In the Circuit Court of the United States in and for the District of Kansas, First Division.

The United States of America, complainant, VS. The Trans-Missouri Freight Association, The Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company, The Missouri, Kan -: sas and Texas Railroad Company, Chicago, Kansas and Nebraska Railroad braska Railway Company, Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific: Railway Company, Chicago, St. Paul, Minneapolis and Gmaha: Railway Company, Burlington and Missouri River Railroad Company, in Nebraska, Denver and Rio Grande Railway Company, Denver and Rio Grande Western Railway Company,: Denver Texas and Fort Worth Railroad Company, Fremont, : Elkhorn and Missouri Valley Railroad Company, Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis Railroad Company, Kansas City, St. Joseph and Council Bluffs Railroad Company, Missouri Pacific Railway Company, Sioux City and Pacific Railroad Company, St. Joseph and Grand Island Railroad Company, St. Louis and San Francisco Railway Company, Union Pacific Railway Company and Utah Central Railway : Company, defendants.

To the Honorable Judges of the said Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Kansas:

The United States of America, by J.W.Ady, United States District

Attorney, acting in this behalf by authority of the Attorney General of the United States, brings this, its petition against the Atchison, Topeka and Santa Fe Railroad Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Kansas, the Chicago, Kansas and Nebraska Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Kansas, the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the States of Illinois and Iowa, the Chicago St. Paul, Minneapolis and Omaha Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the States of Wisconsin, and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Wisconsin, and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Wisconsin,

Burlington and Missouri River Railroad Company, (in Nebraska) a corporation and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Nebraska, the Denver and Rie Grande Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Colorado, the Denver and Wie Grande Western Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Colorado, the Denver, Texas and Fort Worth Railroad Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Statesof Colorado and Texas, the Frement, Elkhorn and Missouri Valley Railroad Company, a corperation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the AState of Nebraska, the Kansas City, Fort Scott and Memphis Railroad Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the States of Kansas, Missouri and Arkansas, the Kansas City, St.Joseph and Council Bluffs Railroad Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Misseuri, the Misseuri Pacific Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by

and Pacific Railroad Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Iowa, the St.Joseph and Grand Island Railroad Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Kansas, the St.Louis and San Francisco Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the Statesof Missouri and Kansas, the Union Pacific Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the United States, the Utah Central Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the United States, the Utah Central Railway Company, a corporation organized and existing under and by virtue of the State of

tion organized and existing under and by virtue of the laws of the State of Kansas, and thereupon your orator complains and says that each and every of said defendants were at all the times hereinafter mentioned and now are common carriers of all classes and kinds of freight and commodities which are commonly moved, carried and transported by railroad companies in the freight traffic of such companies, and were at all times hereinafter mentioned and now are continuously engaged in moving, carrying and transporting freight and commodities in the commerce, trade and traffic which is

continuously carried on among and between the several States of the United States and among and between the several States and the Territories of the United States and among and between the several States and Territories of the United States and foreign countries, and between the people residing in and engaged in trade and commerce within and among and between the States, and Territories and countries aforesaid; and that each of said defendants were prior to the 15th day of March, 1889, the owners of and in control of and were respectively operating and using distinct and seperate lines of railroad fitted up for carrying on business as such carriers in the freight traffic aforesaid, independently and disconnected with each other, and that said lines of railroad were and are the only lines of transportation and communication engaged in the freight traffic between and among the States and Territories of the United States, having through lines for said freight traffic, in all that region of country lying to the westward of Misssissippi River and Missouri river and east of the Pacific ocean; which said lines of railroad furnished to the public and to persons engaged in trade and traffic and commerce between the several States and Territories and countries aforesaid seperate, distinct and competitive lines of transportaion and communication, extending among and between the States and Territories of the United States lying westward of the Misseuri river and the Mississippi river to the Pacific ocean; and that the construction and maintenance of said several seperate, distinct and competitive lines of railroad aforesaid had been encouraged and assisted by the United States of America and by the States and Territories in the region of country aferesaid, and by the people of the said several States and Territories, by franchies, and by grants and denations of large amounts of land of great value, and of money and securities, for the purpose of securing to the public and to the people engaged in trade and commerce throughout the region of country aferesaid, competitive lines of transportation and communication, and that prior to the said 15th day of March, 1889, and subsequently to the present time each and all of said defendants have been and are engaged as common carriers in the freight traffic connected withmthe Inter-State commerce

of the United States.

And your erater further avers that on or about the 15th day of March, 1889, the defendants not being content with the usual rates and prices for which they and others were accustemed to move, carry and transport property, freight and commodities in the trade and commerce aforesaid, and in their said business and eccupation; but contriving and intending unjustly and oppressively to increase and augment the said rates and prices, and to counteract the effect of free competition on the facilities and price of transportation, and to establish and maintain arbitrary rates, and to prevent any one of said defendants from reducing such arbitrary rates, and thereby exact and procure great nums of money from the people of the said States and THERESTER territory aforesaid, and from the people engaged in the Inter-State commerce, trade and traffic within the region of country aforesaid, and from all persons having goods, wares and merchandise to be transported by said railroads, and intenting intending to monopolize the trade, traffic and commerce among and between the States and Territories aforesaid, did combine, conspire, confederate and unlaw - 1 fully agree together, and did then and there enter into a written contract, combination, and agreement and compact known as a memorandum of agreement of the Trans-Missouri Freight Association, which was signed by each of said above named defendants.

And your orator further avers that the terms, conditions, preamble and articles of said agreement are, among other things, in substance and effect as follows:

## PREAMBLE.

"For the purpose of mutual protection by establishing and maintaining reasonable rates, rules and regulations on all freight traffic, both through and local, the subscribers do hereby form an association to be known as the Trans-Missouri Freight Association, and agree to be governed by the following provisions:

ARTICLE .

1. The traffic to be included in the Trans-Missouri Freight Associa-

tion shall be as follows: All competitive traffic between points in the following described territory commencing at the Gulf of Mexico on the 95th meridian, thence north to Red river, thence via that river to the eastern boundary of the Indian Territory, thence north by said boundary line and the eastern line of the State of Kansas to the Misseuri river at Kansas City, thence via said Misseuri river to the point of intersection of that river with the eastern boundary of Montana, thence via the said eastern boundary line to the inter-national line, the foregoing to be known as the "Misseuri river line", thence via said inter-national line to the Pacific coast, thence via the Pacific coast to the inter-national line between the United States and Mexico, thence via said inter-national line to the Gulf of Mexico, thence via said Gulf to the point of beginning, including business between points on the boundary line as described.

2. All freight traffic originating within the territory first defined in the first section when destined to points east of the aforesaid Missouri river line.

## ARTICLE 2.

- 1. The association shall by unanimous vote elect a chairman of the organization. The chairman may be removed by a two-thirds vote of the members.
- 2. There shall be regular meetings of the association at Kansas City, unless notice shall be given by the chairman that the business to be transacted does not warrant calling the members together, which notice shall be given not less than four days before the day set for the meeting. When a meeting, regular or special, is convened it shall be incumbent upon each party hereto to be represented by some officer authorized to act definitely upon any and all questions to be considered. Each road person shall designate to the chairman one maximum members who shall be held personally responsible for rates on that road. Such person shall be present at all regular meetings when possible and shall represent his read unless a superior officer is present. If unable to attend he shall send a substitute with written authority to act upon all questions which may arise and the vote of such substitute shall be binding upon the company he represents.

- 3. A committee shall be appointed to establish rates, rules and regulations on the traffic subject to this association and to consider changes therein and make rules for meeting the competition of outside lines. Their conclusion, when unanimous, shall be made effective when they so order, but if they differ, the question at issue shall be referred to the managers of the lines parties hereto, and if they disagree, it shall be arbitrated in the manner provided in Article 7.
- 4. At least five days written notice prior to each monthly meeting shall be given the chairman of any proposed reduction in rates, or change in any rule or regulation governing freight traffic.
- 5. At each monthly meeting the association shall consider and vote upon all changes proposed of which due vnotice has been given, and all parries shall be bound by the decision of the association so expressed, unless then and there the parties shall give the association definite written notice that in ten days thereafter they shall make such modification notwithstanding the vote of the association, provided that if the giving motice of the change shall fail to be represented at the meeting, no action shall be taken on its notice, and the same shall be considered withdrawn. Should any member insist upon a reduction of rate against the views of the majority, or if the majority favor the same, and if in the judgment of said majority the rate so made affects seriously the rates upon other traffic, then the association may by a majority vote upon such traffic put in effect corresponding rates to take effect upon the same day. By unanimous consent any rate, rule or regulation relating to freight traffic may be modified at any meeting of the association without previous notice.
- 6. Notwithstanding anything in this article contained each member may, at its peril, make at any time without previous notice such rate, rule or regulation as may be necessary to meet the competition of lines not members of the association, giving at the same time notice to the chair man of its action in the premises. If the chairman up-an investigation shall decide that such rate is not necessary to meet competition of lines not members of the association, and shall so notify the road making the rate, it shall immediately withdraw such rate. At the next meeting of

the association held after the making of such rate it shall be reported to the association, and if the association shall decide by a two-thirds we vote that such rate was not made in good faith to meet such competition, the member offending shall be subject to the penalty provided in section 8 of this article. If the association shall decide by a two-thirds vote that such rate was made in good faith to meet such competition it shall be considered as authority for the rate so made.

- 7. All agreements with connecting lines for a division of through rates relating to traffic covered by this agreement shall be made by authority of the association, provided, however, that when one read has a proprietary interest in another, the division of such rates shall be what they may elect and shall not be the property of the association. Provided further that as regards traffic contracts at this date actually existing between lines not having common proprietary interest the same shall be reported so far as the divisions are concerned to the association, to the end that divisions with competing lines, may, if thought advisable by them, the made on equally favorable terms.
- 8. That if any member shall reduce any rate or change any rule or regulation relating to freight traffic, except as herein provided, it shall be subjected to a penalty of \$166 for each offence to be assessed by the chairman and paid to the association. If any line party hereto agrees with the shipper, or anyone else, to secure a reduction or change in rates or change in the rules and regulations, and it is shown upon investigation that such arrangement was effected and traffic thereby secured, such action shall subject said party to the same penalty as would an actual unauthorized reduction of rates or change in the rules and regulations.

(Which said section has been amended to read as follows:)

8. It shall be the duty of the chairman to investigate all apparent violations of the agreement and to report his finding to the managers, who shall determine by a majority vote (a member against whom complaint is made to have no vote) what, if any penalty shall be assessed, the amount of each fine not to exceed \$100, to be paid to the association. If any line party hereto agrees with the shipper, or anyone else, to secure a

the association held after the making of such rate it shall be reported to the association, and if the association shall decide by a two-thirds we vote that such rate was not made in good faith to meet such competition, the member offending shall be subject to the penalty provided in section 8 of this article. If the association shall decide by a two-thirds vote that such rate was made in good faith to meet such competition it shall be considered as authority for the rate so made.

- 7. All agreements with connecting lines for a division of through rates relating to traffic covered by this agreement shall be made by authority of the association, provided, however, that when one road has a proprietary interest in another, the division of such rates shall be what they may elect and shall not be the property of the association. Provided further that as regards traffic contracts at this date actually existing between lines not having common proprietary interest the same shall be reported so far as the divisions are concerned to the association, to the end that divisions with competing lines, may, if thought advisable by them, be made on equally favorable terms:
- 8. That if any member shall reduce any rate or change any rule or regulation relating to freight traffic, except as herein provided, it shall be subjected to a penalty of \$100 for each offence to be assessed by the chairman and paid to the association. If any line party hereto agrees with the shipper, or anyone else, to secure a reduction or change in rates or change in the rules and regulations, and it is shown upon investigation that such arrangement was effected and traffic thereby secured, such action shall subject said party to the same penalty as would an actual unauthorized reduction of rates or change in the rules and regulations.

(Which said section has been amended to read as follows:)

8. It shall be the duty of the chairman to investigate all apparent violations of the agreement and to report his finding to the managers, who shall determine by a majority vote (a member against whom complaint is made to have no vote) what, if any penalty shall be assessed, the amount of each fine not to exceed \$160, to be paid to the association. If any line party hereto agrees with the shipper, or anyone else, to secure a

reduction or change of rates or change in the rules and regulations, and it is shown upon investigation by the chairman that such an arrangement was effected and traffic thereby secured, such action shall be reported to the managers who shall determine as above provided what, if any penalty, shall be assessed.

RESCLVED, That the chairman has authority to examine all books, papers and contracts relating to traffiv covered by this agreement, and for the purpose of ascertaining if violations of the same exist that the chairman may conduct such examination in any manner he may elect.

- 9. When a penalty shall be declared against any member of this association the chairman shall notify the manager of such company that such fine has been assessed and that within ten days thereafter he will draw for the same amount of the fine, and the draft when presented shall be henored by the company thus assessed.
- association, the effending party not to be benefitted by the amounts it may pay as fine.

ARTICLE 3.

The duties and powers of the chairman shall be as follows:

- 1. He shall preside at all meetings of the association and make and keep a record thereof and promulgate such proceedings as may be necessary to inform the parties hereto of the action taken by the association.
- 2. He shall at all times keep and publish for the use of the members a full record of the rates, rules and regulations prevailing on all lines parties hereto on business covered by this agreement, and each ofm the members hereto agrees to furnish such member copies of the rates, rules and regulations issued by it as the chairman may require.
- 3. He shall construe this agreement and all resolutions adopted thereunder, his construction to be binding until changed by a majority vote of the association.
- 4. He shall publish in convenient form all rates, rules and or regulations which are general in their character and apply throughout the territory of the association and shall also publish in the manner above but a rates, rules or regulations applying on traffic common to two

or more lines as may be agreed upon by the lines in interest.

- 5. He shall be furnished with copies of all way-bills for freight carried under this agreement when called for, and shall furnish such statistics as may be necessary to give members general information as to traffic moved Subject to the provisions of the Inter-State Commerce Railway Association agreement as to lines members thereof.
- 6. He shall render to each member of the association monthly statements of the expenses of the association showing the proportions due from
  each and shall make \* drafts upon the members for the different amounts
  thus shown to be due.
- 7. He shall hear and determine all charges of violations of this agreement and assess, collect and dispose of fines for such violations as provided for herein.
- 8. The chairman shall be empowered to authorize lines in the association to meet the rates of any other lines or other lines in the association when in his judgment such action is justified by the circumstances.

  Into, nowever, not to a such action is justified by the circumstances.

  The chairman shall be empowered to authorize lines in the association when in his judgment such action is justified by the circumstances.
- 9. Only parties interested shall vote upon questions arising under the agreement, and in case of doubt the chairman shall decide as to whether any party is so interested or not, subject to appeal as provided by section 3 of Article 3 of the agreement.

ARTICLE Ang and between

Any willful under-billing in weights or billing freight at wrong classification shall be considered a violation of this agreement, and the rules and regulations of any weighing association or inspection bureau as established by it or as enforced by its efficers and agents shall be considered binding under the provisions of this agreement, and any willful violation of them shall be subject to the penalties provided herein.

ARTICLE 8.

This agreement shall take effect April 1,1889, subject thereafter to thirty days notice of a desire on the part of any line to withdraw or amend the same." That there were other articles of said association,

set forth in the foregoing articles, terms and conditions. That your orator is informed and believes that said articles have been amended in some particulars, the exact nature of which amendments your orator is and touch lained and that further than the first forth in the lained and that the general powers of the terms and conditions of said agreement have not been changed or materially altered but still remain in full force and effect as above set forth.

And your orator further avers that on said 1st day of April, 1889, said agreement did take effect and that from and after said 1st day of April, 1889, by reason of said agreement and by reason of the combination of all of said defendants in said association and by reason of the operation of said Articles of agreement, and under duress of the fines and penalties threatened by the articles of said agreement, each and all of said defendants have put into effect and kept in force upon their several lines of railroad the rules and regulations and rates and prices for and of the many many freight fixed and established by said association, and have declined and refused at all times to fix, establish and maintain or give on their said railroads rates and prices for the carriage of freight based upon the cost of constructing and maintaining their several lines of railroad and the cost of carrying freights over the same, and such other elements as should be considered in establishing tariff rates upon each particular road, and the people of the States and Territories subject to said association and all persons engaged in the among and believen and Territories have been compelled te, and are still compelled to pay the arbitrary rates of freight and submit to the arbitrary rules and regulations established and maintained by said association, and ever since said date have been, and still are deprived of the benefits that might be expected to flow from free competition between said several lines of transportation and communication, and bitter deprived of the facilities and cheaper rates of freight that might be reasonably expected to flow from free competition between said lines of transportation and communication, and that the trade, traffic and commerce among and between the States and Territories in said region of country and the freight traffic in connection with said freight and commerce are

monopolized and restrained, hindered, injured and retarded by said defendants by means of and through the instrumentality of said Trans-Misscuri Freight Association.

And your orator further avers that on the 2d day of July, 1890, an Act entitled "An Act to protect trade and commerce against unlawful restraints and monopolies" was duly enacted and adopted by the Congress of the United States and became a law governing said defendants in carrying on the freight traffic in connection with and appertaining to trade and commerce between the States and Territories lying within the region of country subject to said freight association and in all respects applicable to the traffic in which said defendants were and are engaged and that said association is in violation of said act. and notwithstanding the fact that said association and the articles thereof is in direct violation of the terms of said act of Congress, said defendants still continue in, and Still engage in said unlawful Combination and Conspirace, and still maintain said Trans-Missouri Freight Association with all the powers specified in the memorandum of agreement and Articles of association hereinbefore set forth, which said agreement, combination and conspiracy se as aforesaid entered into and maintained by said defendants is of great injury and gracious prejudice to the common and public good and to the welfare of the people of the United States.

In consideration whereof, and inasmuch as your erator can only have adequate relief in the premises in this honorable court where matters of this nature are properly cognizable and relievable, your orator prays that this honorable court may order, adjudge and decree that said Trans-Missouri Freight Association be dissolved, and that said defendants, and all and each of them, be enjoined and prohibited from further sarrying egreeing, combining and conspiring together to maintain rules and regulations and grates for carrying freight upon their several lines of railroad to hinder trade and commerce between the States and Territories of the United States, and that all and each of them, be enjoined and prohibited from entering or continuing in a combination, association or conspiracy to deprive the people engaged in trade and commerce between and among the States and Territories of the United States of such facilities and rates

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and charges of freight transportation as will be afforded by free and unrestrained competition between the said several lines of railroad, and that all and each of said defendants be enjoined and prohibited from agreeing, combining and conspiring together to monopolize, or attempt to monopolize the freight traffic in the trade and commerce between the States and Territories of the United States, and that all and each of said defendants be enjoined and prohibited from agreeing, combining and and acting conspiring together to prevent each and any of their associates from carrying freight and commodities in the trade and commerce between the States and Territories of the United States at such rates as shall be veluntarily fixed by the officers and agents of each of said reads acting independently and seperately in its own behalf. To the end, therefore, that said defendants may, if they can, show why your orator should not have the relief hereby prayed, and may, according to their best and utmost knowledge, remembrance, information and belief, full, true, but not under outh, answer under outh being specially wawed this direct and perfect answer make to each and all matters and things in this d natition contained and that as fully and as particularly as if the same were here repeated paragraph by paragraph and they were specially May it please your honors to grant interrogated thereunto severally. to your orator a writ of subpoena ad respondendum issuing out of and under the seal of this honorable court, to be directed to said defendants, and each of them, commanding them on a certain day and under a certain penalty, to be therein inserted, to appear before your honors in this honorable court and then and there full, true, direct and perfect answer make to all and singular the premises, and, further, to stand to, perform and abide

by such further order or decree as to your honors shall seem meet, and

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your orator as in duty bound will ever pray.

United States Attorney and Solicitor for complainant

In the bircuit bourt of the US. Dist of Kausas. The wes. The Trans- Missour Freight Association. etas Bils of complaint.