Specifically, in 2006, Mr. Jobs emailed Mr. Schmidt and said, "I am told that Googles [sic] new cell phone software group is relentlessly recruiting in our iPod group. If this is indeed true, can you put a stop to it?" ECF No. 291-24 at 3. After Mr. Schmidt forwarded this to Human Resources professionals at Google, Arnnon Geshuri (Google Recruiting Director) prepared a detailed report stating that an extensive investigation did not find a breach of the anti-solicitation agreement.

Similarly, in 2006, Google scrapped plans to open a Google engineering center in Paris after a Google executive emailed Mr. Jobs to ask whether Google could hire three former Apple engineers to work at the prospective facility, and Mr. Jobs responded "[w]e'd strongly prefer that you not hire these guys." ECF No. 814-2. The whole interaction began with Google's request to Steve Jobs for permission to hire Jean-Marie Hullot, an Apple engineer. The record is not clear whether Mr. Hullot was a current or former Apple employee. A Google executive contacted Steve Jobs to ask whether Google could make an offer to Mr. Hullot, and Mr. Jobs did not timely respond to the Google executive's request. At this point, the Google executive turned to Intuit's Board Chairman Bill Campbell as a potential ambassador from Google to Mr. Jobs. Specifically, the Google executive noted that Mr. Campbell "is on the board at Apple and Google, so Steve will probably return his call." ECF No. 428-6. The same day that Mr. Campbell reached out to Mr. Jobs, Mr. Jobs responded to the Google executive, seeking more information on what exactly the Apple engineer would be working. ECF No. 428-9. Once Mr. Jobs was satisfied, he stated that the hire "would be fine with me." Id. However, two weeks later, when Mr. Hullot and a Google executive sought Mr. Jobs' permission to hire four of Mr. Hullot's former Apple colleagues (three were former Apple employees and one had given notice of impending departure from Apple), Mr. Jobs promptly responded, indicating that the hires would not be acceptable. ECF No. 428-9.

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Google promptly scrapped the plan, and the Google executive responded deferentially to Mr. Jobs, stating, "Steve, Based on your strong preference that we not hire the ex-Apple engineers, Jean-Marie and I decided not to open a Google Paris engineering center." *Id.* The Google executive also forwarded the email thread to Mr. Brin, Larry Page (Google Co-Founder), and Mr. Campbell. Id.

Third, Mr. Jobs attempted (unsuccessfully) to expand the anti-solicitation agreements to Palm, even threatening litigation. Specifically, Mr. Jobs called Edward Colligan (former President and CEO of Palm) to ask Mr. Colligan to enter into an anti-solicitation agreement and threatened patent litigation against Palm if Palm refused to do so. ECF No. 293 ¶ 6-8. Mr. Colligan responded via email, and told Mr. Jobs that Mr. Jobs' "proposal that we agree that neither company will hire the other's employees, regardless of the individual's desires, is not only wrong, it is likely illegal." Id. at 4-5. Mr. Colligan went on to say that, "We can't dictate where someone will work, nor should we try. I can't deny people who elect to pursue their livelihood at Palm the right to do so simply because they now work for Apple, and I wouldn't want you to do that to current Palm employees." Id. at 5. Finally, Mr. Colligan wrote that "[t]hreatening Palm with a patent lawsuit in response to a decision by one employee to leave Apple is just out of line. A lawsuit would not serve either of our interests, and will not stop employees from migrating between our companies We will both just end up paying a lot of lawyers a lot of money." *Id.* at 5-6. Mr. Jobs wrote the following back to Mr. Colligan: "This is not satisfactory to Apple." Id. at 8. Mr. Jobs went on to write that "I'm sure you realize the asymmetry in the financial resources of our respective companies when you say: 'we will both just end up paying a lot of lawyers a lot of money." *Id.* Mr. Jobs concluded: "My advice is to take a look at our patent portfolio before you make a final decision here." Id.

Fourth, Apple's documents provide strong support for Plaintiffs' theory of impact, namely that rigid wage structures and internal equity concerns would have led Defendants to engage in structural changes to compensation structures to mitigate the competitive threat that solicitation would have posed. Apple's compensation data shows that, for each year in the Class period, Apple had a "job structure system," which included categorizing and compensating its workforce

according to a discrete set of company-wide job levels assigned to all salaried employees and four associated sets of base salary ranges applicable to "Top," "Major," "National," and "Small" geographic markets. ECF No. 745-7 at 14-15, 52-53; ECF No.517-16 ¶¶ 6, 10 & Ex. B. Every salary range had a "min," "mid," and "max" figure. *See id.* Apple also created a Human Resources and recruiting tool called "Merlin," which was an internal system for tracking employee records and performance, and required managers to grade employees at one of four pre-set levels. *See* ECF No. 749-6 at 142-43, 145-46; ECF No. 749-11 at 52-53; ECF No. 749-12 at 33. As explained by Tony Fadell (former Apple Senior Vice President, iPod Division, and advisor to Steve Jobs), Merlin "would say, this is the employee, this is the level, here are the salary ranges, and through that tool we were then—we understood what the boundaries were." ECF No. 749-11 at 53. Going outside these prescribed "guidelines" also required extra approval. ECF No. 749-7 at 217; ECF No. 749-11 at 53 ("And if we were to go outside of that, then we would have to pull in a bunch of people to then approve anything outside of that range.").

Concerns about internal equity also permeated Apple's compensation program. Steven Burmeister (Apple Senior Director of Compensation) testified that internal equity—which Mr. Burmeister defined as the notion of whether an employee's compensation is "fair based on the individual's contribution relative to the other employees in your group, or across your organization"—inheres in some, "if not all," of the guidelines that managers consider in determining starting salaries. ECF No. 745-7 at 61-64; ECF No. 753-12. In fact, as explained by Patrick Burke (former Apple Technical Recruiter and Staffing Manager), when hiring a new employee at Apple, "compar[ing] the candidate" to the other people on the team they would join "was the biggest determining factor on what salary we gave." ECF No. 745-6 at 279.

2. Evidence Related to Google

The evidence against Google is equally compelling. Email evidence reveals that Eric Schmidt (Google Executive Chairman, Member of the Board of Directors, and former CEO) terminated at least two recruiters for violations of anti-solicitation agreements, and threatened to terminate more. As discussed above, there is direct evidence that Mr. Schmidt terminated a

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recruiter at Steve Jobs' behest after the recruiter attempted to solicit an Apple employee. Moreover, in an email to Bill Campbell (Chairman of Intuit Board of Directors, Co-Lead Director of Apple, and advisor to Google), Mr. Schmidt indicated that he directed a for-cause termination of another Google recruiter, who had attempted to recruit an executive of eBay, which was on Google's donot-cold-call list. ECF No. 814-14. Finally, as discussed in more detail below, Mr. Schmidt informed Paul Otellini (CEO of Intel and Member of the Google Board of Directors) that Mr. Schmidt would terminate any recruiter who recruited Intel employees.

Furthermore, Google maintained a formal "Do Not Call" list, which grouped together Apple, Intel, and Intuit and was approved by top executives. ECF No. 291-28. The list also included other companies, such as Genentech, Paypal, and eBay. Id. A draft of the "Do Not Call" list was presented to Google's Executive Management Group, a committee consisting of Google's senior executives, including Mr. Schmidt, Larry Page (Google Co-Founder), Sergey Brin (Google Co-Founder), and Shona Brown (former Google Senior Vice President of Business Operations). ECF No. 291-26. Mr. Schmidt approved the list. See id.; see also ECF No. 291-27 (email from Mr. Schmidt stating: "This looks very good."). Moreover, there is evidence that Google executives knew that the anti-solicitation agreements could lead to legal troubles, but nevertheless proceeded with the agreements. When Ms. Brown asked Mr. Schmidt whether he had any concerns with sharing information regarding the "Do Not Call" list with Google's competitors, Mr. Schmidt responded that he preferred that it be shared "verbally[,] since I don't want to create a paper trail over which we can be sued later?" ECF No. 291-40. Ms. Brown responded: "makes sense to do orally. i agree." Id.

Google's response to competition from Facebook also demonstrates the impact of the alleged conspiracy. Google had long been concerned about Facebook hiring's effect on retention. For example, in an email to top Google executives, Mr. Brin in 2007 stated that "the facebook phenomenon creates a real retention problem." ECF No. 814-4. A month later, Mr. Brin announced a policy of making counteroffers within one hour to any Google employee who received an offer from Facebook. ECF No. 963-2.

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In March 2008, Arnnon Geshuri (Google Recruiting Director) discovered that non-party Facebook had been cold calling into Google's Site Reliability Engineering ("SRE") team. Mr. Geshuri's first response was to suggest contacting Sheryl Sandberg (Chief Operating Officer for non-party Facebook) in an effort to "ask her to put a stop to the targeted sourcing effort directed at our SRE team" and "to consider establishing a mutual 'Do Not Call' agreement that specifies that we will not cold-call into each other." ECF No. 963-3. Mr. Geshuri also suggested "look[ing] internally and review[ing] the attrition rate for the SRE group," stating, "[w]e may want to consider additional individual retention incentives or *team incentives* to keep attrition as low as possible in SRE." *Id.* (emphasis added). Finally, an alternative suggestion was to "[s]tart an aggressive campaign to call into their company and go after their folks—no holds barred. We would be unrelenting and a force of nature." *Id.* In response, Bill Campbell (Chairman of Intuit Board of Directors, Co-Lead Director of Apple, and advisor to Google), in his capacity as an advisor to Google, suggested "Who should contact Sheryl [Sandberg] (or Mark [Zuckerberg]) to get a cease fire? We have to get a truce." *Id.* Facebook refused.

In 2010, Google altered its salary structure with a "Big Bang" in response to Facebook's hiring, which provides additional support for Plaintiffs' theory of antitrust impact. Specifically, after a period in which Google lost a significant number of employees to Facebook, Google began to study Facebook's solicitation of Google employees. ECF No. 190 ¶ 109. One month after beginning this study, Google announced its "Big Bang," which involved an increase to the base salary of *all* of its salaried employees by 10% and provided an immediate cash bonus of \$1,000 to all employees. ECF No. 296-18. Laszlo Bock (Google Senior Vice President of People Operations) explained that the rationale for the Big Bang included: (1) being "responsive to rising attrition;" (2) supporting higher retention because "higher salaries generate higher fixed costs;" and (3) being "very strategic because start-ups don't have the cash flow to match, and big companies are (a) too worried about internal equity and scalability to do this and (b) don't have the margins to do this." ECF No. 296-20.

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Other Google documents provide further evidence of Plaintiffs' theory of antitrust impact. For example, Google's Chief Culture Officer stated that "[c]old calling into companies to recruit is to be expected unless they're on our 'don't call' list." ECF No. 291-41. Moreover, Google found that although referrals were the largest source of hires, "agencies and passively sourced candidates offer[ed] the highest yield." ECF No. 780-8. The spread of information between employees had there been active solicitations—which is central to Plaintiffs' theory of impact—is also demonstrated in Google's evidence. For example, one Google employee states that "[i]t's impossible to keep something like this a secret. The people getting counter offers talk, not just to Googlers and ex-Googlers, but also to the competitors where they received their offers (in the hopes of improving them), and those competitors talk too, using it as a tool to recruit more Googlers." ECF No. 296-23.

The wage structure and internal equity concerns at Google also support Plaintiffs' theory of impact. Google had many job families, many grades within job families, and many job titles within grades. See, e.g., ECF No. 298-7, ECF No. 298-8; see also Cisneros Decl., Ex. S (Brown Depo.) at 74-76 (discussing salary ranges utilized by Google); ECF No. 780-4 at 25-26 (testifying that Google's 2007 salary ranges had generally the same structure as the 2004 salary ranges). Throughout the Class period, Google utilized salary ranges and pay bands with minima and maxima and either means or medians. ECF No. 958-1 ¶ 66; see ECF No. 427-3 at 15-17. As explained by Shona Brown (former Google Senior Vice President, Business Operations), "if you discussed a specific role [at Google], you could understand that role was at a specific level on a certain job ladder." ECF No. 427-3 at 27-28; ECF No. 745-11. Frank Wagner (Google Director of Compensation) testified that he could locate the target salary range for jobs at Google through an internal company website. See ECF No. 780-4 at 31-32 ("Q: And if you wanted to identify what the target salary would be for a certain job within a certain grade, could you go online or go to some place . . . and pull up what that was for that job family and that grade? . . . A: Yes."). Moreover, Google considered internal equity to be an important goal. Google utilized a salary algorithm in part for the purpose of "[e]nsur[ing] internal equity by managing salaries within a

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reasonable range." ECF No. 814-19. Furthermore, because Google "strive[d] to achieve fairness in overall salary distribution," "high performers with low salaries [would] get larger percentage increases than high performers with high salaries." ECF No. 817-1 at 15.

In addition, Google analyzed and compared its equity compensation to Apple, Intel, Adobe, and Intuit, among other companies, each of which it designated as a "peer company" based on meeting criteria such as being a "high-tech company," a "high-growth company," and a "key labor market competitor." ECF No. 773-1. In 2007, based in part on an analysis of Google as compared to its peer companies, Mr. Bock and Dave Rolefson (Google Equity Compensation Manager) wrote that "[o]ur biggest labor market competitors are significantly exceeding their own guidelines to beat Google for talent." Id.

Finally, Google's own documents undermine Defendants' principal theory of lack of antitrust impact, that compensation decisions would be one off and not classwide. Alan Eustace (Google Senior Vice President) commented on concerns regarding competition for workers and Google's approach to counteroffers by noting that, "it sometimes makes sense to make changes in compensation, even if it introduces discontinuities in your current comp, to save your best people, and send a message to the hiring company that we'll fight for our best people." ECF No. 296-23. Because recruiting "a few really good people" could inspire "many, many others [to] follow," Mr. Eustace concluded, "[y]ou can't afford to be a rich target for other companies." *Id.* According to him, the "long-term . . . right approach is not to deal with these situations as one-off's but to have a systematic approach to compensation that makes it very difficult for anyone to get a better offer." Id. (emphasis added).

Google's impact on the labor market before the anti-solicitation agreements was best summarized by Meg Whitman (former CEO of eBay) who called Mr. Schmidt "to talk about [Google's] hiring practices." ECF No. 814-15. As Eric Schmidt told Google's senior executives, Ms. Whitman said "Google is the talk of the valley because [you] are driving up salaries across the board." Id. A year after this conversation, Google added eBay to its do-not-cold-call list. ECF No. 291-28.

3. Evidence Related to Intel

There is also compelling evidence against Intel. Google reacted to requests regarding enforcement of the anti-solicitation agreement made by Intel executives similarly to Google's reaction to Steve Jobs' request to enforce the agreements discussed above. For example, after Paul Otellini (CEO of Intel and Member of the Google Board of Directors) received an internal complaint regarding Google's successful recruiting efforts of Intel's technical employees on September 26, 2007, ECF No. 188-8 ("Paul, I am losing so many people to Google We are countering but thought you should know."), Mr. Otellini forwarded the email to Eric Schmidt (Google Executive Chairman, Member of the Board of Directors, and former CEO) and stated "Eric, can you pls help here????" *Id.* Mr. Schmidt obliged and forwarded the email to his recruiting team, who prepared a report for Mr. Schmidt on Google's activities. ECF No. 291-34. The next day, Mr. Schmidt replied to Mr. Otellini, "If we find that a recruiter called into Intel, we will terminate the recruiter," the same remedy afforded to violations of the Apple-Google agreement. ECF No. 531 at 37. In another email to Mr. Schmidt, Mr. Otellini stated, "Sorry to bother you again on this topic, but my guys are very troubled by Google continuing to recruit our key players." *See* ECF No. 428-8.

Moreover, Mr. Otellini was aware that the anti-solicitation agreement could be legally troublesome. Specifically, Mr. Otellini stated in an email to another Intel executive regarding the Google-Intel agreement: "Let me clarify. We have nothing signed. We have a handshake 'no recruit' between eric and myself. I would not like this broadly known." *Id*.

Furthermore, there is evidence that Mr. Otellini knew of the anti-solicitation agreements to which Intel was not a party. Specifically, both Sergey Brin (Google Co-Founder) and Mr. Schmidt of Google testified that they would have told Mr. Otellini that Google had an anti-solicitation agreement with Apple. ECF No. 639-1 at 74:15 ("I'm sure that we would have mentioned it[.]"); ECF No. 819-12 at 60 ("I'm sure I spoke with Paul about this at some point."). Intel's own expert testified that Mr. Otellini was likely aware of Google's other bilateral agreements by virtue of Mr. Otellini's membership on Google's board. ECF No. 771 at 4. The fact that Intel was added to

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Google's do-not-cold-call list on the same day that Apple was added further suggests Intel's participation in an overarching conspiracy. ECF No. 291-28.

Additionally, notwithstanding the fact that Intel and Google were competitors for talent, Mr. Otellini "lifted from Google" a Google document discussing the bonus plans of peer companies including Apple and Intel. Cisneros Decl., Ex. 463. True competitors for talent would not likely share such sensitive bonus information absent agreements not to compete.

Moreover, key documents related to antitrust impact also implicate Intel. Specifically, Intel recognized the importance of cold calling and stated in its "Complete Guide to Sourcing" that "[Cold] [c]alling candidates is one of the most efficient and effective ways to recruit." ECF No. 296-22. Intel also benchmarked compensation against other "tech companies generally considered comparable to Intel," which Intel defined as a "[b]lend of semiconductor, software, networking, communications, and diversified computer companies." ECF No. 754-2. According to Intel, in 2007, these comparable companies included Apple and Google. *Id.* These documents suggest, as Plaintiffs contend, that the anti-solicitation agreements led to structural, rather than individual depression, of Class members' wages.

Furthermore, Intel had a "compensation structure," with job grades and job classifications. See ECF No. 745-13 at 73 ("[W]e break jobs into one of three categories—job families, we call them—R&D, tech, and nontech, there's a lot more "). The company assigned employees to a grade level based on their skills and experience. ECF No. 745-11 at 23; see also ECF No. 749-17 at 45 (explaining that everyone at Intel is assigned a "classification" similar to a job grade). Intel standardized its salary ranges throughout the company; each range applied to multiple jobs, and most jobs spanned multiple salary grades. ECF No. 745-16 at 59. Intel further broke down its salary ranges into quartiles, and compensation at Intel followed "a bell-curve distribution, where most of the employees are in the middle quartiles, and a much smaller percentage are in the bottom and top quartiles." *Id.* at 62-63.

Intel also used a software tool to provide guidance to managers about an employee's pay range which would also take into account market reference ranges and merit. ECF No. 758-9. As For the Northern District of California

explained by Randall Goodwin (Intel Technology Development Manager), "[i]f the tool recommended something and we thought we wanted to make a proposed change that was outside its guidelines, we would write some justification." ECF No. 749-15 at 52. Similarly, Intel regularly ran reports showing the salary range distribution of its employees. ECF No. 749-16 at 64.

The evidence also supports the rigidity of Intel's wage structure. For example, in a 2004 Human Resources presentation, Intel states that, although "[c]ompensation differentiation is desired by Intel's Meritocracy philosophy," "short and long term high performer differentiation is questionable." ECF No. 758-10 at 13. Indeed, Intel notes that "[l]ack of differentiation has existed historically based on an analysis of '99 data." *Id.* at 19. As key "[v]ulnerability [c]hallenges," Intel identifies: (1) "[m]anagers (*in*)ability to distinguish at [f]ocal"—"actual merit increases are significantly reduced from system generated increases," "[l]ong term threat to retention of key players"; (2) "[l]ittle to no actual pay differentiation for HPs [high performers]"; and (3) "[n]o explicit strategy to differentiate." *Id.* at 24 (emphasis added).

In addition, Intel used internal equity "to determine wage rates for new hires and current employees that correspond to each job's relative value to Intel." ECF No. 749-16 at 210-11; ECF No. 961-5. To assist in that process, Intel used a tool that generates an "Internal Equity Report" when making offers to new employees. ECF No. 749-16 at 212-13. In the words of Ogden Reid (Intel Director of Compensation and Benefits), "[m]uch of our culture screams egalitarianism While we play lip service to meritocracy, we really believe more in treating everyone the same within broad bands." ECF No. 769-8.

An Intel human resources document from 2002—prior to the anti-solicitation agreements—recognized "continuing inequities in the alignment of base salaries/EB targets between hired and acquired Intel employees" and "parallel issues relating to accurate job grading within these two populations." ECF No. 750-15. In response, Intel planned to: (1) "Review exempt job grade assignments for job families with 'critical skills.' Make adjustments, as appropriate"; and (2) "Validate perception of inequities Scope impact to employees. Recommend adjustments, as

appropriate." *Id.* An Intel human resources document confirms that, in or around 2004, "[n]ew hire salary premiums *drove* salary range adjustment." ECF No. 298-5 at 7 (emphasis added).

Intel would "match an Intel job code in grade to a market survey job code in grade," ECF No. 749-16 at 89, and use that as part of the process for determining its "own focal process or pay delivery," *id.* at 23. If job codes fell below the midpoint, plus or minus a certain percent, the company made "special market adjustment[s]." *Id.* at 90.

4. Evidence Related to Adobe

Evidence from Adobe also suggests that Adobe was aware of the impact of its antisolicitation agreements. Adobe personnel recognized that "Apple would be a great target to look into" for the purpose of recruiting, but knew that they could not do so because, "[u]nfortunately, Bruce [Chizen (former Adobe CEO)] and Apple CEO Steve Jobs have a gentleman's agreement not to poach each other's talent." ECF No. 291-13. Adobe executives were also part and parcel of the group of high-ranking executives that entered into, enforced, and attempted to expand the antisolicitation agreements. Specifically, Mr. Chizen, in response to discovering that Apple was recruiting employees of Macromedia (a separate entity that Adobe would later acquire), helped ensure, through an email to Mr. Jobs, that Apple would honor Apple's pre-existing anti-solicitation agreements with both Adobe and Macromedia after Adobe's acquisition of Macromedia. ECF No. 608-3 at 50.

Adobe viewed Google and Apple to be among its top competitors for talent and expressed concern about whether Adobe was "winning the talent war." ECF No. 296-3. Adobe further considered itself in a "six-horse race from a benefits standpoint," which included Google, Apple, and Intuit as among the other "horses." *See* ECF No. 296-4. In 2008, Adobe benchmarked its compensation against nine companies including Google, Apple, and Intel. ECF No. 296-4; *cf.* ECF No. 652-6 (showing that, in 2010, Adobe considered Intuit to be a "direct peer," and considered Apple, Google, and Intel to be "reference peers," though Adobe did not actually benchmark compensation against these latter companies).

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Nevertheless, despite viewing other Defendants as competitors, evidence from Adobe suggests that Adobe had knowledge of the bilateral agreements to which Adobe was not a party. Specifically, Adobe shared confidential compensation information with other Defendants, despite the fact that Adobe viewed at least some of the other Defendants as competitors and did not have a bilateral agreement with them. For example, HR personnel at Intuit and at Adobe exchanged information labeled "confidential" regarding how much compensation each firm would give and to which employees that year. ECF No. 652-8. Adobe and Intuit shared confidential compensation information even though the two companies had no bilateral anti-solicitation agreement, and Adobe viewed Intuit as a direct competitor for talent. Such direct competitors for talent would not likely share such sensitive compensation information in the absence of an overarching conspiracy.

Meanwhile, Google circulated an email that expressly discussed how its "budget is comparable to other tech companies" and compared the precise percentage of Google's merit budget increases to that of Adobe, Apple, and Intel. ECF No. 807-13. Google had Adobe's precise percentage of merit budget increases even though Google and Adobe had no bilateral antisolicitation agreement. Such sharing of sensitive compensation information among competitors is further evidence of an overarching conspiracy.

Adobe recognized that in the absence of the anti-solicitation agreements, pay increases would be necessary, echoing Plaintiffs' theory of impact. For example, out of concern that one employee—a "star performer" due to his technical skills, intelligence, and collaborative abilities might leave Adobe because "he could easily get a great job elsewhere if he desired," Adobe considered how best to retain him. ECF No. 799-22. In so doing, Adobe expressed concern about the fact that this employee had already interviewed with four other companies and communicated with friends who worked there. Id. Thus, Adobe noted that the employee "was aware of his value in the market" as well as the fact that the employee's friends from college were "making approximately \$15k more per year than he [wa]s." Id. In response, Adobe decided to give the employee an immediate pay raise. Id.

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Plaintiffs' theory of impact is also supported by evidence that every job position at Adobe
was assigned a job title, and every job title had a corresponding salary range within Adobe's salary
structure, which included a salary minimum, middle, and maximum. See ECF No. 804-17 at 4, 8,
72, 85-86. Adobe expected that the distribution of its existing employees' salaries would fit "a bell
curve." ECF No. 749-5 at 57. To assist managers in staying within the prescribed ranges for setting
and adjusting salaries, Adobe had an online salary planning tool as well as salary matrices, which
provided managers with guidelines based on market salary data. See ECF No. 804-17 at 29-30
("[E]ssentially the salary planning tool is populated with employee information for a particular
manager, so the employees on their team [sic]. You have the ability to kind of look at their current
compensation. It shows them what the range is for the current role that they're in The tool also
has the ability to provide kind of the guidelines that we recommend in terms of how managers
might want to think about spending their allocated budget."). Adobe's practice, if employees were
below the minimum recommended salary range, was to "adjust them to the minimum as part of the
annual review" and "red flag them." <i>Id.</i> at 12. Deviations from the salary ranges would also result
in conversations with managers, wherein Adobe's officers explained, "we have a minimum for a
reason because we believe you need to be in this range to be competitive." <i>Id.</i>

Internal equity was important at Adobe, as it was at other Defendants. As explained by Debbie Streeter (Adobe Vice President, Total Rewards), Adobe "always look[ed] at internal equity as a data point, because if you are going to go hire somebody externally that's making . . . more than somebody who's an existing employee that's a high performer, you need to know that before you bring them in." ECF No.749-5 at 175. Similarly, when considering whether to extend a counteroffer, Adobe advised "internal equity should ALWAYS be considered." ECF No. 746-7 at 5.

Moreover, Donna Morris (Adobe Senior Vice President, Global Human Resources Division) expressed concern "about internal equity due to compression (the market driving pay for new hires above the current employees)." ECF No. 298-9 ("Reality is new hires are requiring base pay at or above the midpoint due to an increasingly aggressive market."). Adobe personnel stated

that, because of the fixed budget, they may not be able to respond to the problem immediately "but could look at [compression] for FY2006 if market remains aggressive." *Id*.

D. Weaknesses in Plaintiffs' Case

Plaintiffs contend that though this evidence is compelling, there are also weaknesses in Plaintiffs' case that make trial risky. Plaintiffs contend that these risks are substantial. Specifically, Plaintiffs point to the following challenges that they would have faced in presenting their case to a jury: (1) convincing a jury to find a single overarching conspiracy among the seven Defendants in light of the fact that several pairs of Defendants did not have anti-solicitation agreements with each other; (2) proving damages in light of the fact that Defendants intended to present six expert economists that would attack the methodology of Plaintiffs' experts; and (3) overcoming the fact that Class members' compensation has increased in the last ten years despite a sluggish economy and overcoming general anti-tech worker sentiment in light of the perceived and actual wealth of Class members. Plaintiffs also point to outstanding legal issues, such as the pending motions in limine and the pending motion to determine whether the per se or rule of reason analysis should apply, which could have aided Defendants' ability to present a case that the bilateral agreements had a pro-competitive purpose. *See* ECF No. 938 at 10-14.

The Court recognizes that Plaintiffs face substantial risks if they proceed to trial.

Nonetheless, the Court cannot, in light of the evidence above, conclude that the instant settlement amount is within the range of reasonableness, particularly compared to the settlements with the Settled Defendants and the subsequent development of the litigation. The Court further notes that there is evidence in the record that mitigate at least some of the weaknesses in Plaintiffs' case.

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Adobe also benchmarked compensation off external sources, which supports Plaintiffs' theory of Class-wide impact and undermines Defendants' theory that the anti-solicitation agreements had only one off, non-structural effects. For example, Adobe pegged its compensation structure as a "percentile" of average market compensation according to survey data from companies such as Radford. ECF No. 804-17 at 4. Mr. Chizen explained that the particular market targets that Adobe used as benchmarks for setting salary ranges "tended to be software, high-tech, those that were geographically similar to wherever the position existed." ECF No. 962-7 at 22. This demonstrated that the salary structures of the various Defendants were linked, such that the effect of one Defendant's salary structure would ripple across to the other Defendants through external sources like Radford.

As to proving an overarching conspiracy, several pieces of evidence undermine
Defendants' contentions that the bilateral agreements were unrelated to each other. Importantly,
two individuals, Steve Jobs (Co-Founder, Former Chairman, and Former CEO of Apple) and Bill
Campbell (Chairman of Intuit Board of Directors, Co-Lead Director of Apple, and advisor to
Google), personally entered into or facilitated each of the bilateral agreements in this case.
Specifically, Mr. Jobs and George Lucas (former Chairman and CEO of Lucasfilm), created the
initial anti-solicitation agreement between Lucasfilm and Pixar when Mr. Jobs was an executive at
Pixar. Thereafter, Apple, under the leadership of Mr. Jobs, entered into an agreement with Pixar,
which, as discussed below, Pixar executives compared to the Lucasfilm-Pixar agreement. It was
Mr. Jobs again, who, as discussed above, reached out to Sergey Brin (Google Co-Founder) and
Eric Schmidt (Google Executive Chairman, Member of the Board of Directors, and former CEO)
to create the Apple-Google agreement. This agreement was reached with the assistance of Mr.
Campbell, who was Intuit's Board Chairman, a friend of Mr. Jobs, and an advisor to Google. The
Apple-Google agreement was discussed at Google Board meetings, at which both Mr. Campbell
and Paul Otellini (Chief Executive Officer of Intel and Member of the Google Board of Directors)
were present. ECF No. 819-10 at 47. After discussions between Mr. Brin and Mr. Otellini and
between Mr. Schmidt and Mr. Otellini, Intel was added to Google's do-not-cold-call list. Mr.
Campbell then used his influence at Google to successfully lobby Google to add Intuit, of which
Mr. Campbell was Chairman of the Board of Directors, to Google's do-not-cold-call list. See ECF
No. 780-6 at 8-9. Moreover, it was a mere two months after Mr. Jobs entered into the Apple-
Google agreement that Apple pressured Bruce Chizen (former CEO of Adobe) to enter into an
Apple-Adobe agreement. ECF No. 291-17. As this discussion demonstrates, Mr. Jobs and Mr.
Campbell were the individuals most closely linked to the formation of each step of the alleged
conspiracy, as they were present in the process of forming each of the links.

In light of the overlapping nature of this small group of executives who negotiated and enforced the anti-solicitation agreements, it is not surprising that these executives knew of the other bilateral agreements to which their own firms were not a party. For example, both Mr. Brin and

Mr. Schmidt of Google testified that they would have told Mr. Otellini of Intel that Google had an
anti-solicitation agreement with Apple. ECF No. 639-1 at 74:15 ("I'm sure we would have
mentioned it[.]"); ECF No. 819-12 at 60 ("I'm sure I spoke with Paul about this at some point.").
Intel's own expert testified that Mr. Otellini was likely aware of Google's other bilateral
agreements by virtue of Mr. Otellini's membership on Google's board. ECF No. 771 at 4.
Moreover, Google recruiters knew of the Adobe-Apple agreement. Id. (Google recruiter's notation
that Apple has "a serious 'hands-off' policy with Adobe"). In addition, Mr. Schmidt of Google
testified that it would be "fair to extrapolate" based on Mr. Schmidt's knowledge of Mr. Jobs, that
Mr. Jobs "would have extended [anti-solicitation agreements] to others." ECF No. 638-8 at 170.
Furthermore, it was this same mix of top executives that successfully and unsuccessfully attempted
to expand the agreement to other companies in Silicon Valley, such as eBay, Facebook,
Macromedia, and Palm, as discussed above, suggesting that the agreements were neither isolated
nor one off agreements.

In addition, the six bilateral agreements contained nearly identical terms, precluding each pair of Defendants from affirmatively soliciting any of each other's employees. ECF No. 531 at 30. Moreover, as discussed above, Defendants recognized the similarity of the agreements. For example, Google lumped together Apple, Intel, and Intuit on Google's "do-not-cold-call" list. Furthermore, Google's "do-not-cold-call" list stated that the Apple-Google agreement and the Intel-Google agreement commenced on the same date. Finally, in an email, Lori McAdams (Pixar Vice President of Human Resources and Administration), explicitly compared the anti-solicitation agreements, stating that "effective now, we'll follow a gentleman's agreement with Apple that is similar to our Lucasfilm agreement." ECF No. 531 at 26.

As to the contention that Plaintiffs would have to rebut Defendants' contentions that the anti-solicitation agreements aided collaborations and were therefore pro-competitive, there is no documentary evidence that links the anti-solicitation agreements to any collaboration. None of the documents that memorialize collaboration agreements mentions the broad anti-solicitation agreements, and none of the documents that memorialize broad anti-solicitation agreements

mentions collaborations. Furthermore, even Defendants' experts conceded that those closest to the
collaborations did not know of the anti-solicitation agreements. ECF No. 852-1 at 8. In addition,
Defendants' top executives themselves acknowledge the lack of any collaborative purpose. For
example, Mr. Chizen of Adobe admitted that the Adobe-Apple anti-solicitation agreement was "not
limited to any particular projects on which Apple and Adobe were collaborating." ECF No. 962-7
at 42. Moreover, the U.S. Department of Justice ("DOJ") also determined that the anti-solicitation
agreements "were not ancillary to any legitimate collaboration," "were broader than reasonably
necessary for the formation or implementation of any collaborative effort," and "disrupted the
normal price-setting mechanisms that apply in the labor setting." ECF No. 93-1 ¶ 16; ECF No. 93-
4 ¶ 7. The DOJ concluded that Defendants entered into agreements that were restraints of trade that
were per se unlawful under the antitrust laws. ECF No. 93-1 ¶ 35; ECF No. 93-4 ¶ 3. Thus, despite
the fact that Defendants have claimed since the beginning of this litigation that there were pro-
competitive purposes related to collaborations for the anti-solicitation agreements and despite the
fact that the purported collaborations were central to Defendants' motions for summary judgment,
Defendants have failed to produce persuasive evidence that these anti-solicitation agreements
related to collaborations or were pro-competitive.

IV. CONCLUSION

This Court has lived with this case for nearly three years, and during that time, the Court has reviewed a significant number of documents in adjudicating not only the substantive motions, but also the voluminous sealing requests. Having done so, the Court cannot conclude that the instant settlement falls within the range of reasonableness. As this Court stated in its summary judgment order, there is ample evidence of an overarching conspiracy between the seven Defendants, including "[t]he similarities in the various agreements, the small number of intertwining high-level executives who entered into and enforced the agreements, Defendants' knowledge about the other agreements, the sharing and benchmarking of confidential compensation information among Defendants and even between firms that did not have bilateral anti-solicitation agreements, along with Defendants' expansion and attempted expansion of the

anti-solicitation agreements." ECF No. 771 at 7-8. Moreover, as discussed above and in this Court's class certification order, the evidence of Defendants' rigid wage structures and internal equity concerns, along with statements from Defendants' own executives, are likely to prove compelling in establishing the impact of the anti-solicitation agreements: a Class-wide depression of wages.

In light of this evidence, the Court is troubled by the fact that the instant settlement with Remaining Defendants is proportionally lower than the settlements with the Settled Defendants. This concern is magnified by the fact that the case evolved in Plaintiffs' favor since those settlements. At the time those settlements were reached, Defendants still could have defeated class certification before this Court, Defendants still could have successfully sought appellate review and reversal of any class certification, Defendants still could have prevailed on summary judgment, or Defendants still could have succeeded in their attempt to exclude Plaintiffs' principal expert. In contrast, the instant settlement was reached a mere month before trial was set to commence and after these opportunities for Defendants had evaporated. While the unpredictable nature of trial would have undoubtedly posed challenges for Plaintiffs, the exposure for Defendants was even more substantial, both in terms of the potential of more than \$9 billion in damages and in terms of other collateral consequences, including the spotlight that would have been placed on the evidence discussed in this Order and other evidence and testimony that would have been brought to light. The procedural history and proximity to trial should have increased, not decreased, Plaintiffs' leverage from the time the settlements with the Settled Defendants were reached a year ago.

The Court acknowledges that Class counsel have been zealous advocates for the Class and have funded this litigation themselves against extraordinarily well-resourced adversaries.

Moreover, there very well may be weaknesses and challenges in Plaintiffs' case that counsel cannot reveal to this Court. Nonetheless, the Court concludes that the Remaining Defendants should, at a minimum, pay their fair share as compared to the Settled Defendants, who resolved their case with Plaintiffs at a stage of the litigation where Defendants had much more leverage over Plaintiffs.

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United States District Court For the Northern District of California

For the foregoing reasons, the Court D	DENIES Plaintiffs' Motion for Preliminary Approval
of the settlements with Remaining Defendants	s. The Court further sets a Case Management
Conference for September 10, 2014 at 2 p.m.	
IT IS SO ORDERED.	
Dated: August 8, 2014	LUCY H. KOH United States District Judge

JUNE 19, 2014 HEARING TRANSCRIPT

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1	UNITEI	STATES DISTRICT COURT			1	SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA JUNE 19, 2014
2	NORTHER	N DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	<u>.</u>		2	PROCEEDINGS
3		SAN JOSE DIVISION		01:50PM	3	(COURT CONVENED AT 1:50 P.M.)
4				01:50PM	4	THE CLERK: CALLING CASE NUMBER C-11-02509 LHK, IN
5	IN RE: HIGH-TECH EMPLOY	TEE) C-11-0250	9 T.HK	01:50PM	5	RE: HIGH-TECH EMPLOYEE ANTITRUST LITIGATION.
6	ANTITRUST LITIGATION,)	CALIFORNIA	01:50PM	6	MS. DERMODY: GOOD AFTERNOON, YOUR HONOR.
7))) JUNE 19,		01:50PM	7	KELLY DERMODY FROM LEIFF CABRASER. WITH ME ARE MY PARTNERS,
8	THIS DOCUMENT RELATES T ALL ACTIONS) PAGES 1-7	6	01:50PM	8	BRENDAN GLACKIN AND DEAN HARVEY.
9)		01:50PM	9	MR. SAVERI: GOOD AFTERNOON, YOUR HONOR.
10		SCRIPT OF PROCEEDINGS		01:50PM	10	JOSEPH SAVERI.
11		THE HONORABLE LUCY H. KON STATES DISTRICT JUDGE	I	01:51PM	11	MR. GIRARD: GOOD AFTERNOON. I'M DAN GIRARD
13	APPEARANCES:			01:51PM	12	APPEARING FOR CLASS REPRESENTATIVE MICHAEL DEVINE.
14	FOR THE PLAINTIFFS:	JOSEPH SAVERI LAW FIRM BY: JOSEPH SAVERI		01:51PM	13	THE COURT: OKAY.
15		255 CALIFORNIA STREET, S SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNI		01:51PM	14	MR. VAN NEST: GOOD AFTERNOON, YOUR HONOR.
16				01:51PM	15	BOB VAN NEST, KEKER & VAN NEST, HERE FOR GOOGLE, AND I'M HERE
17		LIEFF, CABRASER, HEIMANN & BERNSTEIN		01:51PM	16	WITH JUSTINA SESSIONS.
18		BY: KELLY M. DERMODY BRENDAN P. GLACKIN		01:51PM	17	THE COURT: OKAY.
19		DEAN M. HARVEY 275 BATTERY STREET, 30TH		01:51PM	18	MR. RILEY: GOOD AFTERNOON, YOUR HONOR. GEORGE RILEY
20		SAN FRANCISCO, CALIFORNI	A 94111	01:51PM	19	OF O'MELVENY & MYERS. I REPRESENT APPLE. I'M HERE WITH MY
21	APPEARAN	ES CONTINUED ON NEXT PAG	Æ	01:51PM	20	COLLEAGUE, CHRISTINA BROWN.
22			_	01:51PM	21	MS. KAHN: GOOD AFTERNOON. LIN KAHN FROM JONES DAY
23	OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER	: LEE-ANNE SHORTRIDO CERTIFICATE NUMBE		01:51PM	22	ON BEHALF OF ADOBE.
24		ORDED BY MECHANICAL STEM		01:51PM	23	MR. PERRY: AND STEVE PERRY FROM MUNGER TOLLES FOR
25	TRANSCRI	PT PRODUCED WITH COMPUTE	R	01:51PM	24	INTEL.
				01:51PM	25	THE COURT: OKAY. GOOD AFTERNOON TO EVERYONE AND
	UNITED	STATES COURT REPORTERS				UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
1	ADDEAD ANOTO (CONTINUE	D)	2			4
1	APPEARANCES (CONTINUE			01:51PM	1	WELCOME.
2		PH R. SAVERI		01:51PM	2	HOW MANY OPT OUTS TO THE LITIGATION CLASS WERE
3		GOMERY STREET, SUIT CISCO, CALIFORNIA 94		01:51PM	3	MS. DERMODY: YOUR HONOR, WE CAN GET THAT NUMBER FOR
4				01:51PM	4	YOU, IT WAS NOT VERY MANY.
5		KER & VAN NEST ROBERT A. VAN NEST		01:51PM	5	THE COURT: OKAY, HOW MANY OPT OUTS WERE THERE TO
6		IA K. SESSIONS ERY STREET		01:51PM	6	THE LUCASFILM/PIXAR SETTLEMENT?
7		CISCO, CALIFORNIA 94	1111		7	
8		MELVENY & MYERS		01:52PM		MS. DERMODY: I THINK IT WAS 160, SOMEWHERE IN THERE,
9	CHRIS	TORGE A. RILEY TINA BROWN		01:52PM	8	155 OR SOMETHING LIKE THAT, YOUR HONOR. IT WAS IN YOUR ORDER.
10	28TH FLO			01:52PM	9	AND THERE WERE NOT THAT MANY MORE THAT WERE JUST
11		CISCO, CALIFORNIA 94	1111		10	LITIGATION. IT WAS DE MINIMIS.
12	ADOBE: BY: L	ONES DAY IN W. KAHN			11	THE COURT: OKAY. WHAT ABOUT FOR INTUIT CLASS? ARE
13		ORNIA STREET, 26TH F CISCO, CALIFORNIA 94			12	THOSE
14	FOR DEFENDANT MI	JNGER, TOLLES & OLSE	N	01:52PM		MS. DERMODY: I MEAN ALL TOGETHER.
15	INTEL: BY: ST	EVEN M. PERRY H GRAND AVENUE, 35T			14	THE COURT: IF I REMEMBER, THOSE WERE THE SAME.
16		LES, CALIFORNIA 9007		01:52PM		MS. DERMODY: YES.
17	EOD MICHAEL DEVINE	GIRARD GIBBS		01:52PM		THE COURT: THEY OPTED OUT OF BOTH. BUT DID THEY
	BY: DANI	EL C. GIRARD	1.00D		17	ALSO OPT OUT OF THE LITIGATION CLASS SIMULTANEOUSLY, OR NOT?
18		ORNIA STREET, 14TH F CISCO, CALIFORNIA 94		01:52PM	18	MS. DERMODY: THERE WERE SOME THAT DID. IT WAS KIND
19				01:52PM	19	OF A MIX, DIFFERENT BUCKETS. THERE WERE MOSTLY PEOPLE THAT IF
20				01:52PM	20	THEY OPTED OUT, THEY OPTED OUT OF THE SETTLEMENTS OF THE PIXAR,
21				01:52PM	21	LUCAS, AND INTUIT, AND THEN THERE WERE SOME ADDITIONAL ONES
22				01:52PM	22	THAT OPTED OUT OF THE LITIGATION THAT WAS ONGOING.
					23	
23				01:52PM	23	THE COURT: SO YOU DON'T KNOW THE NUMBER OF THE
23 24					24	LITIGATION OPT OUTS AT THIS TIME?
					24	

	_		_
01:52PM 1	5 MANY MORE PEOPLE, YOUR HONOR. IT WAS A SMALL NUMBER OF PEOPLE.	01:55PM 1	7 SETTLEMENT?
01:52PM 2	MAYBE YOU ALL REMEMBER IT BETTER THAN I DO, BUT IT WAS	01:55PM 2	MS. DERMODY: THERE WAS A
01:52PM 3	TOTAL	01:55PM 3	THE COURT: I DON'T HAVE THAT.
01:52PM 4	THE COURT: DOES ANYBODY KNOW?	01:55PM 4	MS. DERMODY: IT'S IN THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT, YOUR
01:52PM 5	MS. DERMODY: TOTAL OPT OUTS? IT WAS IN THE LOW	01:55PM 5	HONOR. WE CAN PULL IT UP.
01:53PM 6	HUNDREDS. WE CAN GET THAT RIGHT NOW.	01:55PM 6	THE CONCEPT OF THERE BEING A PRO RATA REDUCTION FOR A
01:53PM 7	THE COURT: IS THAT GOING TO COUNT TOWARDS THE 4	01:55PM 7	CERTAIN NUMBER OF OPT OUTS AND THE CONCEPT OF THERE BEING A
01:53PM 8	PERCENT OPT OUTS?	01:55PM 8	TERMINATION POSSIBILITY WITH A CERTAIN NUMBER OF OPT OUTS WAS
01:53PM 9	MS. DERMODY: IT'S NOT, YOUR HONOR, NO. THIS WOULD	01:55PM 9	SOMETHING THAT HAPPENED IN THE PRIOR SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS.
01:53PM 10	BE 4 PERCENT ON TOP OF WHAT HAS ALREADY BEEN AN OPT OUT NUMBER.	01:55PM 10	THE COURT: OH, OKAY. CAN I SEE THAT? BECAUSE I'M
01:53PM 11	AND GIVEN THE	01:55PM 11	SORRY, I DON'T RECALL THAT.
01:53PM 12	THE COURT: I GUESS I DON'T UNDERSTAND. 4 PERCENT ON	01:55PM 11	MS. DERMODY: YES, YOUR HONOR. WE'LL FIND THAT FOR
01:53PM 13	TOP OF IT	01:55PM 12	YOU. I'M AFRAID I DON'T HAVE IT IN FRONT OF ME. I DIDN'T
01:53PM 13	MS. DERMODY: SO THERE ARE SOME PEOPLE THAT ARE NO	01:55PM 13	BRING THAT WITH ME TODAY.
01:53PM 14	LONGER IN THE CLASS BECAUSE THEY'VE OPTED OUT. AS THE CASE IS	01:56PM 14	THE COURT: OKAY.
01:53PM 15	CURRENTLY COMPOSED. THOSE PEOPLE DO NOT EXIST IN THE CASE	01:56PM 15	MS. DERMODY: BUT WE'LL LOCATE IT.
01:53PM 10		01:56PM 17	
01:53PM 17 01:53PM 18	ANYMORE.	01:56PM 17 01:56PM 18	THE COURT: OKAY.
01:53PM 10	THE COURT: UM-HUM.	01:56PM 10	MS. DERMODY: AND IF IT WOULD HELP YOUR HONOR
01:53PM 19	MS. DERMODY: THE PRO RATA REDUCTION THAT YOU SAW,	01:56PM 19	THE COURT: IS PARVES SYED MOHAMED OBJECTING? I KNOW
01:53PM 20	YOUR HONOR, IN THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT WOULD ONLY KICK IN IF	01:56PM 20	YOU HAD A FOOTNOTE IN YOUR MOTION THAT YOU DIDN'T THINK THAT HE
01:53PM 21	THEY KNEW 4 PERCENT, SOMETHING IN EXCESS OF 2500 PEOPLE NOW, IN	01:56PM 21	WAS. WHAT DID YOU BASE THAT ON?
01:53PM 22 01:53PM 23	ADDITION, OPTED OUT.	01:56PM 22	MS. DERMODY: A CONVERSATION WITH HIM, YOUR HONOR.
01:53PM 23	SO IT WOULD BE A SIGNIFICANTLY LARGER, EXPONENTIALLY	01:56PM 23	AT THE TIME THAT WE AFTER WE REVIEWED THAT LETTER, WE SPOKE
01:53PM 24 01:53PM 25	LARGER NUMBER OF PEOPLE THAN OPTED OUT THE FIRST TIME.	01:56PM 24	WITH HIM. IT WAS OUR UNDERSTANDING THAT HE HAD AN INTENT TO
01:53PM ZJ	THE COURT: YOU KNOW, THE SETTLEMENT WITH LUCASFILM,	01:56PM ZJ	WITHDRAW THAT OBJECTION.
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	6		8
01:53PM 1	PIXAR, AND INTUIT DIDN'T HAVE THIS 4 PERCENT REVERTER. WHY	01:56PM 1	TO DATE THAT HASN'T HAPPENED. I DON'T KNOW WHETHER OR NOT
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	9		11
01:57PM	1 THE COURT: OKAY.	02:00PM 1	APPROVAL NOW, THE WRITING IS ON THE WALL THAT WE'LL GET TO THAT
01:57PM	2 MR. GIRARD: SO TO START WITH, THE ARGUMENT IS MADE	02:01PM 2	POINT AND THEY'LL SAY IT'S A SMALL AMOUNT AND, THEREFORE, THE
01:58PM	THAT THE SETTLEMENT IS LARGE, PUT IT THAT WAY, \$324.5 MILLION,	02:01PM 3	MOST MOST OF THE CLASS IS HAPPY WITH THE SETTLEMENT AND THE
01:58PM	4 AND IT IS INDISPUTABLY A VERY LARGE AMOUNT OF MONEY.	02:01PM 4	COURT SHOULD APPROVE IT.
01:58PM	THE PERSPECTIVE THAT MR. DEVINE IS APPROACHING IS HIS	02:01PM 5	WHAT'S UNIQUE ABOUT THIS CASE, I THINK AND PLAINTIFFS'
01:58PM	6 PERSPECTIVE AS AN INDIVIDUAL. IT'S NOT LOOKING BACK AND	02:01PM 6	COUNSEL POINTED OUT THAT MOST OF THE CASES WHERE THE COURTS ARE
01:58PM	7 SAYING, "IS IT OR ISN'T IT A BIG AMOUNT OF MONEY?"	02:01PM 7	PUSHING BACK AT PRELIMINARY APPROVAL, A NUMBER OF THOSE CASES
01:58PM	8 HIS PERSPECTIVE IS THAT WHAT THIS REPRESENTS FOR HIM IS	02:01PM 8	INVOLVE FAIRLY QUESTIONABLE SETTLEMENTS AND NOT THE BEST WORK
01:58PM	9 AROUND \$3500 TO \$3600, AND FOR THAT PRICE, IF YOU ASKED HIM,	02:01PM 9	NECESSARILY DONE BY PLAINTIFFS' COUNSEL, AND THAT'S NOT THE
01:58PM 1	0 "WOULD YOU BE WILLING TO GIVE THE DEFENDANTS THE RIGHT TO	02:01PM 10	ARGUMENT WE'RE MAKING HERE.
01:58PM 1	1 MANIPULATE THE MARKET FOR THE SERVICES HE PROVIDES FOR FOUR	02:01PM 11	BUT THIS COURT, IN THIS PARTICULAR CASE, IS UNIQUELY
01:58PM 1	2 YEARS FOR \$3600, OR WOULD YOU PREFER TO TAKE YOUR CHANCES,	02:01PM 12	SITUATED TO EXERCISE ITS DISCRETION AT THIS STAGE, AND THIS IS
01:58PM 1	3 KNOWING THAT YOU MIGHT LOSE THAT MONEY, BUT YOU MIGHT ALSO GET	02:01PM 13	REALLY WHAT PRELIMINARY APPROVAL IS, IS THE COURT ACTING AS A
01:58PM 1	4 A LOT MORE?"	02:01PM 14	GATEKEEPER.
01:58PM 1	AND SPECIFICALLY HERE WE THINK THAT IF THE PLAINTIFFS WIN	02:01PM 15	YOU KNOW, WHAT'S INTERESTING ABOUT RULE 23 IS THERE'S
01:58PM 1	6 UNDER THEIR MODEL, THAT LOT MORE IS \$144,000, APPROXIMATELY.	02:01PM 16	NOTHING IN THERE ABOUT PRELIMINARY APPROVAL. WE COULDN'T FIND
01:59PM 1	7 I THINK, IF HE'S RATIONAL, HIS ANSWER AND HE IS AND	02:01PM 17	A SINGLE CIRCUIT LEVEL DECISION WHERE A COURT SAYS THIS IS THE
01:59PM 1	8 HIS ANSWER IS, "WHAT ARE MY CHANCES? ARE MY CHANCES 97 AND A	02:01PM 18	STANDARD THAT YOU, AS A DISTRICT COURT, ARE REQUIRED TO APPLY.
01:59PM 1	9 HALF PERCENT THAT I WILL DO WORSE THAN THIS \$3600?"	02:01PM 19	THE DISTRICT COURTS REPEAT THE STANDARD GENERALLY THAT THE
01:59PM 2	AND HE SAYS, "GIVEN THOSE ODDS, I DON'T THINK SO. I'LL	02:02PM 20	COURT IS MAKING AN OVERALL ASSESSMENT OF THE FAIRNESS AND
01:59PM 2		02:02PM 21	LOOKING FOR SIGNS OF COLLUSION.
01:59PM 2	2 AND HE'S HERE SPEAKING FOR THAT PERSPECTIVE, WHICH IS THAT	02:02PM 22	BUT AT THE SAME TIME, THE INSTRUCTION IS TO THIS COURT TO
01:59PM 2		02:02PM 23	LOOK HARD AND, IF YOU HAVE CONCERNS, TO EXPRESS THOSE CONCERNS
01:59PM 2	_	02:02PM 24	NOW.
01:59PM 2	5 HOW BIG THE SETTLEMENT IS, IS INSUFFICIENT, IN HIS MIND, IN	02:02PM 25	
		02:02PM 2 3	SO WHAT MR. DEVINE'S POSITION IS IS THAT FROM THE
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS	02:02PM 23	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS 10		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS 12
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS 10 1 RELATION TO WHAT HE STANDS TO GAIN IF THIS CASE GOES FORWARD.	02:02PM 1	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS 12 PERSPECTIVE OF ANY INDIVIDUAL MEMBER OF THIS CLASS, IF YOU'RE
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02:03PM **22**

02:03PM **23**

02:03PM **24**

02:03PM **25**

NUMBER. ONE THOUGHT THAT WE HAD, IN TERMS OF WHAT THIS COURT

CONCERNS ABOUT THE SUFFICIENCY OF THE SETTLEMENT, TO GIVE THE

PARTIES AN OPPORTUNITY TO GO BACK TO THE TABLE WITH MR. DEVINE

UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS

MIGHT CONSIDER DOING, IS IF THE COURT SHARES ANY OF THESE

02:00PM **22**

02:00PM **23**

02:00PM **24**

02:00PM **25**

AND THEY'LL PROBABLY BE RIGHT AND IT'S A LEGITIMATE ARGUMENT

THAN DEFER TO FINAL APPROVAL, BECAUSE IF YOU ENTER PRELIMINARY

UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS

BUT I THINK THE TREND IS TO TAKE THE HARD LOOK NOW RATHER

AND I'VE MADE IT MANY TIMES AS CLASS COUNSEL.

	13		15
02:03PM 1	REPRESENTED, ALONG WITH CLASS COUNSEL, AND SEE IF, IN THE	02:06PM 1	ALL FAIR ARGUMENTS.
02:03PM 1 02:03PM 2	CONTEXT OF THE MEDIATION, THE DEFENDANTS ARE WILLING TO PAY ANY	02:06PM 1 02:06PM 2	THE FLIP SIDE IS, WHAT ABOUT THE POSSIBILITY THAT THE
02:03PM 3	MORE IN SETTLEMENT.	02:06PM 3	DEFENDANTS END UP HAVING TO PAY OVER A BILLION DOLLARS BEFORE
02:04PM 4	IF THE ANSWER IS NO. THEN THE COURT CAN RULE ON THIS	02:06PM 4	TREBLING?
02:04PM 5	MOTION AS IT'S BEEN PRESENTED TO THE COURT.	02:06PM 5	THEY'RE EQUALLY LEGITIMATE POINTS TO CONSIDER.
02:04PM 6	IF WE'RE ABLE TO COME BACK WITH A SUBSTANTIALLY IMPROVED,	02:06PM 6	SO WE'RE NOT I MEAN, THIS ISN'T THE OBJECTION WHERE
02:04PM 7	OR EVEN A MODESTLY IMPROVED SETTLEMENT, THE COURT WILL HAVE A	02:06PM 7	SOMEBODY COMES AND WAVES OFF ALL THE REALITIES AND RISKS OF
02:04PM 8	DIFFERENT CALCULUS IN FRONT OF IT AND PROBABLY A SETTLEMENT	02:06PM 8	TRIAL. WE HAVE A TREMENDOUS LEVEL OF APPRECIATION FOR THE WORK
02:04PM 9	THAT ALL THE CLASS REPRESENTATIVES SUPPORT.	02:07PM 9	THAT'S GONE INTO THIS PROCESS AND HOW HARD COUNSEL HAVE WORKED.
02:04PM 10	THAT'S A PROCESS WE'D BE WILLING TO TAKE ON IF THE COURT	02:07PM 10	THIS IS REALLY A CLASS REPRESENTATIVE WHO'S SPEAKING UP,
02:04PM 11	IS SO INCLINED.	02:07PM 11	DOING THE RIGHT THING IN TERMS OF COMING FORWARD TO THE COURT
02:04PM 12	AND	02:07PM 12	WITH THE BENEFIT OF HIS EXPERIENCE AND THE THOUGHT AND, TO SOME
02:04PM 13	THE COURT: WHAT ABOUT MR. DEVINE JUST OPTING OUT AND	02:07PM 13	EXTENT, THE PERSONAL TRAVAIL ALL FOUR OF THESE CLASS
02:04PM 14	LITIGATING HIS OWN INDIVIDUAL CASE?	02:07PM 14	REPRESENTATIVES HAVE SUFFERED PROFESSIONALLY FROM HAVING TO
02:04PM 15	MR. GIRARD: WELL, THAT'S A POSSIBILITY AND WE'VE	02:07PM 15	TAKE ON THIS INDUSTRY AND THESE DEFENDANTS, AND I THINK THE
02:04PM 16	CERTAINLY TALKED WITH HIM ABOUT THAT.	02:07РМ 16	COST THAT THEY PERCEIVE IN THAT TO THEM AS FAR AS THE
02:04PM 17	THE SITUATION FROM HIS POINT OF VIEW, IT'S THE SAME	02:07PM 17	PROFESSIONAL CONSEQUENCES THAT THEY MAY SUFFER FOR HAVING
02:04PM 18	SITUATION THAT WAS DISCUSSED RECENTLY BY THE SUPREME COURT IN	02:07PM 18	BROUGHT THESE CASES AND SAYING, "SOMEHOW WE FEEL LIKE WE'VE
02:04PM 19	THE <u>ITALIAN COLORS</u> CASE ON ARBITRATION. HE'S GOING TO BE	02:07PM 19	BEEN LEFT SHORT HERE, THAT THIS ISN'T THE KIND OF RESULT THAT
02:04PM 20	LOOKING THEN AT A CLAIM THAT'S WORTH, ON AVERAGE, \$140,000	02:07PM 20	WE THOUGHT, WHEN WE GOT INTO THIS, WAS WHAT WE WERE LOOKING
02:04PM 21	TREBLED, AND HE'S GOING TO BE LOOKING AT EXPENSES FOR EXPERTS	02:07PM 21	FOR."
02:05PM 22	THAT ARE GOING TO BE MANY MULTIPLES OF THAT.	02:07PM 22	AND, YOU KNOW, YOU THINK ABOUT THIS AND I DON'T WANT TO
02:05PM 23	SO THE OPT OUT RATE HERE IS A, YOU KNOW, RELATIVELY WEAK	02:07PM 23	GET TOO PHILOSOPHICAL HERE, SO I'M GOING TO CUT TO THE POINT
02:05PM 24	EXPEDIENT UNLESS THE VOLUME OF OPT OUTS ARE SUCH THAT IT'S	02:08PM 24	HERE BUT YOU THINK ABOUT THIS COUNTRY AND HOW HARD PEOPLE
02:05PM 25	POSSIBLE TO AGGREGATE SOME GROUP OF PEOPLE WHO SHARE THE SAME	02:08PM 25	WORK TO GET THESE TYPES OF JOBS AND HOW IMPORTANT IT IS TO A
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	14		16
02:05PM 1	14 VIEW HE HAS AND WANT TO PROCEED.	02:08PM 1	16 LOT OF THE, THE GENERATION OF PEOPLE THAT ARE COMING UP,
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	17		19
02:09PM 1	MIGHT NOT HAVE SEEN IT.	02:11PM 1	I JUST WANT TO MAKE VERY CLEAR TO THE COURT THAT THE
02:09PM 2	BUT IF YOU LOOK TO THE FIRST ATTACHMENT, IT'S IN THERE.	02:11PM 2	PARTIES AGREED THAT THEY WOULD NOT RELEASE ANY OF THE TERMS
02:09PM 3	IT TALKS ABOUT A PRO RATA REDUCTION, AND IN PIXAR/LUCASFILM IT	02:11PM 3	UNTIL THEY PRESENTED THEM TO YOUR HONOR. NO ONE ON THE
02:09PM 4	WAS 10 PERCENT WAS THE THRESHOLD, AND ONCE YOU HAD 10 PERCENT	02:11PM 4	PLAINTIFFS' SIDE SPOKE TO ANY MEDIA ABOUT ANY OF THE SPECIFIC
02:09PM 5	OPT OUTS, THEN YOU WOULD START HAVING A PRO RATA REDUCTION OF	02:11PM 5	TERMS OF THE SETTLEMENT. I DON'T KNOW WHERE "THE NEW YORK
02:09PM 6	THE CLASS CONSIDERATION.	02:11PM 6	TIMES" GOT THEIR INFORMATION. TO THIS DAY, I'M PERSONALLY VERY
02:09PM 7	THE COURT: WHY IS IT SO MUCH LOWER HERE?	02:11PM 7	UPSET THAT THAT INFORMATION WAS OUT THERE BECAUSE THE PARTIES
02:09PM 8	MS. DERMODY: I THINK IT'S A DIFFERENT POINT IN THE	02:11PM 8	WERE STILL NEGOTIATING THE TERMS OF THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.
02:09PM 9	CASE, DIFFERENT ISSUES IN THE CASE IN TERMS OF CONCERNS ABOUT	02:11PM 9	SO THAT WAS STILL IN PLAY, THAT PARTICULAR TERM, AND THAT
02:09PM 10	OPT OUTS, YOUR HONOR.	02:11PM 10	PARTICULAR TERM WAS INFORMED BY FEEDBACK THAT HAPPENED, IN PART
02:09PM 11	I THINK THAT WAS REALLY ALL THAT WAS GOING ON. I MEAN	02:11PM 11	FROM "THE NEW YORK TIMES," RIGHT AFTERWARDS.
02:09PM 12	THE COURT: OKAY. THE POINT IN THE CASE WOULD	02:11PM 12	SO YOU HAVE TO DEAL WITH THE FACTS IN THE GROUND THAT
02:09PM 13	ACTUALLY DICTATE FOR A HIGHER NUMBER, RIGHT? I MEAN THE	02:12PM 13	HAPPENED AT THE TIME YOU'RE NEGOTIATING THOSE TERMS AND THAT IS
02:09PM 14	MS. DERMODY: NOT IF YOU	02:12PM 14	THE DIFFERENCE.
02:09PM 15	THE COURT: THE LUCASFILM/PIXAR/INTUIT FOLKS	02:12PM 15	IF THAT TERM ITSELF IS THE STICKING POINT FOR YOUR HONOR.
02:10PM 16	SETTLED WHEN I HAD DENIED THE CLASS CERTIFICATION MOTION.	02:12PM 16	ABSOLUTELY WE'RE GOING TO HAVE TO SORT OF GO AND ADDRESS THAT.
02:10PM 17	SO THESE DEFENDANTS SETTLED AFTER I HAD CERTIFIED THE	02:12PM 17	BUT I WANT YOUR HONOR TO UNDERSTAND THAT WE WEREN'T
02:10PM 18	CLASS, AFTER THE NINTH CIRCUIT HAD REFUSED TO REVIEW MY CLASS	02:12PM 18	DEALING WITH THE EXACT SAME INFORMATION ABOUT OPT OUTS THAT WE
02:10PM 19	CERTIFICATION ORDER, AFTER I HAD DENIED SUMMARY JUDGMENT, AFTER	02:12PM 19	WERE WHEN WE NEGOTIATED THE PIXAR/LUCASFILM
02:10PM 20	I HAD DENIED THE DAUBERT EXCLUDING DR. LEAMER'S DAMAGES	02:12PM 20	THE COURT: I GUESS IT STILL DOESN'T MAKE SENSE TO
02:10PM 21	ANALYSIS.	02:12PM 21	ME. YOUR JUSTIFICATION FOR THE NUMBER GOING DOWN IS BASED ON
02:10PM 22	MS. DERMODY: RIGHT.	02:12PM 22	OBJECTIONS THAT OCCURRED AFTER YOU HAD ALREADY AGREED TO THE
02:10PM 23	THE COURT: SO IF ANYTHING, THAT NUMBER SHOULD BE	02:12PM 23	NUMBER.
02:10PM 24	GOING UP AND NOT GOING DOWN.	02:12PM 24	MS. DERMODY: YOUR HONOR, IT'S A IT'S A FUNNY
02:10PM 25	MS. DERMODY: YOU WOULD THINK, IN GENERAL, THAT WOULD	02:12PM 25	POSITION
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	18		20
02:10PM 1	18 BE TRUE FOR A LOT OF TERMS, YOUR HONOR.	02:12PM 1	20 THE COURT: BECAUSE YOU ANNOUNCED YOU SENT THE
02:10PM 1 02:10PM 2		02:12PM 1 02:12PM 2	
	BE TRUE FOR A LOT OF TERMS, YOUR HONOR.		THE COURT: BECAUSE YOU ANNOUNCED YOU SENT THE
02:10PM 2	BE TRUE FOR A LOT OF TERMS, YOUR HONOR. THE COURT: UM-HUM.	02:12PM 2	THE COURT: BECAUSE YOU ANNOUNCED YOU SENT THE LETTER TO ME THAT YOU HAD REACHED A SETTLEMENT AT ABOUT THE
02:10PM 2 02:10PM 3	BE TRUE FOR A LOT OF TERMS, YOUR HONOR. THE COURT: UM-HUM. MS. DERMODY: BUT ON THAT PARTICULAR ONE, AT THE TIME	02:12PM 2 02:12PM 3	THE COURT: BECAUSE YOU ANNOUNCED YOU SENT THE LETTER TO ME THAT YOU HAD REACHED A SETTLEMENT AT ABOUT THE EXACT SAME TIME.
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		I	
1	21	1	23
02:13PM 1	GO TO TRIAL, AND I SUSPECT THEY WOULD HAVE WON, IN WHICH CASE	02:15PM 1	HERE'S HOW WE SAW THE LAY OF THE LAND, YOUR HONOR. SO
_	THERE WOULD HAVE BEEN AUTOMATIC TREBLING.	02:16PM 2 02:16PM 3	WHILE THE NINTH CIRCUIT DID NOT GRANT THE 23(F), AND WE WERE
02:13PM 3	NOW, GRANTED, I UNDERSTAND THE APPEAL RISKS. BUT IT'S STILL FROM A NEGOTIATING STANDPOINT, THESE	02:16PM 3	DELIGHTED THAT THAT HAPPENED, THE NINTH CIRCUIT DID NOT GRANT 23(F) AND THEN RULE FOR US. AFFIRM ON THE MERITS.
02:13PM 5	DEFENDANTS SHOULD HAVE HAD LESS LEVERAGE THAN THE	02:16PM 5	SO FROM OUR PERSPECTIVE, THE ISSUE OF CLASS CERTIFICATION
02:13PM 6	LUCASFILM/PIXAR/INTUIT DEFENDANTS WHO SETTLED WHEN THE ONLY	02:16PM 6	IS STILL AN OPEN ISSUE ON APPEAL. SO THAT ISSUE DOESN'T GET
02:13PM 7	ORDER WAS DENYING THE CLASS CERT MOTION.	02:16PM 7	TAKEN OFF THE TABLE BECAUSE OF 23(F) BEING DENIED. THAT'S
02:13PM 8	MS. DERMODY: SO, YOUR HONOR	02:16PM 8	STILL OUT THERE.
02:13PM 9	THE COURT: SO WHY ARE THEY PAYING WHY ARE THE	02:16PM 9	THE COURT: RIGHT. BUT WHAT IS YOUR NEGOTIATING
02:13PM 3	EARLIER SETTLING DEFENDANTS BEING PENALIZED BY PAYING A HIGHER	02:16PM 3	POSITION IF YOU HAD GONE TO TRIAL AND YOU HAD WON AND THEN YOU
02:13PM 10	PROPORTION OF THEIR DAMAGES LIABILITY THAN THESE DEFENDANTS?	02:16PM 10	HAD THE APPEAL PROCESS PENDING? YOUR NEGOTIATION LEVERAGE
02:13PM 12	MS. DERMODY: WELL, LET ME MAKE IT TOTALLY CLEAR.	02:16PM 12	WOULD HAVE INCREASED.
02:13PM 12	THE COURT: YEAH.	02:16PM 12	MS. DERMODY: ABSOLUTELY, YOUR HONOR.
02:13PM 13	MS. DERMODY: THE PRIOR DEFENDANTS PAID A HUNDRED	02:16PM 13	THE COURT: IT WOULD HAVE INCREASED.
02:14PM 15	PERCENT, 100 PERCENT OF WHAT WAS IN THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.	02:16PM 15	MS. DERMODY: SO LET'S TALK ABOUT THE TRIAL.
02:14PM 16	WE EXPECT THESE DEFENDANTS WILL PAY 100 PERCENT OF WHAT IS	02:16PM 16	THE COURT: LET'S TALK ABOUT THE NINTH CIRCUIT. YOU
02:14PM 17	PROMISED IN THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT.	02:16PM 17	DON'T THINK, EN BANC, THERE WOULD HAVE BEEN A GOOD EN
02:14PM 18	THE ONLY TIME THAT THERE'S ANY POSSIBILITY THAT THERE WILL	02:16PM 18	BANC THERE WOULD HAVE BEEN A GOOD POSSIBILITY THAT THE CLASS
02:14PM 19	BE A PRO RATA REDUCTION IS IF YOU HIT A THRESHOLD OF OVER 2500	02:16PM 19	CERT ORDER WOULD HAVE BEEN AFFIRMED?
02:14PM 20	NEW OPT OUTS AFTER WE HAD 61 THE LAST TIME AROUND.	02:16PM 20	MS. DERMODY: I THINK IT'S A POSSIBILITY.
02:14PM 21	SO THIS IS TALK THIS IS SORT OF EXPECTING THE WORST	02:16PM 21	AND THEN WHAT ARE YOUR ODDS IN THE SUPREME COURT, YOUR
02:14PM 22	POSSIBLE CASE SCENARIO THAT, BASED ON THE PRIOR SETTLEMENTS	02:16PM 22	HONOR?
02:14PM 23	WE DIDN'T KNOW, PRIOR TO THOSE SETTLEMENTS, WHO WOULD OPT OUT.	02:16PM 23	THE COURT: WELL, I THINK IF YOU WANT TO DO AN ORDER
02:14PM 24	NOW WE HAVE BETTER INFORMATION THAT VERY FEW PEOPLE OPTED	02:16PM 24	THAT RESTRICTS CLASS ACTIONS, I DON'T KNOW IF THIS IS THE
02:14PM 25	OUT LAST TIME AND IT WAS A VERY SMALL SETTLEMENT AMOUNT.	02:16PM 25	POSTER CHILD FOR DOING THAT.
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	22		24
02:14PM 1	22 THIS TIME, IT'S A MUCH GREATER SETTLEMENT AMOUNT. WE	02:16PM 1	24 WHAT DO YOU THINK? DO YOU THINK THE SUPREME COURT WOULD
02:14PM 1 02:14PM 2		02:16PM 1 02:17PM 2	
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	25		27
1		1	
02:18PM 1	IN THIS COURT TO FIND OUT WHAT JURORS THINK ABOUT THIS	02:20PM 1	WORKERS ARE AMONG THE MOST DESIRABLE IN THE WORLD AND THEY HAD
02:18PM 2	EVIDENCE, WHAT JURORS THINK ABOUT THESE CLASS MEMBERS, WHAT		PLENTY OF OTHER OPPORTUNITY TO GO OTHER PLACES BESIDES THESE
	JURORS THINK ABOUT CERTAIN THEMES THAT ARE IN THIS CASE.		SEVEN COMPANIES. JURORS MIGHT CONCLUDE THAT.
-	AND YOU HAVE TO BE SOBERED WHEN YOU DO THAT KIND OF	_	JURORS MIGHT SAY THERE WAS AN OVERARCHING CONSPIRACY AND
02:18PM 5	TESTING TO UNDERSTAND THAT WHILE YOU MIGHT HAVE GREAT EVIDENCE,	02:20PM 5	THERE WAS SOME IMPACT, BUT WE DON'T LIKE PLAINTIFFS' DAMAGES
02:18PM 6	YOU HAVE TO OVERCOME A NUMBER OF HURDLES.	02:20PM 6	MODEL, THAT WE ACTUALLY LISTENED TO WHAT THE DEFENDANTS'
02:18PM 7	IN THIS CASE, AS THE COURT WELL KNOWS, WE HAD SEVERAL. WE	02:21PM 7	EXPERTS, SIX ECONOMISTS, ARE GOING TO SAY, AND WE THINK THAT IT
02:18PM 8	HAVE JURORS HAVE TO FIND UNANIMOUSLY THERE WAS AN OVERARCHING	02:21PM 8	WASN'T \$3 BILLION. WE THINK IT WAS LESS THAN \$1 BILLION. WE
02:18PM 9	CONSPIRACY AMONG ALL SEVEN COMPANIES; WE HAVE JURORS HAVE TO	02:21PM 9	THINK IT WAS SOME SMALL FRACTION.
02:18PM 10	FIND THAT THERE WAS IMPACT UNANIMOUSLY; AND JURORS HAVE TO COME	02:21PM 10	THE COURT: WELL THEN, WHY DIDN'T YOU ALL PROPOSE,
02:18PM 11	UP WITH A DAMAGES FIGURE THAT'S GOING TO RIVAL WHAT WE'VE	02:21PM 11	THEN, A BETTER, MORE ACCURATE, MORE PERSUASIVE DAMAGES MODEL?
02:18PM 12	SECURED HERE, THAT IS, A SUM CERTAIN.	02:21PM 12	I MEAN, YOU'RE ALMOST NOW A VICTIM OF YOUR OWN SUCCESS.
02:18PM 13	AND WHEN WE EXPLORE ALL OF THOSE THINGS, THOSE ARE VERY,	02:21PM 13	YOU'RE THE ONES THAT PUT OUT THE 3 BILLION NUMBER. THAT'S WHAT
02:18PM 14	VERY REAL RISKS FOR PLAINTIFFS, VERY REAL RISKS.	02:21PM 14	HAS GOTTEN EVERYONE'S EXPECTATIONS SO HIGH. IF YOU ALL HAD NOT
02:18PM 15	AND THE PROBLEM FOR US, AS WE LOOK AT WHAT'S HAPPENED IN	02:21PM 15	BEEN SO AGGRESSIVE WITH YOUR DAMAGES MODEL AND THEORY, PERHAPS
02:19PM 16	OTHER ANTITRUST TRIALS IN THE LAST DECADE, IS THAT IT'S VERY,	02:21PM 16	WE WOULDN'T BE IN THIS SITUATION, RIGHT? YOU ARE THE ONES WHO
02:19PM 17	VERY TOUGH.	02:21PM 17	HAVE CREATED THE VERY HIGH EXPECTATIONS OF THIS CLASS.
02:19PM 18	THE COURT: LET ME ASK YOU A QUESTION. IN YOUR	02:21PM 18	MS. DERMODY: WELL, I THINK THAT'S INTERESTING
02:19PM 19	PAPERS, YOU SAY AT LEAST TWICE, OR AT LEAST ONCE, THAT IF ONE	02:21PM 19	FEEDBACK, YOUR HONOR.
02:19PM 20	OF THE SEVEN DEFENDANTS WAS FOUND NOT TO HAVE PARTICIPATED IN	02:21PM 20	WE PUT TOGETHER THE MODEL THAT OUR EXPERT, INDEPENDENTLY,
02:19PM 21	AN OVERARCHING CONSPIRACY, THE DAMAGES WOULD HAVE BEEN ZERO.	02:21PM 21	DECIDED WAS THE MODEL TO REFLECT WHAT OUR EXPERT BELIEVED TO BE
02:19PM 22	DO YOU REALLY THINK THAT'S THE CASE? IT WOULD HAVE BEEN ZERO?	02:21PM 22	THE BUT FOR WORLD IF THESE AGREEMENTS HAD NOT EXISTED. THAT
02:19PM 23	MS. DERMODY: IF THE THAT'S NOT OUR POSITION. I'M	02:21PM 23	WAS OUR EXPERT'S POINT OF VIEW. FULL STOP.
02:19PM 24	SAYING WHAT WE KNOW THE DEFENDANTS WOULD ARGUE, AND WE WOULD	02:22PM 24	WE HAVE TO ACKNOWLEDGE THE RISK THAT A JURY, HEARING A
02:19PM 25	HAVE TO PRESENT OUR POSITIONS AGAINST THAT. WE WOULD DISAGREE	02:22PM 25	WHOLE BUNCH OF DIFFERENT EXPERTS, EVEN AS WE THINK WE HAVE THE
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
_	26		28
02:19PM 1	26 WITH THAT.	02:22PM 1	28 BEST ONE, MIGHT COME TO A DIFFERENT PERSPECTIVE.
02:19PM 2		02:22PM 2	
_	WITH THAT.		BEST ONE, MIGHT COME TO A DIFFERENT PERSPECTIVE.
02:19PM 2 02:19PM 3 02:19PM 4	WITH THAT. BUT THEY WOULD HAVE ARGUMENTS ABOUT THAT BECAUSE OUR	02:22PM 2 02:22PM 3 02:22PM 4	BEST ONE, MIGHT COME TO A DIFFERENT PERSPECTIVE. AND WHILE I WOULD LOVE IT IF I WAS TRYING THIS CASE TO
02:19PM 2 02:19PM 3	WITH THAT. BUT THEY WOULD HAVE ARGUMENTS ABOUT THAT BECAUSE OUR THEORY OF THE CASE IS OVERARCHING CONSPIRACY. OUR DAMAGES	02:22PM 2 02:22PM 3	BEST ONE, MIGHT COME TO A DIFFERENT PERSPECTIVE. AND WHILE I WOULD LOVE IT IF I WAS TRYING THIS CASE TO "THE NEW YORK TIMES" EDITORIAL BOARD, THE FACT OF THE MATTER
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	20		24
1	29	1	31
02:23PM 1	THE COURT: DO YOU REALLY THINK THAT PRICE FIXING ON	02:25PM 1	RESULTS IN THOSE CASES SO YOUR HONOR CAN SEE THEM.
02:23PM 2	TV'S IS MORE COMPELLING THAN THE FACTS OF THIS CASE?	02:25PM 2	AND I THINK WHAT IS INTERESTING IS TO LOOK AT EVEN THE
02:23PM 3	MS. DERMODY: WELL, I WILL USE A DIFFERENT CASE THAT,	02:25PM 3	EBAY CASE, WHICH THE CALIFORNIA ATTORNEY GENERAL'S OFFICE
02:23PM 4	AT LEAST FOR ME, COMPETES WITH THIS ONE FOR BEING COMPELLING,	02:25PM 4	PROSECUTED, SOME OF THE BEST LAWYERS IN THE STATE ARE IN THAT
02:23PM 5	AND THAT'S THE <u>ABBOTT</u> CASE, THE <u>SMITHKLINE BEECHAM</u> CASE THAT	02:25PM 5	OFFICE, REALLY SMART, TALENTED PEOPLE, AND THE RECOVERY IN THAT
02:23PM 6	WAS BEFORE JUDGE WILKEN THAT WAS A DRUG PRICE FIXING CASE FOR	02:25PM 6	CASE WAS 1/23RD OF WHAT WE GOT HERE, AND THIS IS 20 I SHOULD
02:23PM 7	AN AIDS DRUG, AND IN THAT CASE YOU HAVE A HISTORY OF ALLEGED	02:25PM 7	SAY THIS IS 23 TIMES WHAT THEY GOT THERE.
02:23PM 8	PRACTICE OF PEOPLE ELEVATING	02:26PM 8	THESE
02:23PM 9	THE COURT: WELL, I STILL DON'T THINK	02:26PM 9	THE COURT: WELL, UNLESS YOU'RE GOING TO SHOW ME THE
02:23PM 10	MS. DERMODY: THE PRICE OF AN AIDS DRUG. THE JURY	02:26PM 10	DOCUMENTS IN THAT CASE I DON'T BELIEVE THERE WAS CLASS CERT
02:23PM 11	GOT	02:26PM 11	IN THAT CASE. I DON'T BELIEVE THERE WAS SUMMARY JUDGMENT IN
02:23PM 12	THE COURT: UNLESS YOU'RE GOING TO GIVE ME ALL THE	02:26PM 12	THAT CASE. I DON'T THINK IT HAD GONE THROUGH THE DAUBERT
02:23PM 13	DOCUMENTATION SO I CAN FAMILIARIZE MYSELF WITH THE FACTS OF	02:26PM 13	MOTIONS IN THAT CASE.
02:23PM 14	THOSE CASES, I JUST DON'T THINK RANDOMLY PULLING OUT OTHER	02:26PM 14	BUT REGARDLESS, I DON'T FIND IT VERY HELPFUL, UNLESS
02:23PM 15	VERDICTS OF OTHER CASES IS REALLY USEFUL.	02:26PM 15	YOU'RE REALLY GOING TO GIVE ME DEEP INFORMATION ABOUT THOSE
02:24PM 16	MS. DERMODY: OKAY, YOUR HONOR. I MEAN, IF THERE'S	02:26PM 16	CASES, TO SAY, "ALL OF THESE OTHER CASES, BECAUSE I'VE SLAPPED
02:24PM 17	SOMETHING THAT WE COULD SUBMIT TO YOUR HONOR THAT WOULD BE MORE	02:26PM 17	ANTITRUST LABELS ON THEM, ARE COMPARABLE TO THIS."
02:24PM 18	HELPFUL, I WOULD BE REALLY MORE THAN HAPPY TO DO IT.	02:26PM 18	BECAUSE IF WE'RE JUST GOING TO TALK ABOUT RANDOM TRIALS, I
02:24PM 19	I THINK WHAT WE'RE STRUGGLING WITH IS THAT THE STANDARD	02:26PM 19	CAN DO THAT, TOO. I JUST DON'T THINK UNLESS WE GO DEEPLY
02:24PM 20	HERE IS NOT, YOU KNOW, WHAT MIGHT BE THE BEST POSSIBLE	02:26PM 20	INTO WHAT THE FACTS ARE TO REALLY SEE IF IT'S COMPARABLE OR
02:24PM 21	SCENARIO.	02:26PM 21	NOT, IT'S TOO GENERAL, I THINK.
02:24PM 22	THE STANDARD HERE IS SORT OF THE RANGE OF REASONABLENESS	02:26PM 22	MS. DERMODY: OKAY, YOUR HONOR. WHAT WOULD BE
02:24PM 23	BASED ON THE RISK IN THIS CASE. AND FROM OUR PERSPECTIVE, AS	02:26PM 23	HELPFUL TO THE COURT?
02:24PM 24	PEOPLE THAT LIVED AND BREATHED AND SWEATED AND SACRIFICED FOR	02:26PM 24	THE COURT: SO EXPLAIN TO ME I MEAN, YOUR POSITION
02:24PM 25	THIS CASE, AND JUST 100 PERCENT DID EVERYTHING WE COULD FOR	02:26PM 25	APPEARS TO BE THAT IF ONE DEFENDANT WAS NOT FOUND TO HAVE
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	30		32
02:24PM 1	THESE CLASS MEMBERS I MEAN, HONESTLY, YOUR HONOR, WE HAVE	02:27PM 1	32 PARTICIPATED IN THE OVERARCHING CONSPIRACY, THEN DAMAGES WOULD
02:24PM 2		02:27PM 2	
02:24PM 2 02:24PM 3	THESE CLASS MEMBERS I MEAN, HONESTLY, YOUR HONOR, WE HAVE	02:27PM 2 02:27PM 3	PARTICIPATED IN THE OVERARCHING CONSPIRACY, THEN DAMAGES WOULD
02:24PM 2 02:24PM 3 02:24PM 4	THESE CLASS MEMBERS I MEAN, HONESTLY, YOUR HONOR, WE HAVE DONE EVERYTHING WE COULD TO DO THIS CASE RIGHT WE BELIEVE	02:27PM 2 02:27PM 3 02:27PM 4	PARTICIPATED IN THE OVERARCHING CONSPIRACY, THEN DAMAGES WOULD HAVE BEEN ZERO AND THE CLASS WOULD HAVE GOTTEN NOTHING.
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	33		35
02:28PM 1	THE COURT: WHAT'S YOUR LODESTAR? BECAUSE FROM THE	02:30PM 1	YOU'VE SEEN IN THE CASE.
02:28PM 2	FIRST SETTLEMENT, IT LOOKED LIKE LEIFF CABRASER'S WAS, WHAT,	02:30PM 2	MS. DERMODY: YEAH. WE CAN GET THE ACTUAL NUMBER.
02:28PM 3	ABOUT 8 MILLION THROUGH OCTOBER OF, YOU KNOW, OCTOBER 30TH OF	02:30PM 3	WE HAVE THEIRS.
02:28PM 4	2013, 8.4 MILLION.	02:30PM 4	THE COURT: OKAY. THE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENT SAYS THE
02:28PM 5	SO WHAT'S THE LODESTAR IF YOU ADD UP ALL THE DIFFERENT LAW	02:30PM 5	DEFENDANTS TAKE NO POSITION ON THE SERVICE AWARDS IF THE AWARDS
02:28PM 6	FIRMS THAT ARE INVOLVED IN THIS LITIGATION?	02:30PM 6	ARE \$25,000 OR LESS.
02:28PM 7	MS. DERMODY: I DON'T HAVE THAT INFORMATION FOR YOUR	02:30PM 7	NOW, THE PROPOSED SERVICE AWARDS ARE 80,000. DOES THAT
02:28PM 8	HONOR. I'M SORRY.	02:30PM 8	MEAN THE DEFENDANTS ARE GOING TO TAKE A POSITION? OR YOU'RE
02:28PM 9	THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. SO FOR THE FIRST SETTLEMENT,	02:30PM 9	GOING TO REMAIN SILENT?
02:28PM 10	Nobody Looked at that for the settlement with Lucas film,	02:30PM 10	MR. VAN NEST: WE'RE GOING TO REMAIN SILENT, YOUR
02:28PM 11	PIXAR, AND INTUIT?	02:30PM 11	HONOR.
02:28PM 12	MS. DERMODY: I JUST DON'T HAVE THE NUMBERS HANDY FOR	02:30PM 12	THE COURT: OKAY.
02:28PM 13	YOUR HONOR. I'M SORRY. I DON'T WANT TO MISLEAD THE COURT.	02:30PM 13	MR. VAN NEST: THAT'S UP TO YOUR HONOR'S DISCRETION.
02:29PM 14	THE COURT: OKAY. WELL, YOU KNOW, MR. SAVERI SAID	02:30PM 14	THE COURT: OKAY.
02:29PM 15	THAT HE WOULD FILE HIS FEES DOCUMENTS FOR THE FIRST SETTLEMENT.	02:30PM 15	MR. VAN NEST: I WOULD LIKE TO COMMENT ON THE
02:29PM 16	I DON'T BELIEVE I GOT THAT.	02:30PM 16	SETTLEMENT OVERALL WHEN YOUR HONOR GETS TO US THOUGH.
02:29PM 17	WHAT ARE YOUR LAW FIRM'S WHAT'S YOUR LAW FIRM'S	02:30PM 17	THE COURT: ACTUALLY, WHY DON'T WE GO AHEAD AND DO
02:29PM 18	MR. SAVERI: AS OF THE TIME OF THAT, OF THE PRIOR	02:30PM 18	THAT NOW? I HAVE SOME OTHER MORE MECHANICAL QUESTIONS ABOUT
02:29PM 19	SETTLEMENT, MY FIRM'S LODESTAR WAS APPROXIMATELY \$4 MILLION.	02:30PM 19	THE SETTLEMENT. THOSE CAN WAIT.
02:29PM 20	THE COURT: OKAY. SO AND I BELIEVE THAT	02:31PM 20	MR. VAN NEST: SURE.
02:29PM 21	SETTLEMENT WAS REACHED IN, WHAT, APRIL OF 2013? IS THAT	02:31PM 21	THE COURT: SO YEAH.
02:29PM 22	SOMEWHERE AROUND THERE? OR, NO, WHEN WAS THAT? SEPTEMBER?	02:31PM 22	MR. VAN NEST: JUST A COUPLE OF QUICK POINTS.
02:29PM 23	MS. DERMODY: IT WAS APPROVED IN OCTOBER, YOUR HONOR.	02:31PM 23	THE COURT: YES.
02:29PM 24	THE COURT: RIGHT. BUT I I GUESS I'M TRYING TO	02:31PM 24	MR. VAN NEST: I THINK YOUR HONOR STARTED WITH THE
02:29PM 25	FIGURE OUT, YOU'RE SAYING UP TO THE POINT OF SETTLEMENT, SO	02:31PM 25	PREMISE SOMEHOW THAT THE SETTLING DEFENDANTS HERE ARE PAYING A
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	34		36
02:29PM 1	WHAT LINE ARE YOU DRAWING HERE? WHAT'S THE DATE,	02:31PM 1	HIGHER PERCENTAGE THAN THE EARLIER A LOWER PERCENTAGE.
02:29PM 2	APPROXIMATELY?	02:31PM 2	WE DON'T LOOK AT IT THAT WAY AT ALL.
02:29PM 3	MR. SAVERI: I BELIEVE IT WAS OCTOBER OF LAST YEAR.	02:31PM 3	THE COURT: OKAY.
02:29PM 4	THE COURT: OKAY. SO THROUGH ALSO THROUGH SOME	02:31PM 4	MR. VAN NEST: AS A MATTER OF FACT, WE THINK WE'RE
02:29PM 5	POINT IN OCTOBER?	02:31PM 5	PAYING A PREMIUM IN THAT IF YOU LOOK AT THE SETTLEMENTS THAT
02:29PM 6	MR. SAVERI: YEAH.	02:31PM 6	YOU'VE ALREADY APPROVED, YOU APPROVED \$20 MILLION SETTLEMENTS.
02:29PM 7	THE COURT: OKAY.	02:31PM 7	THAT'S ABOUT 8 PERCENT OF THE CLASS.
02:29PM 8	MR. SAVERI: AND, YOUR HONOR, SINCE THAT POINT IN	02:31PM 8	I MEAN, IF YOU DO THE MATH, OUR SETTLEMENT SHOULD HAVE
02:29PM 9	TIME, I MEAN, WE DID A LOT OF ADDITIONAL WORK IN THE CASE.	02:31PM 9	BEEN BELOW \$300 MILLION. I MEAN, IF IT'S JUST COMPARABLE, IF
02:29PM 10	THE COURT: SURE.	02:31PM 10	WE'RE JUST PAYING WHAT, THE SAME BASIS THAT THAT 20 MILLION
02:29PM 11	MR. SAVERI: THE LIEFF CABRASER FOLKS DID A LOT OF	02:31PM 11	PAID, WE WOULD HAVE BEEN IN THE 250 TO 270 TO 280 RANGE.
02:29PM 12	WORK.	02:31PM 12	AND BELIEVE ME, AS I THINK YOU KNOW
02:29PM 13	THE COURT: SURE.	02:31PM 13	THE COURT: HOW ARE YOU CALCULATING THAT?
02:29PM 14	MR. SAVERI: MY OFFICE DID. SO THERE'S ADDITIONAL	02:31PM 14	MR. VAN NEST: OH, IF YOU JUST IF 8 PERCENT OF THE
02:29PM 15	LODESTAR. I JUST WANT TO BE	02:31PM 15	CLASS IS WORTH 20 MILLION, WHAT'S THE OTHER 92 PERCENT WORTH?
02:29PM 16		4.0	
	THE COURT: YES, I COMPLETELY UNDERSTAND THAT.	02:31PM 16	IT'S NOT 324 MILLION. IT'S A NUMBER SOUTH OF 300.
02:29PM 17	THE COURT: YES, I COMPLETELY UNDERSTAND THAT. BUT YOU HAVE NO IDEA WITH REGARD TO I BELIEVE THERE	02:31PM 17	IT'S NOT 324 MILLION. IT'S A NUMBER SOUTH OF 300. SO OUR POINT IS, AND WE MADE IT REPEATEDLY IN DISCUSSIONS
02:29PM 17 02:30PM 18		02:31PM 17 02:32PM 18	
	BUT YOU HAVE NO IDEA WITH REGARD TO I BELIEVE THERE	02:31PM 17	SO OUR POINT IS, AND WE MADE IT REPEATEDLY IN DISCUSSIONS
02:30PM 18	BUT YOU HAVE NO IDEA WITH REGARD TO I BELIEVE THERE ARE, WHAT, AT LEAST THREE OTHER LAW FIRMS?	02:31PM 17 02:32PM 18	SO OUR POINT IS, AND WE MADE IT REPEATEDLY IN DISCUSSIONS WITH PLAINTIFFS, THAT, YOU KNOW, WE'RE PAYING MORE AT THE
02:30PM 18 02:30PM 19 02:30PM 20 02:30PM 21	BUT YOU HAVE NO IDEA WITH REGARD TO I BELIEVE THERE ARE, WHAT, AT LEAST THREE OTHER LAW FIRMS? MS. DERMODY: TWO OTHER FIRMS, YOUR HONOR.	02:31PM 17 02:32PM 18 02:32PM 19 02:32PM 20 02:32PM 21	SO OUR POINT IS, AND WE MADE IT REPEATEDLY IN DISCUSSIONS WITH PLAINTIFFS, THAT, YOU KNOW, WE'RE PAYING MORE AT THE NUMBERS WE'RE NEGOTIATING NOW, WE'RE PAYING MORE THAN THE FOLKS
02:30PM 18 02:30PM 19 02:30PM 20 02:30PM 21 02:30PM 22	BUT YOU HAVE NO IDEA WITH REGARD TO I BELIEVE THERE ARE, WHAT, AT LEAST THREE OTHER LAW FIRMS? MS. DERMODY: TWO OTHER FIRMS, YOUR HONOR. THE COURT: TWO OTHER FIRMS.	02:31PM 17 02:32PM 18 02:32PM 19 02:32PM 20	SO OUR POINT IS, AND WE MADE IT REPEATEDLY IN DISCUSSIONS WITH PLAINTIFFS, THAT, YOU KNOW, WE'RE PAYING MORE AT THE NUMBERS WE'RE NEGOTIATING NOW, WE'RE PAYING MORE THAN THE FOLKS THAT SETTLED OUT EARLIER, AND IN OUR SITUATION, WE FELT THAT
02:30PM 18 02:30PM 19 02:30PM 20 02:30PM 21 02:30PM 22 02:30PM 23	BUT YOU HAVE NO IDEA WITH REGARD TO I BELIEVE THERE ARE, WHAT, AT LEAST THREE OTHER LAW FIRMS? MS. DERMODY: TWO OTHER FIRMS, YOUR HONOR. THE COURT: TWO OTHER FIRMS. MR. SAVERI: I THINK IT'S FAIR TO SAY THAT BETWEEN	02:31PM 17 02:32PM 18 02:32PM 19 02:32PM 20 02:32PM 21 02:32PM 22 02:32PM 23	SO OUR POINT IS, AND WE MADE IT REPEATEDLY IN DISCUSSIONS WITH PLAINTIFFS, THAT, YOU KNOW, WE'RE PAYING MORE AT THE NUMBERS WE'RE NEGOTIATING NOW, WE'RE PAYING MORE THAN THE FOLKS THAT SETTLED OUT EARLIER, AND IN OUR SITUATION, WE FELT THAT THE BIGGEST RISK IN THIS CASE WAS THE TRIAL ITSELF.
02:30PM 18 02:30PM 19 02:30PM 20 02:30PM 21 02:30PM 22 02:30PM 23 02:30PM 24	BUT YOU HAVE NO IDEA WITH REGARD TO I BELIEVE THERE ARE, WHAT, AT LEAST THREE OTHER LAW FIRMS? MS. DERMODY: TWO OTHER FIRMS, YOUR HONOR. THE COURT: TWO OTHER FIRMS. MR. SAVERI: I THINK IT'S FAIR TO SAY THAT BETWEEN THE TWO OF US, WE HAVE THE GREAT MAJORITY OF THE TIME IN THIS	02:31PM 17 02:32PM 18 02:32PM 19 02:32PM 20 02:32PM 21 02:32PM 22 02:32PM 23	SO OUR POINT IS, AND WE MADE IT REPEATEDLY IN DISCUSSIONS WITH PLAINTIFFS, THAT, YOU KNOW, WE'RE PAYING MORE AT THE NUMBERS WE'RE NEGOTIATING NOW, WE'RE PAYING MORE THAN THE FOLKS THAT SETTLED OUT EARLIER, AND IN OUR SITUATION, WE FELT THAT THE BIGGEST RISK IN THIS CASE WAS THE TRIAL ITSELF. AND IF I COULD MAKE JUST A COUPLE OF POINTS ABOUT THIS
02:30PM 18 02:30PM 19 02:30PM 20 02:30PM 21 02:30PM 22 02:30PM 23	BUT YOU HAVE NO IDEA WITH REGARD TO I BELIEVE THERE ARE, WHAT, AT LEAST THREE OTHER LAW FIRMS? MS. DERMODY: TWO OTHER FIRMS, YOUR HONOR. THE COURT: TWO OTHER FIRMS. MR. SAVERI: I THINK IT'S FAIR TO SAY THAT BETWEEN THE TWO OF US, WE HAVE THE GREAT MAJORITY OF THE TIME IN THIS CASE.	02:31PM 17 02:32PM 18 02:32PM 19 02:32PM 20 02:32PM 21 02:32PM 22 02:32PM 23	SO OUR POINT IS, AND WE MADE IT REPEATEDLY IN DISCUSSIONS WITH PLAINTIFFS, THAT, YOU KNOW, WE'RE PAYING MORE AT THE NUMBERS WE'RE NEGOTIATING NOW, WE'RE PAYING MORE THAN THE FOLKS THAT SETTLED OUT EARLIER, AND IN OUR SITUATION, WE FELT THAT THE BIGGEST RISK IN THIS CASE WAS THE TRIAL ITSELF. AND IF I COULD MAKE JUST A COUPLE OF POINTS ABOUT THIS TRIAL, YOUR HONOR, THAT I THINK ARE SIGNIFICANT?

	37		39
02:32PM 1		02:34PM 1	
1	DAMAGE MODEL ON AN ALL-IN APPROACH. IT WAS ALL SEVEN	_	BUT I THINK EVEN IF I HADN'T
02:32PM 2	DEFENDANTS PARTICIPATING. IF YOU TOOK OUT ONE OR MORE	02:34PM 2	THE COURT: YOU WOULD HAVE A JMOL MOTION?
02:32PM 3	DEFENDANTS, HIS MODEL FELL APART AND IN SOME CASES SHOWED THAT	02:34PM 3	MR. VAN NEST: I WOULD HAVE A GOOD MOTION UNDER
-	SOME DEFENDANTS HAD OVERCOMPENSATED PEOPLE.	02:34PM 4	COMCAST.
02:32PM 5	IN OTHER WORDS, HIS MODEL ONLY WORKED AND HE CONCEDED	02:34PM 5	NOW, I DON'T, FRANKLY, THINK THAT THAT'S THE BIGGEST RISK.
02:32PM 6	THIS, WE'D BE HAPPY TO SUBMIT A SHORT BRIEF ON IT HE	02:34PM 6	THE COURT: YEAH.
02:32PM 7	CONCEDED THAT HIS MODEL WOULDN'T WORK IF NOT ALL DEFENDANTS	02:34PM 7	MR. VAN NEST: I'LL TELL YOU, I THINK THE BIGGEST
02:32PM 8	WERE FOUND TO BE PARTICIPANTS.	02:34PM 8	RISK IN THIS CASE
02:33PM 9	NOW, YOUR HONOR RECOGNIZES, AND COUNSEL SAID IT IN HER	02:34PM 9	THE COURT: YEAH.
02:33PM 10	BRIEF, THAT OBVIOUSLY THESE BILATERAL AGREEMENTS WERE ENTERED	02:34PM 10	MR. VAN NEST: IS THAT THEY HAD A HUGE NUMBER,
02:33PM 11	INTO OVER A WIDE PERIOD OF TIME, SOME IN DIFFERENT INDUSTRIES,	02:34PM 11	\$3 BILLION, AND THE FACTS ON THE GROUND WERE THAT TECH
02:33PM 12	AND SO ONE OF THE BIG RISKS IN THE TRIAL WAS THAT ONE DEFENDANT	02:34PM 12	EMPLOYEES IN THE CLASS WERE PAID WAY ABOVE BOTH THE NATIONAL
02:33РМ 13	WOULD BE OUT.	02:34PM 13	AND THE REGIONAL AVERAGE, AND THEIR PAY WENT UP, NOT BY A
02:33PM 14	THE COURT: YES.	02:34PM 14	LITTLE, BUT EVERY YEAR IT WENT UP BY MORE THAN IT HAD EITHER
02:33PM 15	MR. VAN NEST: THE OTHER BIG RISK	02:35PM 15	BEFORE OR AFTER THE CLASS PERIOD.
02:33РМ 16	THE COURT: OKAY. BUT LET'S PLAY THAT OUT. SO WHAT	02:35PM 16	SO THERE'S A VERY STRONG ARGUMENT THAT THAT \$3 BILLION
02:33PM 17	WOULD HAVE HAPPENED? YOU DON'T THINK THE JURORS, ONE	02:35PM 17	NUMBER EVERYBODY IS TALKING ABOUT WAS ABSOLUTELY INCONSISTENT
02:33PM 18	POSSIBILITY COULD HAVE BEEN TO TAKE OUT OF DR. LEAMER'S DAMAGES	02:35PM 18	WITH THE FACTS ON THE GROUND.
02:33PM 19	MODEL, OR SOME PERCENTAGE OF THAT MODEL, TAKE OUT THAT	02:35PM 19	AND WHY DO YOU THINK THAT HE COULD HAVE
02:33PM 20	PERCENTAGE OF THAT DEFENDANT'S EMPLOYEES? OR YOU'RE SAYING	02:35PM 20	THE COURT: BUT YOU'RE COMPARING THEM, WHAT, LIKE THE
02:33PM 21	THAT YOU'RE SAYING THE JURY COULD HAVE COME UP WITH NOTHING?	02:35PM 21	PLAINTIFFS JUST TO THE AVERAGE INCOME IN SANTA CLARA COUNTY?
02:33PM 22	MR. VAN NEST: YEAH.	02:35PM 22	MR. VAN NEST: NO, NO, NO, NO.
02:33PM 23	THE COURT: IF THEY DIDN'T ACCEPT IT WHOLE HOG, THEY	02:35PM 23	THE COURT: BECAUSE THAT'S WHAT THEY DO IN THEIR
02:33PM 24	WOULD COME UP WITH ZERO?	02:35PM 24	REPLY BRIEF.
02:33PM 25	MR. VAN NEST: TWO THINGS.	02:35PM 25	MR. VAN NEST: THEY DO.
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	38		40
02:33PM 1	38 THE COURT: IS THAT I JUST WANT TO KNOW	02:35PM 1	40 THE COURT: THEY JUST SAY, WELL, SANTA CLARA COUNTY,
02:33PM 1		02:35PM 1	
02.551 W	THE COURT: IS THAT I JUST WANT TO KNOW		THE COURT: THEY JUST SAY, WELL, SANTA CLARA COUNTY,
02:33PM 2	THE COURT: IS THAT I JUST WANT TO KNOW MR. VAN NEST: YEAH.	02:35PM 2	THE COURT: THEY JUST SAY, WELL, SANTA CLARA COUNTY, AVERAGE INCOME IS THIS; THEREFORE, THERE WOULD HAVE BEEN A LOT
02:33PM 2 02:33PM 3	THE COURT: IS THAT I JUST WANT TO KNOW MR. VAN NEST: YEAH. THE COURT: WHAT ARE YOU SAYING?	02:35PM 2 02:35PM 3	THE COURT: THEY JUST SAY, WELL, SANTA CLARA COUNTY, AVERAGE INCOME IS THIS; THEREFORE, THERE WOULD HAVE BEEN A LOT OF RESENTMENT THAT THESE ARE TECH WORK WORKERS THAT ARE MAKING
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02:33PM 2 02:33PM 3 02:33PM 4 02:33PM 5 02:33PM 6	THE COURT: IS THAT I JUST WANT TO KNOW MR. VAN NEST: YEAH. THE COURT: WHAT ARE YOU SAYING? MR. VAN NEST: ABSOLUTELY. THE COURT: IF THE JURY FOUND THAT ONE, THEY WOULD GO WITH ZERO? BECAUSE I I FIND THAT A LITTLE BIT DIFFICULT TO	02:35PM 2 02:35PM 3 02:35PM 4 02:35PM 5 02:35PM 6	THE COURT: THEY JUST SAY, WELL, SANTA CLARA COUNTY, AVERAGE INCOME IS THIS; THEREFORE, THERE WOULD HAVE BEEN A LOT OF RESENTMENT THAT THESE ARE TECH WORK WORKERS THAT ARE MAKING MORE THAN THE AVERAGE INCOME. MR. VAN NEST: WHAT WE SAID IN OUR DAUBERT THE COURT: YEAH.
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	41		43
02:36PM 1	WITH SAYING TECH WORKERS HERE MAKE MORE THAN TECH WORKERS IN	02:38PM 1	LITTLE BIT ON THE DAMAGES SIDE IN THE DAUBERTS.
02:36PM 2	ALABAMA, MAINE, WHEREVER YOU WANT TO TALK ABOUT IT, AND THAT	02:38PM 2	BUT THE REAL RISK IN THE CASE WAS
02:36PM 3	THEIR SALARIES COULD HAVE BEEN EVEN HIGHER.	02:38PM 3	THE COURT: WELL, THE DAMAGES ALSO CAME UP A LOT IN
02:36PM 4	MR. VAN NEST: BUT YOU AND I	02:38PM 4	THE TWO CLASS CERT ISSUES MOTIONS, EXCUSE ME.
02:36PM 5	THE COURT: I JUST DON'T THINK THAT'S INCONSISTENT.	02:38PM 5	MR. VAN NEST: TO SOME DEGREE, THEY DID.
02:36PM 6	MR. VAN NEST: BUT HOW MUCH DO YOU WANT TO GAMBLE ON	02:38PM 6	THE COURT: YEAH.
02:36PM 7	THAT? I MEAN, THERE HAVE BEEN A LOT OF BILLION DOLLAR CLAIMS	02:38PM 7	MR. VAN NEST: BUT THAT'S WHERE THERE'S A HUGE RANGE
02:36PM 8	MADE IN OUR DISTRICT	02:38PM 8	OF RISK, WHICH IS WHY I SAY THE NUMBER THAT WE ACHIEVED IS
02:36PM 9	THE COURT: WELL, HOW MUCH DID YOU ALL WANT TO GAMBLE	02:38PM 9	ABSOLUTELY IN LINE, AND A LITTLE BETTER FOR THE PLAINTIFFS,
02:36PM 10	WITH ALL OF THAT INFORMATION COMING OUT? HOW MUCH DID YOU ALL	02:38PM 10	THAN THE NUMBER THAT WAS ACHIEVED IN THE FIRST SETTLEMENT.
02:36РМ 11	WANT TO GO TO TRIAL ON THIS?	02:38PM 11	SO GIVEN GIVEN THAT THAT'S 8 TO 10 PERCENT OF THE CLASS
02:36PM 12	MR. VAN NEST: WE BELIEVE	02:39PM 12	THAT PAID \$20 MILLION, IT IS ABSOLUTELY FAIR AND REASONABLE FOR
02:36PM 13	THE COURT: I MEAN, YOU'VE SEEN HOW OUR JURY POOLS	02:39PM 13	THE REST OF THE FOR THE DEFENDANTS EMPLOYING THE REST OF THE
02:36PM 14	ARE HERE IN SAN JOSE. I THINK THEY WOULD HAVE FOUND THESE	02:39PM 14	CLASS TO PAY THE 324.5 MILLION. IT'S IN LINE WITH IT, IT'S A
02:36PM 15	DOCUMENTS VERY SIGNIFICANT AND PRETTY COMPELLING.	02:39PM 15	PREMIUM OVER IT, AND MAYBE THAT'S CONSISTENT WITH THE FACT THAT
02:36РМ 16	MR. VAN NEST: I'M NOT DISAGREEING WITH THAT.	02:39PM 16	THE CASE WAS A LITTLE MORE WELL DEVELOPED BY THE TIME IT GOT
02:36PM 17	THE COURT: THEY WOULD HAVE FOUND A LOT OF THE	02:39PM 17	THERE.
02:36РМ 18	TESTIMONY VERY COMPELLING. THEY WOULD HAVE FOUND A LOT OF THE		BUT I DO THINK THAT WHAT COUNSEL HAS SAID ABOUT THE RISK
02:36РМ 19	E-MAILS VERY COMPELLING.	02:39PM 19	OF A NO OR LOW VERDICT IS CANNOT BE IGNORED OR OVERLOOKED IN
02:37PM 20	HOW MUCH YOU KNOW, I UNDERSTAND WE'RE ALL FOCUSED ON	02:39PM 20 02:39PM 21	THIS CASE GIVEN THE ECONOMIC FACTS ON THE GROUND, AND GIVEN
02:37РМ 21	HOW MUCH THE PLAINTIFFS DIDN'T WANT TO GO TO TRIAL.	02:39PM 21	THAT EVEN YOUR HONOR RECOGNIZED THAT DR. LEAMER'S RESULTS AT
02:37PM 22 02:37PM 23	LET'S TALK ABOUT HOW MUCH THE DEFENDANTS DIDN'T WANT TO GO	02:39PM 22 02:39PM 23	THAT T-SCORE WEREN'T STATISTICALLY SIGNIFICANT BY ANY MEASURE
02:37PM 23	TO TRIAL. HOW MUCH WAS THAT WORTH?	02:39PM 23 02:39PM 24	THAT ANY ECONOMIST, MATHEMATICIAN, OR SCIENTIST HAS EVER APPROVED.
02:37PM 24	MR. VAN NEST: YOU CAN PRICE IT.	02:39PM 24 02:39PM 25	
02:37PM ZJ	THE COURT: HOW COME YOU'RE NOT REALLY FOCUSSING ON UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS	02:39PM ZJ	AND ALTHOUGH THAT PASSED DAUBERT, IT MIGHT NOT PASS A JURY UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	CHITED STATES GOOK! KET OKTEKS		CHILD STATES GOOK! KE! OKTEKS
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02:37PM 1	THAT?	02:39PM 1	44 TO HEAR THAT THIS GUY'S REPORT WHICH IS THE ONLY THING THAT
02:37PM 1	THAT? MR. VAN NEST: WE PRICED IT. IT'S \$324.5 MILLION.	02:39PM 1	44 TO HEAR THAT THIS GUY'S REPORT WHICH IS THE ONLY THING THAT GIVES THEM A NUMBER WAS NOT STATISTICALLY SIGNIFICANT BY ANY
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02:41PM 1	KNOWLEDGEABLE, EXPERIENCED COUNSEL ON BOTH SIDES, AND A VERY	02:44PM 1	MUCH BIGGER AND MORE SIGNIFICANT THAN THE ONE THAT YOUR HONOR
02:41PM 2	KNOWLEDGEABLE, EXPERIENCED MEDIATOR WHO WAS WELL AWARE OF ALL	02:44PM 2	APPROVED A COUPLE OF MONTHS AGO. IT TOOK CARE OF 90-PLUS
02:41PM 3	OF THESE RISKS AND WHAT'S BEEN HAPPENING AT TRIALS HERE AND	02:44PM 3	PERCENT OF THE CLASS, SO IT'S A MUCH BIGGER DEAL FROM THAT PERSPECTIVE.
02:41PM 4	AROUND THE COUNTRY.	02:44PM 4	SO I JUST THINK YOU HAVE TO TAKE ALL OF THESE ELEMENTS IN
	AND, YOU KNOW, TO COME UP WITH THIS NUMBER, WHICH IS, I GUESS, THE SECOND BIGGEST NUMBER IN HISTORY FOR A SETTLEMENT OF	02:44PM 5	CONTEXT OF THE OVERALL GLOBAL DEAL.
7	THIS KIND, I THINK THAT'S A PRETTY SIGNIFICANT ACHIEVEMENT AND		THE COURT: WHAT WAS THE NUMBER OF OPT OUTS IN THE
02:41PM / 02:41PM 8	I THINK THAT THE PARTIES DIDN'T COME TO IT OVERNIGHT. IT TOOK	02:44PM 7 02:44PM 8	LUCASFILM/PIXAR/INTUIT? DO YOU HAVE THAT NUMBER NOW?
02:41PM 9	A WHOLE LOT OF WORK AND A WHOLE LOT OF TIME AND EFFORT BY A LOT	02:44PM 9	MR. VAN NEST: SIXTY-ONE
02:42PM 10	OF PEOPLE TO GET THAT NUMBER DONE.	02:45PM 10	THE COURT: WAS FOR THE LITIGATION CLASS.
02:42PM 11	THE ONLY OTHER COMMENT I'LL MAKE IS THAT I THINK YOUR	02:45PM 11	MR. VAN NEST: OPTED OUT OF THE LITIGATION CLASS.
02:42PM 12	HONOR'S COMMENTS ON THE SO-CALLED PRO RATA, IT THIS	02:45PM 12	THE COURT: YEAH. SO THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN
02:42PM 13	SETTLEMENT IS A LITTLE BIT DIFFERENT IN THAT THERE'S NO CLAIMS	02:45PM 13	MR. VAN NEST: IT'S MORE FOR THE SETTLEMENT CLASS,
02:42PM 14	PROCESS. WE'RE JUST GOING TO WRITE CHECKS. WE HAVE THE	02:45PM 14	BUT IT'S LESS THAN 200, I THINK.
02:42PM 15	ADDRESSES. WE HAVE THE IDENTITIES. THERE'S NO CLAIMS PROCESS.	02:45PM 15	MS. DERMODY: IT'S 147, YOUR HONOR.
02:42PM 16	SO IT'S NOT A REVERTER IN THE SENSE THAT WE THINK OF	02:45PM 16	THE COURT: OKAY. AND THEY ARE THE ONES WHO OPTED
02:42PM 17	REVERSIONS. IT'S A SAFETY VALVE, IF A REALLY HIGH NUMBER OF	02:45PM 17	OUT OF BOTH THE LUCASFILM, PIXAR, AND INTUIT CLASSES, RIGHT?
02:42PM 18	PEOPLE OPT OUT, TO GIVE THE DEFENDANTS THE FUNDS TO DEAL WITH	02:45PM 18	MS. DERMODY: IT'S THE SETTLEMENT CLASS.
02:42PM 19	THOSE OPT OUTS.	02:45PM 19	THE COURT: THE SETTLEMENT CLASSES.
02:42PM 20	NOW, I DON'T THINK ANY OF US EXPECT OPT OUTS AT THIS	02:45PM 20	MS. DERMODY: RIGHT. AND THEN 61 JUST OPTED OUT OF
02:42PM 21	LEVEL. THERE WERE 61 OPT OUTS FROM THE LITIGATION CLASS AND	02:45PM 21	THE LITIGATION
02:42PM 22	NOT VERY MANY FROM THE SETTLEMENT CLASS.	02:45PM 22	THE COURT: OF THE LITIGATION CLASS. OKAY.
02:42PM 23	AND SO I THINK THAT THIS REALLY IS A SAFETY VALVE, AND I	02:45PM 23	ALL RIGHT. AND THERE WAS A CLAIM FORM IN THAT SETTLEMENT?
02:42PM 24	DON'T THINK IT'S FAIR TO THE PLAINTIFFS, OR US, TO SAY, "WELL,	02:45PM 24	MS. DERMODY: THAT'S RIGHT, YOUR HONOR.
02:42PM 25	THESE OTHER GUYS, THEIR PRO RATA STARTED AT THIS NUMBER."	02:45PM 25	THE COURT: OKAY. WELL, I WAS HAPPY TO SEE THAT
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	46		48
02:42PM 1	46 YOU HAVE TO TAKE THE SETTLEMENT IN ITS ENTIRETY. IN OTHER	02:45PM 1	THERE'S NO CLAIM FORM HERE.
02:42PM 1 02:43PM 2		02:45PM 1 02:45PM 2	
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	49		51
02:46PM 1	CLAUSE.	02:49PM 1	ADD THEM.
02:46PM 2	THE COURT: NO PROBLEM.	02:49PM 2	THE COURT: OKAY. IF I APPROVE THIS SETTLEMENT, I
02:46PM 3	MS. DERMODY: OKAY.	02:49PM 3	WOULD WANT IT TO BE ON A PRETTY TIGHT TIMEFRAME.
02:46PM 4	THE COURT: I'M LOOKING AT ON PAGE 18	02:49PM 4	MS. DERMODY: YES.
02:46PM 5	MS. DERMODY: THANK YOU.	02:49PM 5	THE COURT: AND THIS IS THE SCHEDULE I WOULD
02:46PM 6	THE COURT: IT'S PARAGRAPH 8 OF 4A IS THE SECTION.	02:49PM 6	RECOMMEND AND I WANTED TO SEE IF THAT WOULD BE FEASIBLE FOR THE
02:46PM 7	MS. DERMODY: OH. YES. YOUR HONOR.	02:49PM 7	PARTIES AND FOR THE CLAIMS ADMINISTRATOR.
02:47PM 8	WE INTENDED TO COME BACK TO THE COURT SO THAT THE COURT	02:49PM 8	SO SUBMISSION OF REVISED NOTICE AND PROPOSED ORDER
02:47PM 9	WOULD EITHER BLESS THE APPROACH OF CY PRES, OR WE COULD HAVE A	02:50PM 9	ACTUALLY, MOST LIKELY WE MAY JUST MAKE THE CHANGES OURSELVES
02:47PM 10	CONVERSATION WITH THE COURT TO DETERMINE WHETHER IT MADE SENSE	02:50PM 10	TO THE NOTICE.
02:47PM 11	FROM AN ECONOMIC STANDPOINT TO PAY FOR THE MAIL TO	02:50PM 11	BUT I GUESS THE TRANSFERRING OF THE MATERIALS FROM THE
02:47PM 12	REDISTRIBUTE.	02:50PM 12	PRIOR SETTLEMENT ADMINISTRATOR TO THE NEW ONE BY JUNE 30TH;
02:47PM 13	IT'S NOT EXPECTED, WITH THIS TYPE OF PROCESS, THAT WE	02:50PM 13	NOTICE MAILED AND POSTED TO THE INTERNET, JULY 14TH.
02:47PM 14	WOULD HAVE THAT MUCH MONEY AT THE END OF THE DAY BECAUSE IT	02:50PM 14	MS. DERMODY: YOUR HONOR, I'M SORRY. CAN I STOP YOU
02:47PM 15	WOULD ONLY BE PEOPLE WHO RECEIVED CHECKS THAT THEY DIDN'T CASH,	02:50PM 15	ON THE VERY FIRST ONE?
02:47PM 16	AND IN A TYPICAL CASE, THAT MIGHT BE \$10,000 OR SOMETHING LIKE	02:50PM 16	THE COURT: YES. IS THAT TOO TIGHT?
02:47PM 17	THAT, MAYBE EVEN \$20,000.	02:50PM 17	MS. DERMODY: YES, I'M SORRY. HEFFLER AND GILARDI I
02:47PM 18	BUT YOU DON'T TEND TO SEE A MILLION DOLLARS OF UNCASHED	02:50PM 18	THINK HAVE TALKED ABOUT 20 DAYS FROM THE ORDER. IF THE ORDER
02:47PM 19	CHECKS. THAT WOULD BE VERY RARE.	02:50PM 19	WAS TODAY, 20 DAYS WOULD BE JULY 9.
02:47PM 20	THE COURT: SO IS YOUR THINKING ABOUT THIS QUESTION	02:50PM 20	THE COURT: FOR, WHAT, THE TRANSFERRING OF MATERIALS?
02:47PM 21	THAT IF IT TURNS OUT THAT THE AMOUNT IS EFFECTIVELY DE MINIMIS	02:50PM 21	MS. DERMODY: THE TRANSFER, YES.
02:47PM 22	AND WOULDN'T ACTUALLY PAY FOR ITSELF IN TERMS OF THE	02:50PM 22	THE COURT: OH. THEY NEED 20 DAYS?
02:47PM 23	ADMINISTRATIONS COSTS, TO THEN GIVE IT TO A CY PRES RECIPIENT?	02:50PM 23	MS. DERMODY: BECAUSE THERE'S SOME SECURITY ISSUES
02:47PM 24	MS. DERMODY: THAT'S RIGHT, YOUR HONOR.	02:50PM 24	AROUND THE DATA. IT'S NOT SOMETHING THAT CAN BE DONE SIMPLY.
02:47PM 25	THE COURT: BUT IF IT EXCEEDS THE COST OF	02:50PM 25	I JUST WANT TO MAKE SURE THEY HAVE ENOUGH TIME TO DO IT
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	50		52
02:47PM 1	50 DISTRIBUTION AND ADMINISTRATION, THEN TO SEND IT TO THE CLASS?	02:50PM 1	52 SECURELY AND THE RIGHT WAY.
02:47PM 1 02:47PM 2		02:50PM 1 02:51PM 2	
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02:47PM 2	DISTRIBUTION AND ADMINISTRATION, THEN TO SEND IT TO THE CLASS? MS. DERMODY: ABSOLUTELY, YES.	02:51PM 2	SECURELY AND THE RIGHT WAY. THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. WELL, THEN, I ASSUME THAT
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		1	
	53		55
02:52PM 1	THE COURT: WHAT I GUESS FOR THE MOTION FOR FINAL	02:55PM 1	SLIP, THE NOTICES DON'T GET OUT, THE DATE IS NOT QUITE RIGHT.
02:52PM 2	APPROVAL, THAT WOULD BE 70 DAYS FROM THE NOTICE DATE, WHICH	02:55PM 2	WE'VE HAD THIS HAPPEN. WE THINK WE'VE GOT IT CLEARED UP, BUT
02:53PM 3	WOULD HAVE BEEN JULY 28.	02:55PM 3	WE DON'T KNOW.
02:53PM 4	MS. DERMODY: SO IT MIGHT BE EASIER TO SET THE OPT	02:55PM 4	WHY NOT GIVE OURSELVES AN EXTRA WEEK AND THEN WE HAVE SOME
02:53PM 5	OUT OBJECTION DEADLINE, WHICH I THINK UNDER THIS WOULD BE	02:56PM 5	FLEXIBILITY?
02:53PM 6	SEPTEMBER 11TH.	02:56PM 6	THE COURT: LET'S SEE WHAT WE HAVE ON THE 23RD AND
02:53PM 7	AND THEN WE MIGHT WANT TO HAVE TWO WEEKS FOR THE OPENING	02:56PM 7	THE 30TH.
02:53PM 8	BRIEF FOR FINAL APPROVAL, AND THAT WOULD THEN BE THREE WEEKS	02:56PM 8	MR. VAN NEST: YEAH.
02:53PM 9	BEFORE THE HEARING DATE.	02:56PM 9	(DISCUSSION OFF THE RECORD BETWEEN THE COURT AND THE
02:53PM 10	THE COURT: YOU MEAN TWO WEEKS AFTER SEPTEMBER 11TH?	02:56PM 10	CLERK.)
02:53PM 11	MS. DERMODY: CORRECT. THANK YOU.	02:56PM 11	THE COURT: WELL, NEITHER OF THOSE DATES ARE GREAT
02:53PM 12	(PAUSE IN PROCEEDINGS.)	02:56PM 12	FOR US, BUT I'M HAPPY TO
02:53PM 13	THE COURT: HOW MUCH TIME AFTER THE MOTION FOR FINAL	02:56PM 13	THE CLERK: NOVEMBER 6TH MIGHT WORK.
02:53PM 14	APPROVAL IS NEEDED FOR THE CLAIMS ADMINISTER AFFIDAVIT OF	02:56PM 14	THE COURT: WHAT'S ON NOVEMBER 6TH?
02:53PM 15	COMPLIANCE WITH THE NOTICE REQUIREMENTS?	02:56PM 15	(DISCUSSION OFF THE RECORD BETWEEN THE COURT AND THE
02:53PM 16	MS. DERMODY: I THINK THAT THAT CAN BE 30 DAYS BEFORE	02:56PM 16	CLERK.)
02:54PM 17	THE FINAL APPROVAL HEARING, YOUR HONOR. SO IF THAT HEARING WAS	02:56PM 17	THE COURT: I YOU KNOW, IF I'M GOING TO APPROVE
02:54PM 18	ON OCTOBER 16, IT WOULD BE THE 30 DAYS BEFORE THAT. I THINK	02:57PM 18	THIS, I DON'T WANT TO DELAY PAYMENT FURTHER THAN NECESSARY.
02:54PM 19	THAT WOULD BE SEPTEMBER 16.	02:57PM 19	YOU KNOW, I GUESS NOVEMBER 6TH IS PROBABLY SLIGHTLY
02:54PM 20	THE COURT: AND THE REPLIES WOULD BE?	02:57PM 20	BETTER, BUT I'M FINE WITH ALSO HAVING THIS ON THE 23RD OR THE
02:54PM 21	MS. DERMODY: A WEEK BEFORE THE HEARING IF THAT WORKS	02:57PM 21	30TH.
02:54PM 22	FOR YOUR HONOR.	02:57PM 22	MR. VAN NEST: EITHER ONE IS FINE WITH US. ANY ONE
02:54PM 23	THE COURT: I NEED TO CHECK MS. PARKER BROWN, CAN	02:57PM 23	OF THOSE THREE DATES IS FINE, YOUR HONOR.
02:54PM 24	YOU TAKE A LOOK AT OCTOBER 16?	02:57PM 24	MS. DERMODY: SAME FOR US, YOUR HONOR.
02:54PM 25	OR WE COULD DO IT EVEN SOONER, OCTOBER HOW WHAT IS	02:57PM 25	THE COURT: OKAY.
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
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02:54PM 1	54 THE EARLIEST DATE WE COULD DO IT THAT WOULD GIVE YOU ENOUGH	02:57PM 1	(DISCUSSION OFF THE RECORD BETWEEN THE COURT AND THE
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UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS

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4	57	1	59
03:00PM 1	THE WORK FORCE, BUT THE AMOUNT THEY PAID AMOUNTED TO 5 PERCENT	03:02PM 1	PERSONS IN THE CLASS SO THAT THE NUMBERS ARE RIGHT THERE AND
03:00PM 2	OF THE TOTAL AMOUNT PAID.	03:03PM 2	SOMEBODY DOESN'T HAVE TO GO DO THE MATH, BECAUSE I THINK THE
	SO THE IMPLICIT NUMBER, IF YOU USE 20 PERCENT AS A	03:03PM 3	AVERAGE PERSON IS NOT GOING TO JUMP TO THE CONCLUSION THAT THEY
	BENCHMARK FOR THESE REMAINING DEFENDANTS, I COME UP WITH IS 400	_	CAN DO THAT MATH AND THAT THAT'S GOING TO BE HOW THEY KNOW.
	MILLION, SO WE WOULD BE 75 MILLION SHORT IF WE WERE USING THAT AS A BENCHMARK.		SO IT'S EASY ENOUGH TO DO THAT LANGUAGE. IF YOU APPROVE, I WOULD PROPOSE LANGUAGE TO CLASS COUNSEL. I'M SURE WE COULD
03:00PM 6		03:03PM 6	AGREE ON AN INSERTION TO THE NOTICE THAT WOULD ADD THAT
	AND THE REFERENCE IS THE TRANSCRIPT OF THE PRELIMINARY		INFORMATION.
03:00PM 8	PRELIMINARY APPROVAL HEARING AT PAGE 16, AND AT LINE 18, THERE'S A DISCUSSION BETWEEN MS. DERMODY AND YOUR HONOR IN	03:03PM 8	
03:00PM 3	WHICH THESE NUMBERS ARE BEING DISCUSSED AND THE 20 PERCENT	03:03PM 9	AND SO IF YOU'RE GOING FORWARD, IT'S, I THINK, CONSISTENT WITH THE NORTHERN DISTRICT'S RECENT GUIDELINES. THOSE CALL FOR
03:00PM 10	OR 20 MILLION AND HOW THAT REPRESENTS 8 PERCENT OF THE WORK	03:03PM 10	THIS INFORMATION IN THE MOVING PAPERS, AND A NUMBER OF COURTS
03:00PM 11	FORCE NUMERICALLY, BUT 5 PERCENT FROM THE POINT OF VIEW OF THE	03:03PM 11	HAVE REQUIRED THAT INFORMATION IN THE NOTICE. IT'S REQUIRED
03:00PM 12	AMOUNT THEY PAID IN RELATION TO THE TOTAL AMOUNT OF SALARIES	03:03PM 13	UNDER THE PRIVATE SECURITIES LITIGATION REFORM ACT, AND IT'S
03:00PM 13	PAID.	03:03PM 13	EASY ENOUGH TO DO FROM A PRACTICAL PERSPECTIVE.
03:00PM 15	SO TO THE EXTENT I HEARD THE COURT TO BE SAYING THIS	03:03PM 15	AND IF YOU WANT TO PROCEED WITH THIS SETTLEMENT, IT'S ONE
03:00PM 16	NUMBER SEEMED LIGHT, I THINK THAT'S THE ANSWER.	03:03PM 16	WAY OF GIVING THE CLASS MEMBERS THE INFORMATION THAT MR. DEVINE
03:01PM 17	SECOND, THE DISTRICT COURT THE COURT MADE A NUMBER OF	03:03PM 17	WAS CONCERNED ABOUT.
03:01PM 18	COMMENTS THAT, IN MY EXPERIENCE, THE COMMENTS HAVE BEEN PRETTY	03:03PM 18	THE COURT: YOU MEAN PUTTING IN THE \$141,331?
03:01PM 19	EFFECTIVE IN FOCUSSING THE MIND OF DECISION MAKERS ABOUT	03:04PM 19	MR. GIRARD: YEAH. AND TO THE EXTENT THE CONCERN IS
03:01PM 20	SETTLEMENT, AND IF THE COURT DECIDED NOT TO APPROVE THIS AT	03:04PM 20	THAT'S A TREBLED NUMBER, IT CAN BE CLARIFIED THAT THAT WOULD BE
03:01PM 21	THIS STAGE AND SENT THE PARTIES BACK TO TRY AGAIN, I THINK	03:04PM 21	AFTER TREBLING.
03:01PM 22	YOU'VE MADE IT PRETTY CLEAR, AND I HAVE A SENSE FROM THE	03:04PM 22	BUT I THINK, YEAH, THE SHORT ANSWER IS YES.
03:01PM 23	DISCUSSION WHERE THAT BENCHMARK IS, AND I HAVE A FEELING THAT	03:04PM 23	THE COURT: WHY DON'T I HAVE MR. VAN NEST, WHY DON'T
03:01PM 24	THAT THAT THE COURT'S COMMENTS ARE GOING TO ELICIT A	03:04PM 24	YOU RESPOND? I MEAN, IT IS TRUE THAT THE FIRST SETTLEMENT, THE
03:01PM 25	FAVORABLE RESPONSE. BUT THE ONLY WAY TO FIND THAT OUT IS TO	03:04PM 25	PERCENTAGE OF THE CLASS COMPENSATION WAS 5 PERCENT, AND THE
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	58		60
03:01PM 1	58 TRY.	03:04РМ 1	60 PERCENTAGE OF CLASS MEMBERSHIP WAS 8 PERCENT, AND IF WE DID
03:01PM 1 03:01PM 2		03:04PM 1 03:04PM 2	
	TRY.		PERCENTAGE OF CLASS MEMBERSHIP WAS 8 PERCENT, AND IF WE DID
03:01PM 2	TRY. A COMMENT ABOUT THE ROLE OF JUDGE PHILLIPS. I AGREE HE'S	03:04PM 2	PERCENTAGE OF CLASS MEMBERSHIP WAS 8 PERCENT, AND IF WE DID THAT STRAIGHT CALCULATION, IT WOULD HAVE BEEN HIGHER.
03:01PM 2 03:01PM 3	TRY. A COMMENT ABOUT THE ROLE OF JUDGE PHILLIPS. I AGREE HE'S A HIGHLY RESPECTED MEDIATOR AND VERY WELL EXPERIENCED.	03:04PM 2 03:04PM 3	PERCENTAGE OF CLASS MEMBERSHIP WAS 8 PERCENT, AND IF WE DID THAT STRAIGHT CALCULATION, IT WOULD HAVE BEEN HIGHER. MR. VAN NEST: NO. THE NUMBER IT CONFIRMS
03:01PM 2 03:01PM 3 03:01PM 4	TRY. A COMMENT ABOUT THE ROLE OF JUDGE PHILLIPS. I AGREE HE'S A HIGHLY RESPECTED MEDIATOR AND VERY WELL EXPERIENCED. HE WAS ALSO THE MEDIATOR IN THAT NFL CONCUSSION SETTLEMENT	03:04PM 2 03:04PM 3 03:04PM 4	PERCENTAGE OF CLASS MEMBERSHIP WAS 8 PERCENT, AND IF WE DID THAT STRAIGHT CALCULATION, IT WOULD HAVE BEEN HIGHER. MR. VAN NEST: NO. THE NUMBER IT CONFIRMS ABSOLUTELY THAT THE SETTLEMENT IS RIGHT IN THE SWEET SPOT.
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03:05PM 1	WHICH GIVES YOU 400 MILLION. SO WE'RE	03:07РМ 1	PERCENTAGE.
03:05PM 2	THE COURT: OKAY. SO TELL ME WHAT YOU'RE DOING AND	03:07PM 2	MS. DERMODY: AND, YOUR HONOR, I JUST WANTED TO SAY
03:05PM 3	WHY YOU ALL ARE COMING OUT WITH DIFFERENT NUMBERS. GO AHEAD.	03:07PM 3	THAT CLASS COUNSEL, AT THE START OF THIS HEARING, ACKNOWLEDGED
03:05PM 4	MR. VAN NEST: NO, NO. WE'RE COMING OUT WITH THE	03:07PM 4	THAT WHERE WE ARE RIGHT NOW IS PRICED IN A RATIO THAT'S VERY
03:05PM 5	SAME NUMBERS, YOUR HONOR.	03:07PM 5	SIMILAR TO THE FIRST TIME AROUND AND THAT WE BASED OUR DECISION
03:05PM 6	IF YOU LOOK AT IT AS 5 PERCENT OF THE COMPENSATION PAID	03:08PM 6	NOT ON THIS IDEA OF HAVING, YOU KNOW, EVEN MORE MONEY AND THIS
03:05PM 7	THE COURT: UM-HUM.	03:08PM 7	IS WHY WE'RE TRYING TO SELL THIS TO THE COURT, BUT ON THIS RISK
03:05PM 8	MR. VAN NEST: IF THAT GROUP PAID 20, THEN THE	03:08PM 8	THAT WE THINK IS VERY REAL.
03:05PM 9	TOTAL VALUE OF THAT IS 400.	03:08PM 9	YOU KNOW, WHEN WE HAD THE FIRST SETTLEMENT, AS THE COURT
03:05PM 10	IF, HOWEVER, YOU LOOK AT IT AS 8 PERCENT OF THE CLASS THAT	03:08PM 10	MAY RECALL, THE ONLY CORPORATE ADMISSIONS IN THIS CASE WERE
03:05РМ 11	YOU EMPLOYED, THEN THE TOTAL SETTLEMENT IS 250.	03:08PM 11	FROM THE PIXAR/LUCAS CORPORATE EXECUTIVES. THOSE ARE THE IN
03:06РМ 12	THIS NUMBER IS RIGHT IN THE MIDDLE OF THAT, WHICH IS WHY I	03:08PM 12	SOME WAYS, THOSE WERE THE STRONGEST PIECES OF EVIDENCE IN THE
03:06РМ 13	SAY IT'S AN ABSOLUTELY FAIR NUMBER. IT'S YOU COULD LOOK AT	03:08PM 13	CASE, AND THEY CASHED OUT.
03:06РМ 14	IT ONE WAY OR THE OTHER. I THINK, AND I THINK THE DEFENDANTS	03:08PM 14	THERE WAS DIFFERENT EVIDENCE, SOME VERY GOOD EVIDENCE, BUT
03:06РМ 15	BELIEVE, THE FAIR WAY TO LOOK AT IT IS, WHAT PERCENTAGE OF THE	03:08РМ 15	DIFFERENT TYPES OF EVIDENCE PUTTING TOGETHER THE PIECES WITH
03:06РМ 16	CLASS DID YOU FOLKS EMPLOY THAT PAID? AND WHO IF THAT'S	03:08РМ 16	THE OTHER DEFENDANTS. SO YOU HAVE TO WEIGH SOME OF THOSE
03:06РМ 17	THAT'S A WAY TO DIVIDE IT UP.	03:08PM 17	ISSUES AS WELL.
03:06РМ 18	YOU COULD ALSO DIVIDE IT UP BASED ON THE PERCENTAGE OF	03:08РМ 18	AND I THINK, YOUR HONOR, THAT IF YOU WOULD TALK TO OUR
03:06РМ 19	PAY.	03:08РМ 19	TEAM ABOUT WHO HAS BEEN DRINKING THE KOOL-AID ON THIS CASE THE
03:06РМ 20	BUT EITHER WAY YOU DO IT, THIS NUMBER IS RIGHT IN THE	03:08PM 20	MOST, THEY PROBABLY WOULD NAME ME AS THAT PERSON WHO HAS BEEN
03:06РМ 21	SWEET SPOT OF WHAT IS NOT ONLY FAIR, BUT IN MANY WAYS A PREMIUM	03:08PM 21	ZEALOUS ABOUT TAKING THIS CASE TO TRIAL.
03:06РМ 22	OVER THE SETTLEMENT THAT YOUR HONOR APPROVED A COUPLE OF MONTHS	03:08PM 22	BUT WHEN YOU GO THROUGH JURY TESTING AND YOU ACTUALLY SHOW
03:06РМ 23	AGO. THAT'S ALL.	03:08PM 23	JURORS IN THIS DISTRICT THIS EVIDENCE AND TEST WITH THEM THEIR
03:06РМ 24	THE COURT: ALL RIGHT. LET ME HEAR FROM MR. GIRARD.	03:08PM 24	ATTITUDES ABOUT THESE CLAIMS AND THESE CLASS MEMBERS, YOU HAVE
03:06РМ 25	WHY SHOULD IT BE A PERCENTAGE OF THE CLASS COMPENSATION VERSUS	03:08PM 25	TO BE SOBERED ABOUT WHAT THE RISKS ARE WITH THIS JURY POOL,
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	62		64
03:06PM 1	62 THE PERCENTAGE OF THE CLASS MEMBERSHIP?	03:09PM 1	64 WITH THIS EVIDENCE.
03:06PM 1		03:09PM 1	
	THE PERCENTAGE OF THE CLASS MEMBERSHIP?		WITH THIS EVIDENCE.
03:06РМ 2	THE PERCENTAGE OF THE CLASS MEMBERSHIP? MR. GIRARD: BECAUSE DAMAGES ARE AWARDED BASED ON	03:09PM 2	WITH THIS EVIDENCE. IT IS NOT WITHOUT, YOU KNOW, GREAT CONCERN THAT WE WOULD
03:06PM 2 03:06PM 3	THE PERCENTAGE OF THE CLASS MEMBERSHIP? MR. GIRARD: BECAUSE DAMAGES ARE AWARDED BASED ON COMPENSATION, ONE.	03:09PM 2 03:09PM 3	WITH THIS EVIDENCE. IT IS NOT WITHOUT, YOU KNOW, GREAT CONCERN THAT WE WOULD EVER TAKE THIS CASE TO TRIAL, AND THAT'S WHY WE THINK THIS IS
03:06PM 2 03:06PM 3 03:06PM 4	THE PERCENTAGE OF THE CLASS MEMBERSHIP? MR. GIRARD: BECAUSE DAMAGES ARE AWARDED BASED ON COMPENSATION, ONE. TWO, BECAUSE THE EARLIER SETTLEMENTS TYPICALLY ARE FIRST	03:09PM 2 03:09PM 3 03:09PM 4	WITH THIS EVIDENCE. IT IS NOT WITHOUT, YOU KNOW, GREAT CONCERN THAT WE WOULD EVER TAKE THIS CASE TO TRIAL, AND THAT'S WHY WE THINK THIS IS AN EXCELLENT DEAL AND IT WOULD BE WRONG FOR US NOT TO PRESENT
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03:10PM 1	ERIC SCHMIDT?	03:12PM 1	THEIR LIABILITY
03:10PM 2	MS. DERMODY: I THINK THE RATIO IS VERY SIMILAR IN	03:12PM 2	MS. DERMODY: THIS IS
03:10PM 2	TERMS OF WHAT HAPPENED BEFORE AND WHAT HAPPENED NOW. AND I	03:12PM 2	THE COURT: AND THEY SETTLED EARLY.
03:10PM 4	UNDERSTAND. IT'S WHAT WE WRESTLED WITH OURSELVES ABOUT THIS	03:12PM 4	MS. DERMODY: RIGHT. THIS IS THE MARKET TESTING,
03:10PM 5	SETTLEMENT, YOUR HONOR.	03:12PM 5	YOUR HONOR.
03:10PM 6	IT'S BECAUSE, AT THE END OF THE DAY, THE RISK OF LOSING AT	03:12PM 6	THE COURT: OKAY.
03:10PM 7	TRIAL NEVER CHANGED.	03:12PM 7	MS. DERMODY: WHEN YOU HAVE JURORS LOOKING AT
03:10PM 8	AT THE END OF THE DAY, THE RISK OF LOSING CERTAIN PRETRIAL	03:12PM 8	EVIDENCE, JURORS THINK VERY HIGHLY OF WHAT PEOPLE SAY AS
03:10PM 9	ORDERS ON APPEAL NEVER CHANGED.	03:12PM 9	ADMISSIONS. THEY DON'T NEED TO CONNECT ANY DOTS. THEY CAN
03:10PM 10	THE COURT: YOU KNOW, I WISH YOU HAD TOLD ME HOW WEAK	03:12PM 10	TAKE IT AT FACE VALUE BECAUSE A PERSON SAID IT.
03:10PM 11	YOUR CASE WAS FOR CLASS CERT AND ON ALL THOSE DAUBERT MOTIONS.	03:12PM 10	AND SO FROM A JUROR PERSPECTIVE, THERE ARE CERTAIN TYPES
03:10PM 12	I MEAN, THAT WOULD HAVE BEEN HELPFUL INFORMATION.	03:12PM 11	OF EVIDENCE THAT ARE, THAT ARE VERY HOT. THEY'RE TOXIC, YOU
03:10PM 12	I WAS CERTAINLY HEARING A DIFFERENT TUNE	03:12PM 12	KNOW? THEY'RE THEY'RE ATOMIC.
03:10PM 14	MS. DERMODY: 1 DON'T THINK YOU	03:12PM 14	AND THERE ARE OTHER TYPES OF EVIDENCE THAT REQUIRE LEAPS
03:10PM 15	THE COURT: FROM YOUR SIDE OF THE COURTROOM DURING	03:12PM 15	OF LOGIC AND CONNECTING DOTS AND YOU HAVE TO HAVE JURORS THAT
03:10PM 16	ALL THE PREVIOUS MOTIONS IN THIS CASE.	03:13PM 16	ARE WILLING TO ROLL UP THEIR SLEEVES AND REALLY PUT THOSE DOTS
03:10PM 17	IF I HAD KNOWN WHAT A LOSER THIS WAS, PERHAPS, YOU KNOW	03:13PM 17	TOGETHER IN ORDER TO UNDERSTAND.
03:10PM 17	THE COURT, YOU KNOW, DID 90-PAGE ORDERS.	03:13PM 17	AND YOU MIGHT NOT GET THE JURORS THAT DO THE LATTER, BUT
03:11PM 19	MS. DERMODY: YOUR HONOR, I THINK WE'RE	03:13PM 19	YOU MIGHT GET JURORS THAT DO THE FORMER ALL DAY LONG BECAUSE
03:11PM 20	THE COURT: AND IF I HAD KNOWN WHAT A WEAK CASE THIS	03:13PM 20	IT'S QUITE SIMPLE TO DO.
03:11PM 21	WAS, PERHAPS THIS SHOULDN'T HAVE GOTTEN AS MUCH OF THE COURT'S	03:13PM 21	AND SO FROM A JUROR PERSPECTIVE, I DON'T KNOW IF I COULD
03:11PM 21	RESOURCES AS IT DID.	03:13PM 21	SAY THAT IT WAS STRONGER WITH THE LUCASFILM AND PIXAR I
03:11PM 23	MS. DERMODY: BUT, YOUR HONOR, I THINK THAT	03:13PM 23	DON'T KNOW THAT I WOULD SAY THAT.
03:11PM 24	THE COURT: YEAH.	03:13PM 24	BUT I WOULD SAY THAT SOME OF THE EVIDENCE WAS MUCH EASIER
03:11PM 25	MS. DERMODY: HOW THE COURT FEELS ABOUT IT IS	03:13PM 25	FOR THEM, MUCH MORE ACCESSIBLE FOR THEM, AND IN THAT WAY, WE
03.11FW 20	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS	03.13FW 20	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	66		
03:11PM 1		03:13PM 1	68 HAD TO FIGURE OUT WHAT WOULD BE THE REACTION IN COMPARISON TO
03:11PM 1	MAYBE, I THINK, IN FAIRNESS, NOT LOOKING AT THE FULL PICTURE.	03:13PM 1	HAD TO FIGURE OUT WHAT WOULD BE THE REACTION IN COMPARISON TO
03:11PM 2	MAYBE, I THINK, IN FAIRNESS, NOT LOOKING AT THE FULL PICTURE. THE COURT: OKAY.	03:13PM 2	HAD TO FIGURE OUT WHAT WOULD BE THE REACTION IN COMPARISON TO THAT EVIDENCE WITH SOME OF THE OTHER DEFENDANTS.
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4	69		71
03:14PM	PREPARED TO GO TO TRIAL ON THIS CASE.	03:16PM 1	I MEAN, I
03:14PM 2	SO WHEN I HEAR, "OH, BUT WE SAVED YOU TIME," I'M SORRY,	03:17PM 2	MR. VAN NEST: BUT, AGAIN
03:14PM 3	THAT'S NOT COMPELLING TO ME. THAT'S NOT A GOOD REASON TO ADOPT	03:17PM 3	THE COURT: I THINK THERE WAS CERTAINLY EVIDENCE THAT
03:14PM 4	THIS. IT'S IN THE MOTION, IT'S IN THE REPLY, AND IT'S NOT	03:17PM 4	THE PLAINTIFFS COULD POINT TO THAT INTEL WAS AWARE OF OTHER
03:14PM 5	PERSUASIVE.	03:17PM 5	DEFENDANTS' AGREEMENTS AND THE COLD CALL AGREEMENTS OF OTHER
03:14PM 6	BUT GO AHEAD.	03:17PM 6	COMPANIES THAT INCLUDED OTHER COMPANIES, EVEN IF THEY DIDN'T
03:14PM 7	MR. VAN NEST: TWO OTHER POINTS.	03:17PM 7	HAVE A DIRECT BILATERAL AGREEMENT WITH INTEL.
03:14PM 8	YOUR HONOR, YOU TALK ABOUT WEIGHING EVIDENCE.	03:17PM 8	MR. VAN NEST: BUT, YOUR HONOR, THE ARGUMENT IS, IS
03:14PM 9	THE COURT: YEAH.	03:17PM 9	IT A FAIR SETTLEMENT? WE'RE TALKING ABOUT \$324 MILLION.
03:14PM 10	MR. VAN NEST: TWO THINGS. REMEMBER THAT THE EARLIER	03:17PM 10	THAT'S ALL PRICED INTO THAT.
03:14PM 11	PARTIES THAT SETTLED WERE PAYING GENERALLY LOWER SALARIES. THE	03:17PM 11	AND YOU HAVE MR. DEVINE SAYING, "WELL, IT SHOULD HAVE BEEN
03:14PM 12	PARTIES THAT ARE SETTLING HERE, PARTICULARLY GOOGLE AND APPLE,	03:17PM 12	A LITTLE BIT MORE." BALONEY. THAT'S ALL WITHIN THE RANGE OF
03:15PM 13	WERE AT THE VERY TOP OF THE MARKET.	03:17PM 13	JUDGMENT AND THE RANGE OF EXPERIENCE AND THE RANGE OF RISK.
03:15PM 14	ALSO, LIKE I SAY	03:17PM 14	IT'S NOT AS THOUGH WE'RE LOOKING AT A 15 OR \$20 MILLION
03:15PM 15	THE COURT: BUT WHICH WAY DOES THAT CUT?	03:17PM 15	SETTLEMENT. WE'RE LOOKING AT A \$324 MILLION SETTLEMENT WHICH,
03:15PM 16	MR. VAN NEST: IT CUTS	03:17PM 16	NO MATTER HOW YOU CALCULATE IS, IS MANY, MANY FACTORS HIGHER
03:15PM 17	THE COURT: WHICH WAY DOES THAT CUT?	03:17PM 17	THAN WHAT THE EARLIER GUYS SETTLED FOR.
03:15PM 18	MR. VAN NEST: FOR JURORS	03:17PM 18	SO THIS IS ALL WITHIN THE RANGE OF DISCRETION AND
03:15PM 19	THE COURT: I MEAN, THAT MEANS THAT THE EMPLOYEES	03:17PM 19	JUDGMENT. THAT'S WHY I THINK THIS IS NOT A CLOSE CALL MYSELF
03:15PM 20	COULD POTENTIALLY HAVE EARNED EVEN MORE AND YOU SHOULDN'T BE	03:17PM 20	GIVEN THE RISKS ON BOTH SIDES, GIVEN THE AMOUNT OF MONEY THAT
03:15PM 21	PAYING LESS THAN YOUR PROPORTION THAN LUCASFILM AND PIXAR.	03:18PM 21	WAS ACHIEVED, GIVEN THE
03:15PM 22	MR. VAN NEST: IT CUTS IN THIS WAY: PEOPLE DO NOT	03:18PM 22	THE COURT: OKAY. BUT LET ME ASK YOU, IF YOU USE THE
03:15PM 23	FEEL AS THOUGH THOSE EMPLOYEES WERE TREATED UNFAIRLY WHEN THEIR	03:18PM 23	5 PERCENT, THEN THIS IS ABOUT 76,000 76 MILLION SHORT. WHAT
03:15PM 24	PAY WAS 50 OR MORE PERCENT HIGHER THAN THE AVERAGE TECH WORKER.	03:18PM 24	IS THAT?
03:15PM 25	IT'S HARD TO GET A JUROR TO AGREE THAT THAT'S	03:18PM 25	MR. VAN NEST: WHY WOULD
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	70		72
03:15PM 1	UNDERCOMPENSATION WHEN THOSE FOLKS ARE MAKING SUCH A PREMIUM	03:18PM 1	THE COURT: DO YOU AGREE WITH THE PLAINTIFFS THAT
03:15PM 2	OVER EVERYBODY ELSE IN THE BUSINESS. THAT'S ONE THING.	03:18PM 2	THEIR CASE AGAINST YOU WAS WEAKER THAN THE CASE AGAINST
03:15PM 3	THE OTHER KEY FACT IS THAT INTEL EMPLOYED 60 PERCENT OF	03:18PM 3	
03:15PM 4			LUCASFILM AND PIXAR? OR WHAT'S YOUR VIEW?
00.13FW	THE CLASS. SO 60 PERCENT OF THE CLASS YOUR HONOR KNOWS THIS	03:18PM 4	LUCASFILM AND PIXAR? OR WHAT'S YOUR VIEW? MR. VAN NEST: I DON'T THINK IT'S
03:15PM 5	FROM THE EARLIER BRIEFING. THE EVIDENCE AGAINST INTEL WAS	03:18PM 4 03:18PM 5	MR. VAN NEST: I DON'T THINK IT'S THE COURT: NO, I'M JUST SAYING I UNDERSTAND YOUR
03:15PM 5 03:15PM 6	FROM THE EARLIER BRIEFING. THE EVIDENCE AGAINST INTEL WAS RELATIVELY THIN, RIGHT? ONE BILATERAL AGREEMENT, VERY LITTLE	03:18PM 4 03:18PM 5 03:18PM 6	MR. VAN NEST: I DON'T THINK IT'S THE COURT: NO, I'M JUST SAYING I UNDERSTAND YOUR POINT THAT IF YOU USE THE PERCENTAGE OF CLASS MEMBERSHIP, THIS
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	73		75
03:19PM 1	STANDPOINT OF COMPENSATING THE CLASS	03:21PM 1	MS. DERMODY: NO. IT'S US SAYING TO YOUR HONOR, WE
03:19PM 2	THE COURT: OKAY.	03:21PM 2	HAVE BEEN DRIVING THIS TRAIN AND WE RAN INTO JURY WORK, AND WE
03:19PM 3	MR. VAN NEST: IT'S ONE THING TO SAY, "OKAY, I'M	03:21PM 3	HAVE BEEN SOBERED BY DOING THAT WORK AND BY LEARNING HOW
03:19PM 4	GOING TO FORGO 20 MILLION AND TAKE MY SHOT."	03:21PM 4	DIFFICULT IT IS TO CONVINCE A UNANIMOUS ROOM OF PEOPLE, EVEN
03:19PM 5	IT'S QUITE ANOTHER THING TO SAY, "I'LL FORGO 324 MILLION	03:21PM 5	WITH THIS EVIDENCE, TO MEET THE STANDARD IN THIS CASE.
03:19PM 6	AND TAKE MY SHOT." I MEAN, THAT IS A VASTLY DIFFERENT	03:21PM 6	AND SO WHAT COULD WE HAVE DONE IT? IS IT POSSIBLE?
03:19PM 7	QUESTION.	03:21PM 7	THE COURT: WERE YOU DOING RULE OF REASON OR WERE YOU
03:19PM 8	AND, YES, THE EVIDENCE IS DIFFERENT IN THE TWO CASES AND,	03:21PM 8	DOING PER SE IN YOUR JURY STUDIES?
03:19PM 9	YES, WE CAN ALL DISAGREE ABOUT WHAT IT MEANS.	03:22PM 9	MS. DERMODY: WE WERE DOING EVERYTHING IN THE MOST
03:19PM 10	BUT ULTIMATELY NONE OF THAT MATTERS BECAUSE IT'S A HUGE	03:22PM 10	FAVORABLE WAY TO US, INCLUDING THINGS LIKE TELLING THE JURY
03:19PM 11	RISK, ONE WAY OR THE OTHER, THAT THE JURY SEES IT YOUR WAY, AND	03:22PM 11	ABOUT THE D.O.J. INVESTIGATION.
03:19PM 12	IF THEY DON'T, YOU HAVE SQUANDERED \$324 MILLION, WHICH IS NOW A	03:22PM 12	I MEAN, YOUR HONOR, I JUST YOU KNOW, THE RISK THAT
03:19PM 13	SURE THING, YOU KNOW, IF THE SETTLEMENT WERE TO BE APPROVED.	03:22PM 13	THE COURT: I WOULD HAVE ALLOWED THAT PROBABLY.
03:19PM 14	SO I DON'T I DON'T, FOR ONE MINUTE, THINK THE	03:22PM 14	PROBABLY.
03:19PM 15	DIFFERENCE BETWEEN 400 AND 324 IS MEANINGFUL, I DON'T, BECAUSE	03:22PM 15	MS. DERMODY: WELL, AT THE RISK OF EXPOSING A LOT OF
03:19PM 16	THIS IS ALL WITHIN THE RANGE OF JUDGMENT.	03:22PM 16	WORK PRODUCT THAT WE WOULD NOT WANT THE DEFENDANTS TO HAVE IF
03:19PM 17	YOU CAN'T JUST TAKE A RULER AND MULTIPLY IT OUT AND SAY	03:22PM 17	THE COURT WAS TO DENY OUR REQUEST TO APPROVE THE SETTLEMENT, I
03:19PM 18	YOU'RE FALLING SHORT.	03:22PM 18	DO WANT THE COURT TO UNDERSTAND THE AMOUNT OF CONCERN AND
03:19PM 19	AND EVEN IF YOU DID THAT, IF YOU USE MY RULER, WE'RE	03:22PM 19	EFFORT AND THE EMPIRICAL WORK WE DID TO GET TO A PLACE WHERE WE
03:19PM 20	PAYING A PREMIUM. IF YOU USE THEIR RULER, WE'RE PAYING LESS.	03:22PM 20	RECOGNIZE THAT THAT RISK WAS NOT THEORETICAL, THAT IT WAS REAL,
03:20PM 21	BUT IT'S ALL WITHIN THE RANGE OF A REASONABLE RECOVERY FOR	03:22PM 21	AND WE HAD TO AT LEAST ACKNOWLEDGE IT.
03:20PM 22	THE CLASS IN LIGHT OF ALL OF THE VARIOUS RISKS. THAT'S WHAT IT	03:22PM 22	THE COURT: OKAY. ALL RIGHT. THANK YOU ALL VERY
03:20PM 23	IS.	03:22PM 23	MUCH.
03:20PM 24	SO I DON'T THINK YOU WOULD REACH A DIFFERENT RESULT EVEN	03:22PM 24	MR. VAN NEST: THANK YOU, YOUR HONOR.
03:20PM 25	IF YOU SAID, "I THINK THE FAIR WAY TO LOOK AT IT IS BASED ON	03:22PM 25	THE COURT: LET'S TAKE A BREAK BEFORE THE LAST CASE.
	UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS		UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS
	74		76
03:20PM 1	PAY, 5 PERCENT."	03:22PM 1	76 THANK YOU FOR YOUR PATIENCE FOR THE LAST CASE.
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CERTIFICATE OF REPORTER I, THE UNDERSIGNED OFFICIAL COURT REPORTER OF THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA, 280 SOUTH FIRST STREET, SAN JOSE, CALIFORNIA, DO HEREBY 10 CERTIFY: 11 THAT THE FOREGOING TRANSCRIPT, CERTIFICATE INCLUSIVE, IS A CORRECT TRANSCRIPT FROM THE RECORD OF PROCEEDINGS IN THE 12 13 ABOVE-ENTITLED MATTER. 15 16 LEE-ANNE SHORTRIDGE, CSR, CRR CERTIFICATE NUMBER 9595 17 DATED: JUNE 24, 2014 19 20 21 22 23 24 UNITED STATES COURT REPORTERS